SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008

OR

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-31666

FIRST ADVANTAGE CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 61-1437565 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

12395 First American Way

Poway, California 92064 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(727) 214 2411

(727) 214-3411 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Class A Common Stock (Title of each class) The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Name of each exchange on which registered)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes \Box No \boxtimes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (Section 229.405) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer \square Smaller reporting company \square Accelerated filer \boxtimes

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

The aggregate market value of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates was \$140,949,436 million as of June 30, 2008.

There were 11,779,759 shares of outstanding Class A Common Stock of the registrant as of February 18, 2009.

There were 47,726,521 shares of outstanding Class B Common Stock of the registrant as of February 18, 2009.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement related to the 2009 annual meeting of stockholders are incorporated by reference in Part III of this report. The definitive proxy statement will be filed no later than 120 days after the close of the registrant's fiscal year.

CERTAIN STATEMENTS IN THIS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K, INCLUDING THOSE RELATING TO RELATIONSHIPS WITH DATA SUPPLIERS, TERMINATION OF SUPPLIER RELATIONSHIPS, PRODUCT DEMAND, ACQUISITION TARGETS, INTERNATIONAL MARKETS, LITIGATION, EXPENSES, AND CASH FLOW AND LIQUIDITY ARE FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 27A OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 AND SECTION 21E OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES EXIST THAT MAY CAUSE RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE SET FORTH IN THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE THE ANTICIPATED RESULTS TO DIFFER FROM THOSE DESCRIBED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INCLUDE: GENERAL VOLATILITY OF THE CAPITAL MARKETS AND THE MARKET PRICE OF THE COMPANY'S CLASS A COMMON STOCK; THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO SUCCESSFULLY RAISE CAPITAL; THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO IDENTIFY AND COMPLETE ACQUISITIONS AND SUCCESSFULLY INTEGRATE BUSINESSES IT ACQUIRES; CHANGES IN APPLICABLE GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS; THE DEGREE AND NATURE OF THE COMPANY'S COMPETITION; INCREASES IN THE COMPANY'S EXPENSES; CONTINUED CONSOLIDATION AMONG THE COMPANY'S COMPETITORS AND CUSTOMERS; UNANTICIPATED TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES AND REQUIREMENTS; THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO IDENTIFY SUPPLIERS OF QUALITY AND COST-EFFECTIVE DATA; AND OTHER FACTORS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 1A "RISK FACTORS" AND ELSEWHERE HEREIN THIS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K. THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SPEAK ONLY AS OF THE DATE THEY ARE MADE. THE COMPANY DOES NOT UNDERTAKE TO UPDATE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS TO REFLECT CIRCUMSTANCES OR EVENTS THAT OCCUR AFTER THE DATE THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE MADE.

PART I

Item 1. Business.

Our Company

First Advantage Corporation ("First Advantage," the "Company" or "We") is an international provider of risk mitigation and business solutions. Our Company was formed in the June 5, 2003 merger with The First American Corporation's ("First American") screening technology division and US SEARCH.com Inc. ("US Search"). On June 6, 2003, First Advantage's Class A common stock commenced trading on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq") under the symbol "FADV."

Prior to June 5, 2003, our activities were limited to participation in the business combination transaction contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated December 13, 2002 ("Merger Agreement") by and among First American, US Search, First Advantage and Stockholm Seven Merger Corp.

On June 5, 2003, HireCheck, Inc., Employee Health Programs, Inc., SafeRent, Inc., Substance Abuse Management, Inc., American Driving Records, Inc. and First American Registry, Inc., each formerly a wholly-owned subsidiary of First American and collectively comprising the First American Screening Technology ("FAST") division, and US Search, a public company whose common shares were, until June 5, 2003, traded on Nasdaq under the symbol "SRCH," became wholly-owned operating subsidiaries of First Advantage.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, on June 5, 2003, First American received First Advantage Class B common stock representing approximately 80% of the economic interest and 98% of the voting interest of First Advantage. The former shareholders of US Search exchanged their outstanding shares of US Search common stock for First Advantage Class A common stock representing, in the aggregate, approximately 20% of the economic interest and 2% of the voting interest in First Advantage.

On September 14, 2005, the Company acquired First American's Credit Information Group ("CIG") Business under the terms of the master transfer agreement. First Advantage purchased the CIG Business and related businesses with 29,073,170 shares of its Class B common stock. The acquisition of the CIG Business by

First Advantage was a transaction between businesses under common control of First American. As such, First Advantage recorded the assets and liabilities of the CIG Business at historical cost. Historical financial statements of First Advantage have been restated to include results of operations of the CIG Business at historical costs. As of December 31, 2008, First American owned approximately 74% of the economic interest and approximately 91% of the voting interest of First Advantage. Subject to certain restrictions, First American may at any time convert its shares of our Class B common stock into shares of Class A common stock on a one to one conversion ratio.

Business of First Advantage

Our operations are organized into six business segments: Lender Services, Data Services, Dealer Services, Employer Services, Multifamily Services, and Investigative and Litigation Support Services.

A summary of our service revenue, income (loss) from operations, and assets for our segments is found in Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8, which is included herein by reference.

Lender Services

The Lender Services segment provides specialized credit reports for mortgage lenders throughout the United States. The Company believes that it is the largest provider of credit reports to the United States mortgage lending industry, based on the number of credit reports issued. In preparing its merged credit reports for mortgage lenders, the Company obtains credit reports from at least two of the three United States primary credit bureaus, merges and summarizes the credit reports, and delivers its report in a standard format acceptable to mortgage loan originators and secondary mortgage purchasers. Our Lender Services segment accounted for approximately 18% of our service revenue in 2008.

Demand for our Lender Services products usually decreases in November and December due to the holidays and related decrease in home buying activity. The current economic downturn has caused decreased service revenue in the Lender Services segment related to the mortgage industry. Management expects continued weakness in the real estate and mortgage markets to continue impacting this segment. Given this outlook, management is focusing on expense reductions, operating efficiencies, and increasing market share throughout the Company.

Data Services

First Advantage's Data Services segment offers motor vehicle records, transportation industry credit reporting, criminal records reselling, specialty finance credit reporting, consumer credit reporting services and lead generation. Our Data Services segment accounted for approximately 20% of our service revenue in 2008.

Our motor vehicle record services provide customers with automated access to motor vehicle records from all 50 states and the District of Columbia. Independent insurance agents operating in the United States represent the core of the customer base for this product, which they use for underwriting purposes. Employers also utilize the product to manage risk associated with employees that require the use of a vehicle in the performance of their duties. For most customers, we receive and fulfill orders through our proprietary Comprise/ZapApp[®] software, which allows the customer to integrate the process of obtaining motor vehicles reports with other processes utilized by the customer.

As part of the offerings of this segment, we also provide trucking companies with access to a database of payment practice records on more than 60,000 transportation brokers and shippers in North America, which is comprised of client-contributed accounts receivables and public records data. Subscribing clients utilize the Company's services to evaluate the nonpayment (or slow payment) risk of shippers and brokers before agreeing



to transport cargo on credit. Additionally, we offer transportation consulting services that are designed to address and resolve asset management and compliance problems for owners and operators of truck fleets.

Demand for our motor vehicle records products usually decreases in November and December as a result of reductions in the insurance and employment markets.

The Company also provides specialized credit reports direct to consumers. These reports may be derived from credit reports obtained from one or more of the three United States credit bureaus and may be specially formatted for ease of use by the creditor or to facilitate interpretation by a consumer.

Our specialty finance credit reporting business, Teletrack, provides credit reports derived from its proprietary database. The Company believes Teletrack is the largest provider of credit reports focusing on specialty borrowers in the United States, based on the number of reports issued. Its primary customers include pay-day loan, rent-to-own retailers and similar types of creditors. Demand for our specialty finance credit products usually increases in November and December due to the holidays and increased consumer spending. In turn, the business generally experiences a decrease in demand in the first quarter due to tax return refunds, thereby decreasing the need for payday loans.

Our lead generation business is a provider of performance-based, internet marketing solutions connecting our clients directly to customers buying through the web. Its primary service offerings are sales lead generation, list management and affiliate network marketing. Customers include a wide variety of companies ranging from medium-sized businesses to Fortune 500 companies, including many service providers in the specialty and personal finance markets.

The current economic downturn has caused decreased service revenue in the Data Services segment related to lead generation, transportation and specialty finance businesses. Management expects continued weakness in the real estate and mortgage markets to continue impacting the Company's lead generation, transportation and specialty credit businesses in the Data Services segment. Given this outlook, management is focusing on expense reductions, operating efficiencies, and increasing market share throughout the Company.

Dealer Services

The Dealer Services segment provides specialized credit reports, and automotive lead generation services to auto dealers and lenders. These reports may be derived from credit reports obtained from one or more of the three United States credit bureaus and may be specially formatted for ease of use by the creditor or to facilitate interpretation by a consumer. The segment provides comprehensive solutions that help organizations meet their lending, leasing and other consumer credit automation needs. By delivering innovative systems, services and data solutions, the Company helps companies reduce risk, decrease costs and improve service. The current economic downturn has caused decreased service revenue in the Dealer Services segment related to reduced automobile and truck sales. Our Dealer Services segment accounted for approximately 12% of our service revenue in 2008.

Our Dealer Services segment generally experiences seasonality close to the end of the year, which is attributed to the holidays and consumer focus diverted from car sales.

Employer Services

First Advantage's Employer Services segment helps thousands of companies in the United States and abroad manage risk with our employment screening, occupational health, tax incentive services and hiring solutions. Our Employer Services segment accounted for approximately 29% of our service revenue in 2008.

Our employment screening services generate reports about a prospective employee's criminal record, motor vehicle violations, credit standing and involvement in civil litigation. We also make inquiries of provided references and former employers, verify educational credentials and licenses, verify social security numbers and check industry specific records. A customer can order any of these and other related services individually, as a

package with our other employment screening products or with other products we offer. Depending on a customer's preference, orders may be placed and fulfilled directly from the Company, through a secure Internet connection, software, facsimile or through third party vendors.

Our occupational health products generally involve the design and management of drug free workplace programs, including provision for the collection and testing of specimens and interpretation of the results. We also provide physical examination services to employers. Reports of our findings are generally delivered through a secure Internet connection or through other direct means. We also develop and manage employee assistance programs, which provide our customers' employees with access to confidential counseling services and other resources to assist with personal issues that may affect workplace productivity. These programs cover a wide range of personal and workplace issues, including alcohol and drug abuse, marital problems, family matters, bereavement management, depression, stress, retirement and downsizing. First Advantage's employee assistance programs also provide employers with a number of corporate-focused services, including management counseling, critical incident stress management programs, organizational change consulting and intensive specialty training on issues such as violence in the workplace.

Our tax incentive services specialize in identifying primarily employment-related tax incentive programs available under both federal and state legislation, and processing the paperwork required to capture such tax incentives and credits.

Our hiring solutions group provides skill assessment, recruiting, and hiring systems to manage job applicants. We provide an applicant tracking system to customers to track job applicants from the initial stages of job requisition development through the hiring and on-board process. We can also provide the complete outsourcing of the recruitment process.

Our professional employer organization provides comprehensive outsourced management of payroll and human resource management for its clients.

Our employment screening, occupational health services and hiring solutions generally experience seasonality near year-end, which is attributed to decreases in hiring. Our tax incentive services group's ability to obtain certain tax credits, such as the Work Opportunity Tax Credit ("WOTC") program or a similar program, is dependent upon the passage of federal legislation that generally must be renewed every one or two years. The WOTC program was renewed for two years in fourth quarter 2006 for employees hired after December 31, 2005 and before January 1, 2008. The WOTC program was renewed again in the second quarter of 2007 through August 31, 2011.

The effect of the issues in the real estate and related credit markets and other macroeconomic matters has resulted in higher unemployment rates negatively impacting the volumes in the Employer Services segment. Given this outlook, management is focusing on expense reductions, operating efficiencies, and increasing market share throughout the Company.

Multifamily Services

First Advantage's Multifamily Services segment helps thousands of companies in the United States manage risk with resident screening services. Our Multifamily Services segment accounted for approximately 10% of our service revenue in 2008.

Our resident screening offerings generate reports containing information about a prospective renter's eviction record, lease and payment performance history, credit standing, references and criminal records to residential property managers and owners operating in the United States. Depending on a customer's needs, our reports may contain one or any combination of these pieces of information. In serving our customers, we may draw on our database of landlord-tenant records, which is the largest of its kind in the United States, and our

database of criminal conviction information, which is one of the largest for use in resident screening in the United States. We also offer a scoring product, which assesses risk of default by a prospective renter based on a statistical scoring model developed exclusively for the multifamily housing industry. Customers generally order and receive the segment's resident screening products through a secure Internet connection or through proprietary software.

Our resident screening products experience seasonality declines during the winter months from November to March.

Investigative and Litigation Support Services

The Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment provides corporate litigation and investigative services. Products and services provided by the segment include: computer forensics, electronic discovery, due diligence reports and other high level investigations. Our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment accounted for approximately 11% of our service revenue in 2008.

Within this segment we provide services that assist our customers in business, legal and financial matters, including investigations and litigation arising from trade secret theft, software infringement, financial fraud, employee malfeasance and unfair competition. The segment employs computer forensic and electronic discovery experts and consultants in its bi-coastal state-of-the-art laboratories. We also offer due diligence services for a variety of purposes and have a specialized database of hedge fund managers. Increased emphasis on corporate integrity and compliance, following the wave of corporate scandals and the resulting litigation, has driven growth in the segment's business.

Historical Growth

Prior to the June 5, 2003 mergers, HireCheck, Employee Health Programs, SafeRent, Substance Abuse Management, American Driving Records and First American Registry, now wholly-owned subsidiaries of First Advantage, were wholly-owned subsidiaries of First American and made up the FAST division.

In the late 1990s, First American initiated a diversification strategy which called for, among other things, the combination of one of its core competencies —data management and analysis—with businesses that are counter-cyclical to its long-standing real estate related products and services. First American also sought businesses that were complementary to its rapidly growing credit reporting business, First American CREDCO. First American management initially focused on the background screening industry—an information-intensive business with a heavy demand for credit reports and a relatively tangential tie to the real estate market.

In September 1998, First American began its entry into the employee screening industry by acquiring HireCheck. HireCheck, headquartered in St. Petersburg, Florida, and now referred to as First Advantage Background Services Corporation, is today the principal subsidiary through which our Employer Services segment provides employment screening services. In the same month, First American also entered the resident screening industry by acquiring First American Registry, now known as First Advantage SafeRent, headquartered in Rockville, Maryland. First Advantage SafeRent, which we believe to be the largest resident screening company in the United States, is today the principal subsidiary through which our Multifamily Services segment provides resident screening products.

Continuing its efforts to provide a comprehensive set of risk management tools to its customers, in August 2001 First American entered the occupational health services business by acquiring Milwaukee, Wisconsin-based Substance Abuse Management.

Five months later, in January 2002, First American further added to the menu of services offered by the FAST division by acquiring American Driving Records, a Rancho Cordova, California-based provider of motor

vehicle reports. One of the largest competitors in its industry, American Driving Records brought to the FAST division not only a formidable player in a key area of the risk management industry, but also enhanced the division's access to the motor vehicle records of almost every state in the United States. With American Driving Records, First American purchased ZapApp India Private Limited, a Bangalore, India-based private limited company that provides technology services to American Driving Records and now to all of First Advantage.

In an effort to improve the profitability of the companies then comprising the FAST division, in the second quarter of 2001 First American reorganized the division's management structure by dedicating a single management group to the oversight of all operations. By emphasizing the group as a whole, First American believed this reorganization effort would position the FAST division to pursue cross-selling opportunities, take advantage of mutual supplier relationships and leverage technological developments and resources across the entire division. It also hoped to focus management on efforts to improve the division's operating margins by increasing the volume of transactions performed using the division's existing systems, whether through internal sales growth or by acquiring businesses with complementary product offerings. In January 2002, First American formally created the FAST division and began reporting the division as a segment in its financial statements.

Strategic Acquisitions Following the 2001 Reorganization

First American supplemented the division's employee background screening operations by acquiring Factual Business Information, Inc., headquartered in Miami, Florida, in August 2001 and Pretiem Corporation, headquartered in Princeton Junction, New Jersey, in December of 2001. These acquisitions provided the division with an expanded customer base for employee screening services in three important employment markets: the Miami metropolitan area, New Jersey and New York State.

In the last quarter of 2002, the FAST division completed acquisitions of Employee Health Programs in October and SafeRent in November.

A competitor of Substance Abuse Management, the Bethesda, Maryland-based Employee Health Programs brought critical volume to the FAST division's occupational health business. Through the acquisition of Employee Health Programs, the FAST division also expanded the scope of its existing services to include employee assistance programs, which are designed to help troubled employees resolve personal issues that can affect workplace productivity. Employee Health Programs and Substance Abuse Management, now known as First Advantage Occupational Health Services Corporation, are today the principal subsidiaries through which the Employer Services segment provides occupational health services.

SafeRent, headquartered in Denver, Colorado, brought additional key customers to the FAST division's resident screening business and increased the division's penetration in key markets, in particular markets in the western United States.

June 5, 2003 Mergers

In the June 5, 2003 mergers, the companies comprising the FAST division and US Search combined under one umbrella. US Search brough to First Advantage not only many important employment screening customers through its Professional Resource Screening, Inc. subsidiary, but also an opportunity to pursue a new market—consumers—with specially tailored versions of our existing products. Ultimately, Professional Resource Screening was combined with the other companies in our Employer Services segment.

September 14, 2005 Acquisition

On September 14, 2005, the Company acquired First American's CIG Business under the terms of the master transfer agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, First American and its First American Real Estate Solutions ("FARES") joint venture contributed their mortgage, automotive, consumer and specialty finance

credit businesses to First Advantage in exchange for 29,073,170 shares of First Advantage Class B common stock. The acquisition of the CIG Business by First Advantage was a transaction between businesses under common control of First American. As such, First Advantage recorded the assets and liabilities of the CIG Business at historical cost. Historical financial statements of First Advantage have been restated to include results of operations of the CIG Business at historical costs.

Strategic Acquisitions

Since becoming a public company in June 2003, we have actively pursued our acquisition strategy. In August 2003, we acquired two employment background screening companies, Liberatore Services, Inc. and Total Information Source, Inc., and an occupational health services company, Continental Compliance Systems. In September 2003 we further expanded our occupational health services with the acquisition of Employee Information Services, Inc. In that same month, we acquired Omega Insurance Services, Inc., which brought a new investigative services product to First Advantage. In November 2003 we made three acquisitions: occupational health services company Greystone Health Sciences Corporation; MedTech Diagnostics, Inc., a provider of both occupational health services and employment screening services; and Agency Records, Inc., a provider of motor vehicle records. In December 2003, we acquired Credential Check & Personnel Services, Inc., an employment screening company.

During the first quarter of 2004, the Company acquired Quantitative Risk Solutions LLC, Proudfoot Reports Incorporated, MVR's, Inc., Background Information Systems, Inc., Infocheck Ltd. and Landlord Protect, Inc. During the second quarter of 2004, the Company acquired U.D. Registry, Inc., CoreFacts, LLC, Realeum, Inc., and CIC Enterprises, Inc. During the third quarter 2004, the Company acquired BackTrack Reports, Inc. and National Background Data, LLC. During the fourth quarter 2004, the Company acquired Business Tax Credit Corporation d/b/a The Alameda Company and Compute Credit Services, Inc.

The Company acquired fifteen companies in 2005. In the second quarter of 2005, the Company acquired Bar None, Inc, a provider of credit-based lead generation, processing and tracking services, which is included in our Dealer Services segment. In the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company acquired majority interest in LeadClick Media Inc, an online lead generation and marketing company. This company is included in our Data Services segment. In 2005, we acquired two businesses from Experian. They were Experian RES and Credit Data Services, both were added to our Lender Services segment. Throughout the year, we added six companies to our Employer Services segment, including ITax Group, Inc., Quest Research Group, LTD, Recruiternet, Inc., Road Manager Financial Services, Inc., TruStar Solutions, Inc., and majority interest in PrideRock Holding Company, Inc. Recruiternet, Inc. and TruStar Solutions, Inc. together became our hiring solutions group. Three companies were added to our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment in 2005. They were Data Recovery Services, Inc., Phoenix Research Corporation, and True Data Partners. We also acquired The Info Center and Jenark Business Systems, Inc. which both are included in our Multifamily Services segment.

The Company acquired eleven companies in 2006. Nine of those acquisitions, SkillCheck Inc., National Data Verification Services, Brooke Consulting, HR Logix LLC, Inquest, Inc., Accufacts Pre-Employment Screening, Inc., DecisionHR USA, Inc., Refsure Worldwide Pty LTD, and Single Source Services, Inc. are included in our Employer Services Segment. Two of these, Evident Data, Inc. and DataSec UK Ltd are included in our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment.

The Company acquired two companies in 2007. In February 2007, the Company acquired R E Austin, Ltd. an international employment screening company which is included in the Employer Services segment. In December 2007, we acquired CredStar which is included in our Lender Services segment.

The Company acquired one company in 2008. In February 2008, the Company acquired Verify, Ltd. an international employment screening company which is included in the Employer Services segment.

Customers

First Advantage, through its subsidiaries, serves a wide variety of clients throughout the United States and abroad. The tens of thousands of customers served by First Advantage include nearly a quarter of those businesses comprising the Fortune 1000, leading mortgage lenders, automobile dealerships, real estate investment trusts and property management companies, many of the top providers of transportation services, insurance agents, the leading national law firms, and non-profit organizations. Dominant categories of customers vary depending on the type of service or product. For example, our credit reporting services are typically purchased by industry-leading mortgage and refinance lenders. Automobile dealerships nationwide buy our credit reports as well as our automotive lead generation services. Law firms nationwide utilize the computer forensics and e-discovery services we offer. Trucking companies are major consumers of our occupational health and transportation industry credit services. Multifamily housing property management companies and landlords of all sizes are represented in the resident screening business' customer base. Larger employers represent the predominant share of the employee background screening and tax incentive services clients. Individual consumers dominate the customer base for our consumer direct businesses. We derive approximately \$87.1 million of revenue from operations outside the United States and their related customers.

We have in excess of 80,000 customers. No single customer is responsible for 7 percent or more of our service revenue.

Suppliers

Data represents a key ingredient in most of our products. In obtaining such data, we draw upon a wide variety of sources, including governmental agencies, credit reporting agencies, competitors, customers, third parties which compile public record information and on-line search services. Many of our suppliers provide this data in electronic format. We do not anticipate the termination of any significant relationship with any of our data suppliers. We obtain some of our data from consumer credit reporting agencies. Any of these suppliers could stop supplying this data or could substantially increase their prices. Withholding this data could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

In connection with our occupational health services, we depend upon services provided by specimen collection agencies and laboratories. There is significant competition among suppliers of these services and, consequently, we do not believe the termination of our relationship with any of these suppliers would have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or operating results.

Governmental Regulation

Although generally our products or services do not require governmental approvals, our businesses are subject to various federal and state regulations that may impact our products and services. For example, the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act, the Drivers Privacy Protection Act, the CAN-SPAM Act, federal and state laws relating to drug testing, federal and state tax credit laws, state private investigator laws, federal and state laws regulating to residential-leasing and landlord services, federal and state laws regulating the hiring process, and various state laws regulating services that include disclosure of personal information.

Many state and local laws require certain of our subsidiaries and employees engaged in providing our investigative services products to be licensed as private investigators. Some state and local governments require the same with respect to our employee screening companies.

Historically, we have been able to comply with existing laws and regulations without incurring substantial costs or restrictions on our business.

Competition

A number of companies compete with our service offerings. First Advantage's most significant credit reporting services competitors are the three major credit repositories and Kroll Factual Data ("Kroll"). First Advantage's most significant national competitors in employment background verifications include ChoicePoint, Kroll, U.S. Investigative Services and ADP, although hundreds of local and regional competitors also exist. In occupational health services, we believe that we have only one significant nationwide competitor, ChoicePoint; however, there are a number of local and regional companies in the industry, as well. The addition of both applicant tracking systems ("ATS") and recruiting services brought new competitors into our mix. The ATS competitive field includes no dominant players, but rather, many small competitors focused on serving specific industries. Similarly, competition in recruiting is also very diverse and includes ATS companies, advertising agencies, job board companies, and in house recruiting departments. First Advantage's most significant national competitors in our tax incentive services include ADP, Talx and the Big 4 accounting firms, and other small regional companies operating in that market. The resident screening industry is fragmented, with only approximately eight other companies providing significant competition to First Advantage's business on a national level. In motor vehicle record services, there are approximately ten major competitors to First Advantage, the most predominant of which is ChoicePoint. Our transportation credit services business competes with three significant vendors. First Advantage's due diligence services compete with a handful of small boutiques, Kroll and two or three regional firms, across the country. Our computer forensics services mainly compete against the large litigation consulting practices, the Big 4 accounting firms, and Kroll. Our e-discovery business line also competes with Kroll, Electronic Evidence Discovery, and a handful of other top ti

Intellectual Property

First Advantage owns a number of items of intellectual property, including trademarks, tradenames, copyrights, patents, domain names and unregistered trade secrets. First Advantage is not dependent upon any single item of intellectual property.

Strategies for Future Growth of First Advantage

First Advantage believes that as the world becomes increasingly risky for individuals and organizations, demand for our products and services will grow. Our primary goal is to be well positioned to capture not only a substantial portion of the existing market, but also a substantial share of the expected growth. We intend to accomplish this goal in the following manner:

Pursue Strategic Acquisitions. We intend to continue pursuing acquisitions of companies that would enable us to enter new markets as well as increase our share of those markets in which we are already operating. We will pursue companies with assets that will enhance our ability to fulfill orders, including companies with proprietary databases containing information for use in our products or technology that would make order placement or product delivery more efficient. We also expect to pursue acquisition opportunities which would enable us to enter into related product fields. In 2008 and 2007, we expanded our international employment screening business with the acquisition of Verify, Ltd. and R E Austin, Ltd, respectively. In 2007, we also increased our market share in our Lender Services segment with the acquisition of CredStar. Our 2006 acquisitions of TruStar Solutions, Inc., Recruiternet, Inc., SkillCheck, Inc., and HR Logix, LLC. all applicant service companies, and our acquisition of Decision HR USA, Inc., a professional employer organization, are examples of our efforts to enter into related product fields. Our 2005 acquisitions of Phoenix Research Corporation and True Data Partners, allowed us to expand the breadth of our high-end investigative services, such as e-discovery and computer forensics, in our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment.

International Expansion. In second quarter 2005, we acquired Quest Research Ltd., the premier provider of employment screening services in India and East Asia. In fourth quarter 2005, the Company opened an employment screening office in Manila, Philippines to help serve the increasing overseas demand for screening by multinational corporations. In first quarter 2006, we acquired Brooke Consulting, a regional employment screening provider focused on Japan and Korea. In third quarter 2006, we acquired Refsure Worldwide Pty Ltd., a background screening company located in Sydney, Australia that provides services throughout Asia-Pacific. In 2007, we expanded our international employment screening business with the acquisition of R E Austin, Ltd. located in England. In 2008, we expanded our international employment screening business with the acquisition of Verify, Ltd. located in Asia Pacific. These strategic additions bolster the international employment screening operations of First Advantage, situating the Company to more effectively service multinational corporations' demands for these services. We intend to continue to pursue opportunities to offer our services outside the United States. Given the risks that face businesses around the world, we believe that international markets provide a substantial opportunity for growth. We expect that by expanding our offerings to other countries we will also enhance our ability to compete in the United States for the business of global companies.

Product Expansion. First Advantage continues to seek strategic methods of meeting unique customer and market segment needs by providing solutions through product expansion and the ability to bundle various product offerings. Our Lender Services segment has identified the need for alternative credit products in the non-traditional and emerging home loan markets. Additionally, our emergence into the lead generation industry will provide a conduit to bundle service offerings with our Dealer Services segment enabling First Advantage to bring new products and business solutions to meet our market segment needs.

Employees

We employ over 4,000 people. Of this number, approximately 1,700 are employed abroad.

Available Information

We maintain a website, www.fadv.com, which includes financial and other information for investors. Our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 are available through the investor relations page of our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Our website and the information contained therein or connected thereto are not intended to be incorporated into this annual report on Form 10-K, or any other filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission unless we expressly incorporate such materials.

The public can read and copy any materials the Company files with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington D.C. 20549. The public can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains an Internet site, www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

You should consider carefully the following risk factors, as well as the other information contained elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We face risks other than those listed here, including those that are unknown to us and others of which we may be aware but, at present, consider immaterial. Because of the following factors, as well as other variables affecting our operating results, past financial performance may not be a reliable indicator of future performance, and historical trends should not be used to anticipate results or trends in future periods.

Current difficult conditions in the mortgage and consumer credit industry, the increase in unemployment and the economy generally may materially adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our results of operations are materially affected by current U.S. and global economic conditions, including the challenging mortgage and consumer credit industry and the global increase in unemployment. Starting in 2008 and continuing in 2009, the U.S and global economy has undergone a sudden, sharp economic downturn following the recent housing downturn and subprime lending collapse. Global credit and capital markets have experienced unprecedented volatility and disruption, and business credit and liquidity have tightened in much of the world. Consumer confidence and spending are down significantly, and the rates of unemployment and underemployment are increasing. As a result of current economic conditions, including turmoil and uncertainty in the capital markets, credit markets have tightened significantly such that the ability to obtain new capital has become more challenging and more expensive. Several large financial institutions have either recently failed or been dependent on the assistance of the U.S. federal government to continue to operate as a going concern. These factors have precipitated an economic slowdown and fears of a severe recession. The resulting economic pressure on consumers and lack of confidence in the financial markets may adversely affect certain portions of our business and our financial condition and results of operations. Dramatic declines in the housing market in 2008 (with falling home prices, increasing foreclosures and the sub-prime lending crisis) negatively impacted the mortgage industry in 2008 and are expected to continue into 2009. This, in turn, negatively impacted our Lender Services segment. Similarly, the increasing rates of unemployment and underemployment have resulted in our customers delaying or decreasing their hiring activity, leading to a reduced demand for the products and services offered by our Employer Services segments. We do not expect that the difficult conditions are likely to improve in the near future. A worsening of these conditions would likely exac

We are controlled by First American and as a result other stockholders have little or no influence over matters submitted to our stockholders for consideration.

As a result of the June 5, 2003 mergers and our acquisition of First American's CIG and related businesses, First American and affiliates own 100% of our Class B common stock, which have ten votes per share compared to one vote per share of our Class A common stock. Consequently, First American and affiliates control over 97% of the total voting power of First Advantage and, therefore, First American has the right to control the outcome of any matter submitted for the vote or consent of First Advantage's stockholders, unless a separate class vote is required under Delaware law. First American has the voting power to control the election of our board of directors and is able to cause an amendment of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws. First American also may be able to cause changes in our business without seeking the approval of any other party. These changes may not be beneficial to us or in the best interest of our other stockholders. For example, First American has the power to prevent, delay or cause a change in control and could take other actions that might be favorable to First American, but not necessarily to other stockholders. Similarly, subject to restrictions contained in the standstill agreement entered into as part of the June 5, 2003 mergers, First American has the voting power to exercise a controlling influence over our business and affairs and has the ability to make decisions concerning such things as:

- mergers or other business combinations;
- purchases or sales of assets;
- offerings of securities;
- indebtedness that we may incur; and
- payments of any dividends.

We cannot assure you that First American's ownership of our common stock or its relationship with us will not have a material adverse effect on our overall business strategy or on the market price of our Class A common stock.

Under the Nasdaq corporate governance rules, if a single stockholder holds more than 50% of the voting power of a company, that company is considered a "controlled company." A controlled company is exempt from the Nasdaq rules requiring that a majority of the company's board of directors be independent directors and that the compensation and nomination committees be comprised solely of independent directors. As a controlled company, we have taken advantage of some of the exemptions afforded to controlled companies under the Nasdaq rules.

First American could sell its controlling interest in us or could be the subject of a merger and therefore we could eventually be controlled by an unknown third party.

Subject to certain restrictions, First American could elect to sell all or a substantial or controlling portion of its equity interest in us to a third party without offering to our other stockholders the opportunity to participate in the transaction. In addition, First American could be subject to a merger, if another party acquires First American's interest in us, or if another party acquires First American, that third party may be able to control us in the same manner that First American is able to control us. A sale to a third party also may adversely affect the market price of our Class A common stock because the change in control may result in a change in management decisions, business policy and our attractiveness to future investors.

We have a short operating history as an independent company.

Before June 5, 2003, we had no operating history as a separate public company. Due to this lack of operating history as a separate public company, there can be no assurance that our business strategy will be successful on a long-term basis. Several members of our management team had never operated a standalone public company prior to 2003.

We may need additional capital in order to finance operations or pursue acquisitions. There can be no assurance that we will be able to develop successfully the financial and managerial resources and structure necessary to operate as an independent public company, or that our available financing and anticipated cash flow from operations will be sufficient to meet all of our cash requirements.

We are dependent on information suppliers. If we are unable to manage successfully our relationships with a number of these suppliers, the quality and availability of our services may be harmed or could have a material adverse impact on our business.

We obtain some of the data used in our services from third party suppliers and government entities. If a number of suppliers are no longer able or are unwilling to provide us with certain data, we may need to find alternative sources. If we are unable to identify and contract with suitable alternative data suppliers and integrate these data sources into our service offerings, we could experience service disruptions, increased costs and reduced quality of our services. Additionally, if one or more of our suppliers terminates our existing agreements, there is no assurance that we will obtain new agreements with third party suppliers on terms favorable to us, if at all. Loss of such access or the availability of data in the future due to increased governmental regulation or otherwise could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We use social security numbers to generate certain reports. Social security numbers could become unavailable in the future because of changes in the law or because data suppliers decide not to supply them. If this information cannot be obtained in the future, we would be unable to generate reports as efficiently. Although names, addresses and dates of birth are used to generate reports, without the use of social security numbers, we believe that those reports would not be as complete or as accurate as the reports generated with social security numbers. Less complete or less accurate reports could adversely affect our business, financial position and results of operations. We obtain the credit header data in our databases from consumer credit reporting agencies. The data consists of names, addresses, social security numbers and dates of birth. Any of these suppliers could stop supplying this data or could substantially increase their prices. Withholding this data could materially adversely affect our business, financial position and results of operations.

We may be subject to increased regulation regarding the use of personal information.

Certain data and services we provide are subject to regulation under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Driver's Privacy Protection Act, and to a lesser extent, various other federal, state, and local laws and regulations. Compliance with existing federal, state and local laws and regulations has not had a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition to date. Nonetheless, federal, state and local laws and regulations in the United States designed to protect the public from the misuse of personal information in the marketplace and adverse publicity or potential litigation concerning the commercial use of such information may increasingly affect our operations and could result in substantial regulatory compliance expense, litigation expense and a loss of revenue.

We face significant security risks related to our electronic transmission of confidential information.

We rely on encryption and other technologies to provide system security to effect secure transmission of confidential or personal information. We may license these technologies from third parties. There is no assurance that our use of applications designed for data security, or that of third-party contractors will effectively counter evolving security risks. A security or privacy breach could:

- expose us to liability;
- increase our expenses relating to resolution of these breaches;
- deter customers from using our services; and
- deter suppliers from doing business with us.

Any inability to protect the security and privacy of our electronic transactions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

First Advantage may be adversely affected by high-profile events involving data theft at a number of information services companies.

Several information services companies that are competitors of First Advantage have been involved in high-profile events involving data theft. These incidents or similar data theft incidents in the future could impact First Advantage. In particular, these events could result in increased legal and regulatory scrutiny of the industry in general and specific information services companies in particular and changes in federal, state and local laws and regulations in the United States designed to protect the public from the misuse of personal information in the marketplace. Changes in the laws and adverse publicity or potential litigation concerning the commercial use of such information may affect First Advantage's operations and could result in substantial regulatory compliance expense, litigation expense and a loss of revenue.

We could face liability based on the nature of our services and the content of the materials provided which may not be covered by insurance.

We may face potential liability from individuals, government agencies or businesses for defamation, invasion of privacy, negligence, copyright, patent or trademark infringement and other claims based on the nature and content of the materials that appear or are used in our products or services. Insurance may not be available to cover claims of these types or may not be adequate to cover us for all risks to which we are exposed. Any imposition of liability, particularly liability that is not covered by insurance or is in excess of our insurance coverage, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We may not be able to pursue our acquisition strategy.

Our strategy historically has been to grow through acquisitions. For example, since January 1, 2006, we completed fourteen acquisitions. We may not be able to identify suitable acquisition candidates, obtain the

capital necessary to pursue our acquisition strategy or complete acquisitions on satisfactory terms. A number of our competitors also have adopted the strategy of expanding and diversifying through acquisitions. We likely will experience competition in our effort to execute on our acquisition strategy, and we expect the level of competition to increase. As a result, we may be unable to continue to make acquisitions or may be forced to pay more for the companies we are able to acquire.

The integration of companies we acquire may be difficult and may result in a failure to realize some of the anticipated potential benefits of our acquisitions.

When we acquire companies or businesses, we may not be able to integrate or manage these businesses so as to produce returns that justify the investment. Any difficulty in successfully integrating or managing the operations of the businesses could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity, and could lead to a failure to realize any anticipated synergies. Our management is required to dedicate substantial time and effort to the integration of our acquisitions. These efforts could divert management's focus and resources from other strategic opportunities and operational matters.

The continued success of the Credit Information Group is dependent on a number of factors, some of which may be beyond First Advantage's control.

A substantial proportion of the revenue of the Credit Information Group ("CIG") is derived from the resale to end users of credit reports provided exclusively by the three repositories of credit information in the United States. In certain transactions, such as those involving the resale of residential property, end users require the CIG to provide a credit report derived from merged information supplied by all three repositories. These repositories also sell credit reports directly to end users. There can be no assurance that a credit reports will not attempt to gain a competitive advantage over the CIG by increasing the price it charges the CIG for credit reports or by selling credit reports to end users at a lower price than the CIG can offer. Such practices may make the credit report products of the CIG less profitable or less attractive to end-users and, thus, may have a material adverse effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the CIG.

In addition, a portion of the CIG's revenues that may in the future be received under an outsourcing agreement with First American are dependent upon the performance of RELS, LLC ("RELS"), an entity that is managed and controlled by First American, and thus is beyond the control of First Advantage. The commercial arrangements under which RELS provides services and it derives revenues are based on agreements with RELS' single customer, which is the other member of RELS, whose interests may be different from and/or adverse to First Advantage. These underlying arrangements are terminable with little or no notice. Accordingly, there can be no assurances as to revenues, if any, that may in the future be received by First Advantage under the outsourcing agreement. The loss of such revenues could be material to First Advantage.

In connection with its acquisition of the CIG, First Advantage entered into a new services agreement under which First American agrees to provide a number of key services to First Advantage. Under this agreement, First American and its affiliates agree to serve as the exclusive resellers of credit reports and related services compiled by the CIG to the mortgage market. First American has agreed to provide these services for only a limited period of time, and there is no guarantee that First American will continue to provide these services to First Advantage following the expiration of the term of the applicable service under the amended and restated services agreement, or continue the price or other terms on which First American might be willing to do so. In addition, since the sale of CIG reports and services in the mortgage industry are made exclusively by First American, the sale of these reports and services will be in accordance with the terms of the amended and restated services agreement, and there can be no assurances as to the future amount of such sales or level of services beyond the term or in excess of the levels required under the services agreement.

Finally, demand for a substantial portion of the CIG's products generally decreases as the number of lending transactions in which the CIG's products are purchased decreases. Management of CIG has found that the



number of lending transactions in which the CIG's products are purchased decreases when interest rates are high, the supply of funds for borrowing are limited or the United States economy is weak. First Advantage believes that this trend could continue when these factors occur.

We may not be able to realize the entire book value of goodwill from acquisitions.

As of December 31, 2008, we have approximately \$731.4 million of goodwill. We have implemented the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," which requires that existing goodwill not be amortized, but instead be assessed annually for impairment or sooner if circumstances indicate a possible impairment. We monitor for impairment of goodwill on past and future acquisitions. In the event that the book value of goodwill is impaired, any such impairment would be charged to earnings in the period of impairment. The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and lower residual valuation multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First Americar; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss. *See Note* 5—*Goodwill and Intangible Assets for additional information regarding the impairment loss*. Due to significant volatility in the current markets, the Company's operations may be negatively impacted in the future to the extent that exposure to impairment losses may be increased. There can be no assurances that future impairment of goodwill under SFAS No. 142 will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. The goodwill valuation is performed by management.

We currently do not plan to pay dividends; however, as a controlled company we cannot assure that such a dividend will not be paid.

We intend to retain future earnings, if any, which may be generated from operations to help finance the growth and development of our business. However, First American has voting power to exercise a controlling influence on whether or not to declare the payment of a dividend in the future.

Our business depends on technology that may become obsolete.

We use the information technology to better serve our clients and reduce costs. This technology likely will change and may become obsolete as new technologies develop. Our future success will depend upon our ability to remain current with the rapid changes in the technologies used in our business, to learn quickly to use new technologies as they emerge and to develop new technology-based solutions as appropriate. If we are unable to do this, we could be at a competitive disadvantage. Our competitors may gain exclusive access to improved technology, which also could put us at a competitive disadvantage. If we cannot adapt to these changes, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be materially affected in an adverse manner.

Our Class A common stock has minimal liquidity due to its small public float.

Although as of December 31, 2008 there were approximately 59 million total shares of First Advantage common stock outstanding, approximately 74% are owned by First American, approximately 6% are owned by Experian and approximately 4% are held of record by FirstMark Capital, LLC (formerly know as Pequot Private Equity Fund II, L.P) ("First Mark"). Currently only approximately 16% of our issued and outstanding shares are freely transferable without restriction under the Securities Act. Accordingly, only a small number of shares of First Advantage actually trade—between January 1, 2008 and December 31, 2008 the average daily trading volume of our Class A common stock was approximately 87,000 shares per trading day. Consequently, our stockholders may have difficulty selling shares of our Class A common stock.

Significant stockholders may sell shares of our common stock that may cause our share price to fall.

Subject to certain restrictions, First American may at any time convert each of its shares of our Class B common stock shares of our Class A common stock on a one to one conversion ratio. First American, Experian or First Mark may transfer shares of our common stock in a privately-negotiated transaction or to affiliates or stockholders. Any transfers, sales or distributions by First American, Experian or First Mark of a substantial amount of our Class A common stock in the marketplace, or to stockholders, or the market perception that these transfers, sales or distributions could occur, could materially and adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our Class A common stock.

Conflict of interest may arise because certain of our directors and officers are also directors and officers of the Company's related parties.

Certain persons associated with the Company have a continuing relationship with related parties. Parker Kennedy, Chairman of the Board of First Advantage, also serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of First American and as an executive officer and board member of certain of its affiliates. Mr. Kennedy, currently associated with First American, was asked to serve as a director and officer of First Advantage because of his knowledge of, and experience with, our business and its operations. As such, he may have great influence on our business decisions. Mr. Kennedy owns stock, and options to acquire stock, of First American. Donald Robert, a director of First Advantage, is the Chief Executive Officer of Experian Group, a significant supplier of ours. Frank McMahon, a director of First Advantage, also serves as Vice Chairman of First American. Additionally, two of our directors, David Chatham and D. Van Skilling serve on the First American board.

These affiliations with both First American and First Advantage could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest when these directors are faced with decisions that could have different implications for First American and First Advantage.

We are a party to a stockholders agreement that may impact corporate governance.

First Advantage, First American and First Mark have entered into a stockholders agreement pursuant to which First American has agreed to vote as many of its shares in First Advantage as is necessary to ensure that our board of directors has no more than ten members and that a representative of First Mark who meets certain requirements is elected a director of First Advantage or, at First Mark's request, a board observer of First Advantage. First Mark's right to designate a board member or observer will continue until such time as First Mark and its affiliates' collective ownership of First Advantage stock is less than 75% of the holdings First Mark received in the June 5, 2003 mergers. As a result of this arrangement and First American's dominant ownership position in First Advantage, holders of First Advantage Class A common stock (other than First Mark) will have little or no ability to cause a director selected by such holders to be appointed to our board of directors and, consequently, little or no ability to influence the direction or management of First Advantage.

Our results of operations may be affected by the seasonality of our business.

Historically, we have seen a decrease in our volumes in certain segments of our business, in particular our Employer Services and Multifamily segments, due to the holiday season and inclement weather that results in declines in hiring and apartment rental activity. Accordingly, there may be a decrease in earnings in the first and fourth quarter as compared to the second and third quarter.

We are subject to significant competition in many of the markets in which we compete.

The information industry in which we operate is highly competitive, and is expected to remain highly competitive. In each of the markets served, we compete on the basis of price, quality, customer service and product and service selection. Our competitive position in various market segments depends upon the relative strength of competitors in the segment and the resources devoted to competing in that segment. Due to their size,

certain competitors may be able to allocate greater resources to a particular market segment than we can. As a result, these competitors may be in a better position to anticipate and respond to changing customer preferences, emerging technologies and market trends. In addition, new competitors and alliances may emerge to take market share away. We may be unable to maintain or strengthen our competitive position in our market segments, especially against larger competitors. We may incur additional costs to upgrade systems in order to compete. If we fail to successfully compete, our business, financial position and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Our failure to attract and retain qualified personnel would have a material adverse effect on our business.

We cannot be certain that we can continue to attract and retain sufficient qualified management, technical, sales or other personnel necessary to conduct our business successfully.

We cannot assure that our stock price will not fall.

The market price of our Class A common stock could be subject to significant fluctuations. Among the factors that could affect our stock price are:

- quarterly variations in our operating results;
- changes in revenue or earnings estimates or publication of research reports by analysts;
- failure to meet analysts' revenue or earnings estimates;
- speculation in the press or investment community;
- strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or restructurings;
- actions by institutional stockholders;
- general market conditions;
- domestic and international economic factors unrelated to our performance; and
- changes in internal controls over financial reporting.

Our capital raising efforts may dilute stockholders interests.

If we raise additional capital by issuing equity securities, the issuance will result in ownership dilution to our existing stockholders. The extent of the dilution will vary based upon the amount of capital raised.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

Item 2. Properties.

The Company's corporate headquarters, Lender Services segment and certain businesses in its Dealer Services segment lease two office buildings from First American in Poway, California. The total square footage is approximately 153,000 and the monthly rent is approximately \$169,000. The lease commenced in September 2005 and expires in 2010.

The Company's Florida based employment background screening group and professional employer organization reside in approximately 74,000 square feet of office space in St. Petersburg, Florida. The lease commenced in April 2005 and terminates one hundred fifty-six (156) months from the commencement date. Current monthly rent is approximately \$160,000.

First Advantage, through its subsidiaries, maintains approximately 87 other offices in North America and abroad. These offices, all of which are leased, comprise a total of approximately 680,000 square feet of space.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

First Advantage's subsidiaries are involved in litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of their businesses. We do not believe that the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation involving these entities will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, operating results or cash flows.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the quarter ended December 31, 2008.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholders Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Class A Common Stock Market Prices and Dividends

Our Class A common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "FADV". The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sale prices of our Class A common stock as reported on the Nasdaq.

	20	2008		07
	High	Low	High	Low
Quarter ended March 31,	\$23.15	\$ 14.22	\$ 26.78	\$ 21.42
Quarter ended June 30,	\$23.06	\$ 15.12	\$ 25.46	\$ 22.20
Quarter ended September 30,	\$ 18.29	\$ 12.51	\$ 23.25	\$ 16.61
Quarter ended December 31,	\$ 15.18	\$ 7.48	\$ 19.98	\$ 16.10

The approximate number of record holders of Class A common stock on January 30, 2009 was 61.

Our Class B common stock is not listed or quoted on any exchange or quotation system. The First American Corporation and its affiliates own all of our outstanding Class B common stock.

We have not paid any dividends on either our Class A common stock or our Class B common stock, and we do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We currently intend to retain our future earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table sets forth details regarding equity securities of the Company that were authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans of the Company as of December 31, 2008.

(in thousands, except per share amount)	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options (a)	Exc	ghted-Average ercise Price of tanding Options (b)	Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a)) (c)
· · · · · ·	<u>(a)</u>		(0)	(t)
Equity compensation plan approved by security holders	3,448	\$	22.86	1,990
Equity compensation plan not approved by security				
holders ⁽²⁾	44	\$	41.42	
Warrants not approved by security holders ⁽²⁾	41	\$	12.05	
11 5 5 5 5 5 5 5				

 Consists of the 2003 First Advantage Incentive Compensation Plan. See Note 15 to the Company's Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

(2) Consists of shares relating to all outstanding options and warrants assumed by the Company in connection with the merger with US SEARCH.com Inc. See Note 15 to the Company's Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

On September 14, 2005, the Company completed the acquired First American's CIG Business under the terms of the master transfer agreement. First Advantage paid for the CIG Business and related businesses with 29,073,170 shares of its Class B common stock and repaid, in full, the principal debt amount of \$20 million by issuing 975,610 shares of its Class B common stock.

On March 23, 2006, the Company issued 1,650,455 shares of its Class B common stock to FADV Holdings LLC, a subsidiary of First American. The issuance of the Class B common stock was in accordance with the master transfer agreement with First American for the purchase of its CIG Business, which included the purchase of First American's minority interest in DealerTrack Holdings, Inc. ("DealerTrack"). The master transfer agreement required the Company to issue additional shares of Class B common stock to First American in the event that DealerTrack consummated an initial public offering of its stock before the second anniversary of the closing of the CIG acquisition and the value of the minority interest in DealerTrack exceeded \$50 million. The initial public offering was completed by DealerTrack on December 16, 2005. The master transfer agreement required the Company to issue the number of shares equal to the quotient of (x) 50% of the amount by which the value of the DealerTrack interest exceeds \$50 million (based on the average closing price per share of DealerTrack's stock over the 60 business day period beginning on the fifth business day after the completion of its initial public offering), divided by (y) \$20.50.

Shares of our Class B common stock are convertible into a share of our Class A common stock on a one to one conversion ratio at the election of First American. This right terminates at such time that First American and its affiliates collectively own less than 28% or less of our capital stock or upon transfer of any shares of Class B common stock to a person other than First American or an affiliate of First American (excluding distributions by First American to its shareholders in a tax-free "spinoff" under Section 355(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any subsequent transfers of such shares).

In issuing these shares we relied on exemptions from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Rule 506 promulgated pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933. We believed the issuance to be exempt from registration because First American, as a corporation with total assets in excess of \$5.0 million, was an accredited investor and the transaction otherwise met the requirements for exemption from registration.

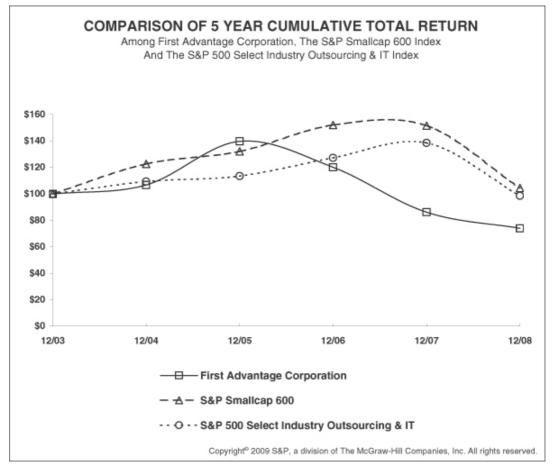
Purchase of Equity Securities

Since the inception of the Company, none of the Company's equity securities were purchased by or on behalf of the Company.

Stock Performance Graph

The following performance graph and related information shall not be deemed "soliciting material" or "filed" with the SEC nor shall such information be incorporated by reference into any future filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each as amended, except to the extent that it is specifically incorporated by reference into such filing.

The following graph compares the yearly percentage change in the cumulative total shareholder return on the Company's common shares with the corresponding changes in the cumulative total returns of the Standard & Poor's Smallcap 600 Index and the Standard and Poor's 500 Select Industry Outsourcing and IT. The comparison assumes an investment of \$100 on December 31, 2003 and reinvestment of dividends. The historical performance is not indicative of future performance.





Comparison of Five-Year Cumulative Total Return

	Adv	First Advantage Corporation		S&P Smallcap 600		S&P 500 lect Industry sourcing & IT
12/31/2003	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100
12/31/2004	\$	107	\$	123	\$	109
12/31/2005	\$	140	\$	132	\$	114
12/31/2006	\$	120	\$	152	\$	127
12/31/2007	\$	86	\$	152	\$	138
12/31/2008	\$	74	\$	104	\$	99

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Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

The Company's operating results for the five years ended December 31, 2008 include results for the acquired entities (excluding the CIG Business) from their respective dates of acquisition. The acquisition of the CIG Business by First Advantage was a transaction between businesses under the common control of First American. In an acquisition of businesses under common control, the acquiring company records acquired assets and liabilities at historical costs. The historical income statements of First Advantage for the five years ended December 31, 2008 include the operations of the CIG Business at historical cost assuming the acquisition was completed on January 1, 2004.

Certain amounts for the year ended December 31, 2007, 2006, 2005, and 2004 have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 presentation.

As part of the Company's streamlining initiative, in the second quarter of 2008, First Advantage sold First Advantage Investigative Services ("FAIS"), which was included in our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment, and Credit Management Solutions, Inc. ("CMSI"), which was included in our Dealer Services segment. These businesses are presented in discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2008. The results of these businesses' operations in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 classification.

Recent market conditions and economic events have had an overall negative impact on the Company's operations and related financial results. As a result of acquisitions, the Company has goodwill of approximately \$731.4 million at December 31, 2008. In accordance with SFAS No. 142 "Goodwill and other Intangible Assets" and consistent with prior years, the Company's policy is to perform an annual impairment test for each reporting unit in the fourth quarter or sooner if circumstances indicate a possible impairment. The valuation of goodwill requires assumptions and estimates of many critical factors including revenue growth, cash flows, market multiples and discount rates. Forecasts of future operations are based, in part, on operating results and management's expectations as to future market conditions. Many of the factors used in assessing fair value are outside the control of management including future economic and market conditions. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then its goodwill is not considered impaired. In the event that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then further testing must be performed to determine if the carrying value of goodwill exceeds the fair value of goodwill. The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and lower residual valuation multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss. *See Note* 5 – *Goodwill and Intangible Assets for*

additional information regarding the impairment loss. Due to significant volatility in the current markets, the Company's operations may be negatively impacted in the future to the extent that exposure to impairment losses may be increased.

On March 1, 2007, John Long submitted his resignation as the Chief Executive Officer and as a director of the Company, effective as of March 30, 2007. In connection with his resignation from the Company, Mr. Long and First Advantage entered into a Transition Agreement dated as of March 2, 2007. The Transition Agreement provides that Mr. Long receive cash severance of \$4.4 million; \$2.2 million was paid in March 2007 and the remaining payment of \$2.2 million was paid in March 2008. In addition, Mr. Long received an acceleration of his unvested options and two restricted stock awards, effective March 30, 2007. An additional restricted stock award made to Mr. Long will vest during the term of restrictive covenants set forth in the Transition Agreement. Restricted stock units, previously granted to Mr. Long, will continue to vest according to the terms of First Advantage's 2003 Incentive Compensation Plan. Based on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, the Transition Agreement was approved by First Advantage's board of directors on March 1, 2007. In connection with the Transition Agreement, First Advantage recorded compensation expense of \$8.0 million in the first quarter of 2007, reflecting the value of the cash severance payment of \$4.4 million and the value of the previously unvested restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. The \$8.0 million of compensation expense reduced net income for the year ended December 31, 2007 by \$4.7 million or \$0.08 per diluted share.

In October 2007, the Company completed the sale of its US Search business for approximately \$26.5 million resulting in a gain before income taxes of approximately \$20.4 million. The results of this business' operations are reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income as discontinued operations. The results of this business' operations in prior years have been reclassified to conform to the 2007 classification.

In October 2007, the Company sold approximately 2,875,000 shares of DealerTrack Holdings, Inc. ("DealerTrack") common stock. The sale resulted in a pretax investment gain of approximately \$97.4 million or \$58.4 million after tax and \$0.99 per diluted share. The Company discontinued using the equity method of accounting for its remaining investment in DealerTrack. After the sale, First Advantage continues to own approximately 2,553,000 shares of DealerTrack common stock, which is approximately 6% of the outstanding shares.

In fourth quarter 2006, DealerTrack completed a follow-on offering of its stock. The Company recognized a pretax investment gain of approximately \$7.0 million. In the fourth quarter of 2005, the Company recorded a pretax gain of \$9.5 million as a result of DealerTrack's sale of 6.7 million shares of its common stock in an initial public offering. The sale of the stock was at a price per share in excess of its carrying value.

The results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2005 include \$3.2 million of nondeductible merger costs that First Advantage incurred in connection with its acquisition of the CIG Business from First American; \$2.0 million of costs incurred in connection with the relocation of the company's corporate headquarters and other office consolidations; and \$0.6 million of costs related to the launch of the corporate branding initiative that was announced in June 2005.

This information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data".

	For the year ended December 31,								
(in thousands, except per share amounts)		2008	_	2007		2006	2005	_	2004
Income Statement Data:									
Service revenue	\$	727,276	\$	770,165	\$	725,309	\$556,757	\$	5 429,530
Reimbursed government fee revenue	. <u> </u>	52,687		54,106		52,166	47,226	_	44,599
Total revenue		779,963		824,271		777,475	603,983		474,129
Cost of service revenue		229,980		219,279		228,626	172,071		134,261
Government fees paid		52,687		54,106		52,166	47,226	_	44,599
Total cost of service		282,667		273,385		280,792	219,297		178,860
Gross margin		497,296		550,886		496,683	384,686		295,269
Operating expenses		403,726		429,553		376,056	286,870		223,364
Impairment loss		21,750	_	204	_			_	_
Income from operations		71,820		121,129		120,627	97,816		71,905
Total interest (expense), net		(1,651)	_	(8,618)		(12,434)	(6,449)		(2,009)
Equity in earnings of investee		—		2,939		2,299	1,385		1,782
Gain on sale of investment				97,380		6,993	9,471		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest		70,169		212,830		117,485	102,223		71,678
Provision for income taxes		37,079		85,531		47,870	43,453		29,567
Income from continuing operations before minority interest		33,090		127,299		69,615	58,770		42,111
Minority interest in (losses) earnings of subsidiaries		(6,008)		1,177		3,314	443		
Income from continuing operations		39,098		126,122		66,301	58,327		42,111
(Loss) income and gain from discontinued operations, net of tax		(4,241)		11,985		(140)	99		222
Net Income	\$	34,857	\$	138,107	\$	66,161	\$ 58,426	\$	6 42,333
Balance Sheet Data:									
Total assets	\$1	,135,763	\$	1,231,933		1,089,923	\$980,083	\$	572,536
Long-term debt	\$	22,938	\$	14,404		179,531	\$182,127		8 86,480
Stockholders' equity	\$	892,850	\$	883,590	\$	674,941	\$ 582,848	\$	5 418,187
Per Share Information:									
Basic									
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.66	\$	2.14	\$	1.15	\$ 1.11	\$	6 0.85
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(0.07)	_	0.21					
Net Income	\$	0.59	\$	2.35	\$	1.15	<u>\$ 1.11</u>	\$	6 0.85
Diluted									
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.66	\$	2.13	\$	1.14	\$ 1.10	\$	6 0.84
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(0.07)		0.21		—			0.01
Net Income	\$	0.59	\$	2.34	\$	1.14	\$ 1.10	\$	0.85
Weighted average shares outstanding			_		-			=	
Basic		59,392		58,871		57,502	52,884		49,711
Diluted		59,499		59,121		58,079	53,593		50,036
Total shares outstanding at December 31,		59,499		59,095		58,179	55,765		50,084



Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Overview

First Advantage Corporation (NASDAQ: FADV) ("First Advantage" or the "Company") provides global risk mitigation, screening services and credit reporting to enterprise and consumer customers. The Company operates in six primary business segments; Lender Services, Data Services, Dealer Services, Employer Services, Multifamily Services, and Investigative and Litigation Support Services. First Advantage is headquartered in Poway, California, and has more than 4,000 employees in offices throughout North America and abroad.

The current economic downturn has caused decreased service revenue in the Lender Services segment related to the mortgage industry and the Data Services segment related to lead generation and specialty finance businesses. These decreases were offset by international expansion in our Employer Services and Investigative and Litigation Support Services segments. Management expects continued weakness in the real estate and mortgage markets to continue impacting the Company's Lender Services segment and the lead generation, transportation and specialty credit businesses in the Data Services segment. In addition, the effect of the issues in the real estate and related credit markets together with the other macroeconomic matters has resulted in higher unemployment rates negatively impacting the volumes in the Employer Services segment and the Dealer Services segment. Given this outlook, management is focusing on expense reductions, operating efficiencies, and increasing market share throughout the Company.

Recent market conditions and economic events have had an overall negative impact on the Company's operations and related financial results. As a result of acquisitions, the Company has goodwill of approximately \$731.4 million at December 31, 2008. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142 "Goodwill and other Intangible Assets" and consistent with prior years, the Company's policy is to perform an annual impairment test for each reporting unit in the fourth quarter or sooner if circumstances indicate a possible impairment. The valuation of goodwill requires assumptions and estimates of many critical factors including revenue growth, cash flows, market multiples and discount rates. Forecasts of future operations are based, in part, on operating results and management's expectations as to future market conditions. Many of the factors used in assessing fair value are outside the control of management including future economic and market conditions. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then its goodwill is not considered impaired. In the event that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then further testing must be performed to determine if the carrying value of goodwill exceeds the fair value of goodwill. The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and lower residual valuation multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss. Due to significant volatility in the current markets, the Company's operations may be negatively impacted in the future to the extent that exposure to impairment losses may be incr

The Lender Services segment provides specialized credit reporting services, strategic marketing solutions, anti-fraud/identity verification tools, and broker certification services for mortgage and home equity lenders. Specialized credit reporting services includes delivering consolidated consumer credit reports to the mortgage and home equity industries. These reports are derived from credit reports obtained from one or more of the three United States primary credit bureaus, and may be merged or specially formatted for ease of use by lenders and other financial institutions.

The Data Services segment includes business lines that provide transportation credit reporting, motor vehicle record reporting, criminal records reselling, specialty finance credit reporting, and lead generation. Products and services offered by the Data Services segment include driver history reports, vehicle registration, credit reports on cargo shippers and brokers, individuals' credit reports, and membership-based consumer products and services.

The Dealer Services segment provides specialized credit reporting services and automotive lead generation services. Specialized credit reporting services include delivering consolidated consumer credit reports to the automotive, recreational vehicle, marine and manufactured housing marketplace. These reports are derived from credit reports obtained from one or more of the three United States primary credit bureaus, and may be merged or specially formatted for ease of use by dealers and financial institutions. Designed to drive consumers into an auto dealership to buy a vehicle, the segment's automotive lead generation services provide advertising and other marketing, telemarketing, fulfillment and customer management solutions.

The Employer Services segment includes employment background screening, hiring management systems, occupational health services, and tax incentive services. The Employer Services segment serves approximately 20,000 customers, including approximately a quarter of the Fortune 1000 companies. Products and services relating to employment background screening include criminal records searches, employment verification, education verification, social security number verification and credit reporting. Hiring management systems provide recruiting strategies, applicant tracking, and talent management software. Occupational health services include drug-free workplace programs, physical examinations and employee assistance programs. Tax incentive services include services related to the administration of employment-based and location-based tax credit and incentive programs and fleet asset management programs. The professional employer organization provides companies with comprehensive outsourced management of payroll and human resource management.

The Multifamily Services segment includes resident screening services. Resident screening services include criminal and eviction records searches, credit reporting, employment verification, lease performance and payment histories. Other products and services offered by this segment include renters' insurance, property performance analytics and property management software. The Multifamily Services segment serves approximately 13,000 customers. The Company believes it has the largest proprietary database of landlord-tenant records that include eviction court records, rental histories, prior inquiries and other valuable information reported directly by landlords.

The Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment offers computer forensics, electronic discovery, due diligence reports and other high level investigations. These services are provided to enterprise customers nationwide, including law firms, financial institutions, multi-national corporations and government agencies.

First Advantage intends to continue its efforts to consolidate the operations brought together in mergers and acquisitions. First Advantage also intends to continue pursuing acquisitions of businesses that will enable the Company to enter new markets as well as increase existing market share. First Advantage also expects to pursue acquisition opportunities which will enable the Company to enter into related product fields.

First Advantage generates revenue in the form of fees from reports created from searches performed, credit reports delivered to its customers, project and consulting fees, membership fees collected on its credit monitoring membership products, sale of software licenses, maintenance, custom programming, and related services provided. First Advantage generally enters into agreements with customers that provide for a fixed fee per report or for services provided. For purposes of analyzing operating results, operating margin and operating costs are compared to service revenues, excluding reimbursed government fee revenue. Elimination of inter-segment revenue is included in the Corporate segment.

Cost of sales includes fees paid to vendors or agencies for data procurement, specimen collection, laboratory testing, and investigators' compensation, benefits and travel expenses.

First Advantage's operating expenses consist primarily of compensation and benefits costs for employees, commissions, occupancy and related costs, other selling, general and administrative expenses associated with operating its business, depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of intangible assets.

Operating Results

The following is a summary of the operating results by the Company's business segments for the three years ended December 31, 2008.

(in thousands)	Lender Services	Data Services	Dealer Services	Employer Services	Multifamily Services	Invest/ Litigation Support Services	Corporate and <u>Eliminations</u>	Total
2008								
Service revenue	\$128,930	\$146,798	\$ 88,338	\$ 211,101	\$ 73,337	\$ 81,723	\$ (2,951)	\$727,276
Reimbursed government fee revenue		46,198		10,365			(3,876)	52,687
Total revenue	128,930	192,996	88,338	221,466	73,337	81,723	(6,827)	779,963
Cost of service revenue	48,543	67,936	50,726	57,340	6,680	1,868	(3,113)	229,980
Government fees paid		46,198		10,365			(3,876)	52,687
Total cost of service	48,543	114,134	50,726	67,705	6,680	1,868	(6,989)	282,667
Gross margin	80,387	78,862	37,612	153,761	66,657	79,855	162	497,296
Salaries and benefits	43,226	27,451	7,244	74,772	25,567	32,258	31,434	241,952
Facilities and telecommunications	8,068	3,310	418	9,868	3,478	2,888	4,445	32,475
Other operating expenses	4,674	10,768	14,331	39,072	10,719	10,478	(3,336)	86,706
Depreciation and amortization	4,464	10,930	974	13,045	5,747	3,180	4,253	42,593
Impairment loss		19,733	1,721	296				21,750
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 19,955	\$ 6,670	\$ 12,924	\$ 16,708	\$ 21,146	\$ 31,051	\$ (36,634)	\$ 71,820
Operating margin percentage	15.5%	4.5%	14.6%	7.9%	28.8%	38.0%	N/A	9.9%

	Lender Services	Data Services	Dealer Services	Employer Services	Multifamily Services	Invest/ Litigation Support Services	Corporate and Eliminations	Total
2007				<u> </u>				
Service revenue	\$154,399	\$121,788	\$104,017	\$ 233,824	\$ 72,276	\$ 86,720	\$ (2,859)	\$770,165
Reimbursed government fee revenue	_	45,312	_	12,778	_		(3,984)	54,106
Total revenue	154,399	167,100	104,017	246,602	72,276	86,720	(6,843)	824,271
Cost of service revenue	51,191	37,381	59,585	65,027	6,805	2,168	(2,878)	219,279
Government fees paid	—	45,312	_	12,778	—		(3,984)	54,106
Total cost of service	51,191	82,693	59,585	77,805	6,805	2,168	(6,862)	273,385
Gross margin	103,208	84,407	44,432	168,797	65,471	84,552	19	550,886
Salaries and benefits	47,975	23,013	9,000	85,917	26,705	33,574	37,704	263,888
Facilities and telecommunications	7,571	3,074	710	9,947	3,769	2,379	4,260	31,710
Other operating expenses	7,761	14,383	18,473	33,182	11,496	8,577	363	94,235
Depreciation and amortization	6,792	10,250	1,098	10,421	4,880	2,954	3,325	39,720
Impairment loss				204				204
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 33,109	\$ 33,687	\$ 15,151	\$ 29,126	\$ 18,621	\$ 37,068	<u>\$ (45,633</u>)	\$121,129
Operating margin percentage	21.4%	27.7%	14.6%	12.5%	25.8%	42.7%	N/A	15.7%

	Lender Services	Data Services	Dealer Services	Employer Services	Multifamily Services	Invest/ Litigation Support Services	Corporate and Eliminations	Total
2006								
Service revenue	\$179,854	\$128,961	\$110,746	\$ 195,737	\$ 68,811	\$ 45,007	\$ (3,807)	\$725,309
Reimbursed government fee revenue		44,420		10,843			(3,097)	52,166
Total revenue	179,854	173,381	110,746	206,580	68,811	45,007	(6,904)	777,475
Cost of service revenue	57,608	42,445	64,102	59,094	6,661	2,255	(3,539)	228,626
Government fees paid		44,420		10,843			(3,097)	52,166
Total cost of service	57,608	86,865	64,102	69,937	6,661	2,255	(6,636)	280,792
Gross margin	122,246	86,516	46,644	136,643	62,150	42,752	(268)	496,683
Salaries and benefits	48,668	20,680	10,042	71,028	26,221	20,215	28,283	225,137
Facilities and telecommunications	7,291	2,589	929	8,297	3,706	1,680	4,332	28,824
Other operating expenses	5,261	12,803	17,992	28,979	12,573	5,994	2,909	86,511
Depreciation and amortization	6,755	10,331	1,236	8,507	4,522	2,607	1,626	35,584
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 54,271	\$ 40,113	\$ 16,445	\$ 19,832	\$ 15,128	\$ 12,256	\$ (37,418)	\$120,627
Operating margin percentage	30.2%	31.1%	14.8%	10.1%	22.0%	27.2%	N/A	16.6%

Lender Services Segment

2008 Compared to 2007

Service revenue was \$128.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, a decrease of \$25.5 million compared to service revenue of \$154.4 million in 2007. A decrease in transactions related to the decline in the mortgage industry resulted in an overall decrease in service revenue. Service revenue from existing businesses decreased by \$39.1 million while the acquisition of a mortgage credit reporting business during the fourth quarter of 2007 increased service revenue by \$13.6 million.

Gross margin was \$80.4 million in 2008, a decrease of \$22.8 million compared to gross margin of \$103.2 million in 2007. Gross margin from existing businesses decreased by \$29.7 million while the acquisition of a mortgage credit reporting business during the fourth quarter of 2007 increased gross margin by \$6.9 million. The gross margin percentage was 62.3% for year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to 66.8% for 2007. The decrease is due to an increase in credit data costs and the current year's product mix.

Salaries and benefits decreased by \$4.7 million. Salaries and benefits were 33.5% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 31.1% in 2007. The expense decrease is due to the segment reducing employees in line with the decrease in service revenue. This is offset by an acquisition during the fourth quarter of 2007 which increased salaries and benefits expense by \$2.4 million and severance expense of \$1.3 million that was recorded in 2008.

Facilities and telecommunication expenses increased by \$0.5 million. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were 6.3% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 4.9% in 2007. The expense increase was primarily due to \$0.8 million related to office consolidations, offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in telecommunication expenses.

Other operating expenses decreased by \$3.1 million. Other operating expenses were 3.6% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 5.0% for 2007. The decrease in other operating expense was primarily due to a reduction of temporary labor costs, international operations, and bad debt expense. This is offset by the acquisition of a mortgage credit reporting business during the fourth quarter of 2007 which increased other operating expenses by \$1.7 million during 2008.

Depreciation and amortization decreased by \$2.3 million. Depreciation and amortization was 3.5% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 4.4% in 2007. The decrease is primarily due to certain software projects and intangibles becoming fully depreciated, offset by additional expense for accelerated depreciation on assets related to office consolidations.

Income from operations was \$20.0 million in 2008 compared to \$33.1 million in 2007. Income from operations from existing businesses decreased by \$15.0 million, offset by the acquisition of a mortgage credit reporting business during the fourth quarter of 2007 which increased income from operations by \$1.9 million. The operating margin percentage decreased from 21.4% to 15.5% primarily due to the overall decrease in service revenue and increased expenses related to office consolidations.

2007 Compared to 2006

Total service revenue was \$154.4 million in 2007, a decrease of \$25.5 million compared to service revenue of \$179.9 million in 2006. A decrease in transactions related to the decline in the mortgage industry resulted in an overall decrease in service revenue despite an increase of \$3.7 million in revenue from new products and services.

Gross margin was \$103.2 million in 2007, a decrease of \$19.0 million compared to gross margin of \$122.2 million in 2006. The impact of the decrease in transactions and an increase in credit data costs resulted in an overall decrease in gross margin. Gross margin percentage was 66.8% of revenue in 2007 as compared to 68.0% in 2006.

Salaries and benefits decreased by \$0.7 million. Salaries and benefits were 31.1% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 27.1% during the same period in 2006. Salaries and benefits expense decreased due to an increase in capitalized personnel costs related to software development initiatives, and a decrease in incentive based compensation, partially offset by an increase in benefit costs and severance related expense. Overall headcount for the segment decreased by 49 employees, excluding an acquisition at the end of the fourth quarter.

Facilities and telecommunication expense increased by \$0.3 million. Facilities and telecommunication expense were 4.9% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 4.1% in 2006.

Other operating expenses increased by \$2.5 million. Other operating expenses were 5.0% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 2.9% in 2006. The change in 2007 is primarily due to an increase in bad debt expense of \$3.7 million and costs related to international operations. This is partially offset by a \$0.1 million decrease in temporary labor cost consisting of a \$1.0 million decrease related to operations offset by a \$0.9 million increase for IT projects and system migrations, and an increase in the amounts allocated for IT costs, shared services, and product development initiatives.

Depreciation and amortization was flat in 2007 compared to 2006. Depreciation and amortization was 4.4% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 3.8% in 2006.

Income from operations was \$33.1 million in 2007 compared to \$54.3 million in 2006. The operating margin percentage decreased from 30.2% to 21.4% primarily due to the impact of the decrease in service revenue caused by the decline in the mortgage industry, costs of international operations and bad debt expense.

Data Services Segment

2008 Compared to 2007

Service revenue was \$146.8 million in 2008, an increase of \$25.0 million compared to service revenue of \$121.8 million in 2007. The increase in service revenue is primarily due to an increase in revenue in our lead generation and new product offerings in our consumer credit business, offset by reduced volumes in the specialty credit and transportation businesses as a result of the economic slowdown in the housing market and auto industry.

Salaries and benefits increased by \$4.4 million. Salaries and benefits were approximately 18.7% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 18.9% of service revenue in the same period of 2007. The increase is primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits for technology personnel, previously outsourced, to gain cost efficiencies.

Facilities and telecommunication expenses for 2008 were comparable to 2007. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were approximately 2.3% and 2.5% of service revenue for 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Other operating expenses decreased by \$3.6 million. Other operating expenses were 7.3% of service revenue in 2008 and 11.8% in 2007. The decrease is primarily due to the decrease of technology related shared services fees.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.7 million. Depreciation and amortization was 7.4% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 8.4% in the same period in 2007. The expense increase is primarily due to the rollout of new software projects.

Impairment loss increased \$19.7 million and was 13.4% of service revenue in 2008. The expense increase is primarily due to the impairment loss for goodwill recorded for the lead generation reporting unit in 2008.

Income from operations was \$6.7 million in 2008, a decrease of \$27.0 million compared to \$33.7 million in 2007. The operating margin percentage decreased from 27.7% to 4.5% in 2008 to 2007. The decrease is primarily

the \$19.7 million impairment loss primarily for goodwill recorded for the lead generation reporting unit in 2008. Excluding the impairment loss, the operating income was \$26.4 million or 18%.

2007 Compared to 2006

Total service revenue was \$121.8 million in 2007, a decrease of \$7.2 million compared to 2006 service revenue of \$129.0 million. The decrease is primarily due to the decline in the lead generation business as a result of the weakness in the credit markets in the second half of 2007. This decrease is offset by an increase in revenue from our consumer credit business.

Salaries and benefits increased \$2.3 million. Salaries and benefits were 18.9% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 16.0% in 2006. The overall increase is due to increased staffing levels and related salaries and benefit costs due to bringing services in-house that had previously been outsourced in order to gain additional control over processes that impact their service to clients, as well as gain cost efficiencies.

Facilities and telecommunications increased \$0.5 million. The current year expense as a percentage of service revenue was 2.5%, compared to 2.0% in 2006. The increase is primarily due to the increase in rent and telecommunications costs as a result of two of the businesses moving their offices.

Other operating expenses increased \$1.6 million. As a percentage of service revenue, other operating expenses were 11.8% and 9.9% for years ended 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase is due to increased allocated accounting and finance expenses, and increased marketing expenses.

Depreciation and amortization was flat in 2007 compared to 2006. Depreciation and amortization was 8.4% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 8.0% in 2006.

Operating income decreased \$6.4 million. The operating margin was 27.7% for 2007 compared to 31.1% for 2006. The decrease is primarily due to a decline in revenue at the lead generation business, and increases in salaries and benefits and other operating expenses.

Dealer Services

2008 Compared to 2007

Service revenue was \$88.3 million for 2008, a decrease of \$15.7 million compared to service revenue of \$104.0 million for 2007. The decrease in service revenue is primarily due to the decline in revenues at the automotive lead generation business.

Gross margin was \$37.6 million for 2008, a decrease of \$6.8 million compared to gross margin of \$44.4 million in 2007. The impact of the decrease in service revenue, primarily in the automotive lead generation business, resulted in an overall decrease in gross margin. Gross margin percentage was 42.6% for 2008 as compared to 42.7% for 2007.

Salaries and benefits decreased by \$1.8 million. Salaries and benefits were 8.2% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 8.7% in 2007. Salaries and benefits expense decreased due to office consolidations and operational efficiencies, offset by \$0.5 million in severance costs.

Facilities and telecommunication expenses decreased by \$0.3 million. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were 0.5% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 0.7% in 2007.

Other operating expenses decreased by \$4.1 million. Other operating expenses were 16.2% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 17.8% in 2007. The decrease is due to a decrease in the amounts allocated from shared services, and a decrease in bad debt expense at the automotive lead generation business, offset by \$0.5 million in expense related to office consolidation.

Depreciation and amortization was flat in 2008 compared to 2007. Depreciation and amortization was 1.1% of service revenue for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

Impairment loss increased \$1.7 million compared to 2007. The increase is primarily due to the \$1.3 million impairment loss related to the write-off of identifiable intangible assets.

Income from operations was \$12.9 million for December 2008 compared to \$15.2 million in 2007. The results for the year ended December 2008 includes an impairment loss of approximately \$1.3 million related to identifiable intangible assets and approximately \$1.3 million in restructuring charges. The operating margin percentage was 14.6% at December 31, 2008 and 2007, primarily due to the impact of operational efficiencies at the automotive credit reporting subsidiary, including the impact of lower allocations from shared services and operating improvements in the automotive lead generation business offset by expenses related to office consolidation including the intangible impairment charge.

2007 Compared to 2006

Total service revenue was \$104.0 million in 2007, a decrease of \$6.7 million compared to service revenue of \$110.7 million in 2006. A 42% decrease in revenues in the automotive lead generation business resulted in an overall decrease in service revenue, offset by an increase in transactions which accounted for a 6.8% increase in credit report related revenues.

Gross margin was \$44.4 million in 2007, a decrease of \$2.2 million compared to gross margin of \$46.6 million in 2006. Gross margin percentage was 42.7% of revenue in 2007 as compared to 42.1% in 2006. An increase in cost of service revenue based on an increase in credit report related transactions was offset by a decrease in cost of service revenue on the lower margin automotive lead generation business.

Salaries and benefits decreased \$1.0 million. Salaries and benefits were 8.7% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 9.1% in 2006. Salaries and benefits expense decreased due to operational efficiencies which included relocation and consolidation of certain functions of the automotive lead generation business during the fourth quarter of 2006 and first quarter of 2007.

Facilities and telecommunication expense decreased by \$0.2 million. Facilities and telecommunication expense was 0.7% of service revenue in 2007 as compared to 0.8% of service revenue in 2006. Facilities and telecommunication expense decreased due to operational efficiencies which included relocation and consolidation of facilities for the automotive lead generation business.

Other operating expenses increased by \$0.5 million. Other operating expenses were 17.8% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 16.2% in 2006. The increase in 2007 is due to an increase in marketing expenses related to the introduction of new products and services and an increase in allocations for shared services and product development initiatives, partially offset by a decrease in bad debt expense and contract labor at the automotive lead generation business.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were 1.1% of service revenue in 2007 and 2006.

Income from operations was \$15.2 million in 2007 compared to \$16.4 million in 2006. The operating margin percentage decreased from 14.8% to 14.6% primarily due to the decline of operating results in the automotive lead generation subsidiary.

Employer Services

2008 Compared to 2007

Service revenue was \$211.1 million in 2008, a decrease of \$22.7 million compared to service revenue of \$233.8 million in 2007. The decrease was a result of a reduction in revenue of \$28.4 million from existing

businesses offset by the addition of \$5.7 million of revenue from acquisitions. The decrease in service revenue from existing businesses is directly related to the slowdown in hiring in the United States and abroad. This is offset by the 2007 and 2008 acquisitions.

Salaries and benefits decreased by \$11.1 million. Salaries and benefits were 35.4% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 36.7% in 2007. The decrease is a direct effect of office closings in 2007 and 2008 and the shift of personnel to shared services, offset by \$0.6 million in severance costs for office consolidations and an increase related to the 2007 and 2008 acquisitions.

Facilities and telecommunication expense was flat comparing 2008 to 2007. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were 4.7% of service revenue in 2008 and 4.3% in 2007.

Other operating expenses increased by \$5.9 million. Other operating expenses were 18.5% of service revenue in 2008 and 14.2% for 2007. The increase in other operating expenses is primarily due to the increase in allocation for shared services, increase in bad debt, and foreign currency losses.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$2.6 million primarily due to the addition of intangible assets related to the acquisitions and the rollout of new software projects.

Impairment loss was flat in 2008 compared to 2007. The impairment loss was related to asset write downs for the office consolidations.

Income from operations was \$16.7 million for 2008, a decrease of \$12.4 million compared to income from operations of \$29.1 million in 2007. The operating margin percentage decreased from 12.5% to 7.9%. The decrease in the operating margin is primarily due to a change in the revenue mix of the businesses in 2008 compared to 2007, and overall reduced revenue levels.

2007 Compared to 2006

Service revenue was \$233.8 million, an increase of \$38.1 million compared to prior year. The increase is primarily related to the nine 2006 acquisitions in the segment. Specifically, the acquired hiring management solutions division added \$4.9 million and the background screening division acquisitions added \$13.8 million in service revenue to the segment. In addition, the segment showed increased volumes from the passing of the WOTC program in late 2006. These increases were offset by a decrease in revenue at the occupational health division of \$2.6 million.

Salaries and benefits increased \$14.9 million. Salaries and benefits were 36.7% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 36.3% in 2006. The expense increase is primarily due to acquisitions, international expansion, and severance expense of approximately \$0.9 million recorded for office closures.

Facilities and telecommunication expense increased \$1.7 million. The current year expense as a percentage of service revenue was 4.3%, which is comparable to 2006. The segment recorded approximately \$0.3 million in future lease expense related to office consolidations. The remaining increase in expense is primarily due to the acquisitions and international expansion, partially offset by office consolidations.

Other operating expenses increased \$4.2 million. As a percentage of service revenue, other operating expenses were 14.2% and 14.8% for years ended 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in operating expenses is primarily due to the acquisitions, international expansion, and approximately \$0.5 million in expenses related to office closures.

Depreciation and amortization increased \$2.1 million. Depreciation and amortization expense was 4.5% of service revenue for the year ended 2007 compared to 4.3% for the same period of 2006. The increase is primarily due to the amortization of the acquired intangible assets.

Operating income increased \$9.3 million. The operating margin was 12.5% for 2007 compared to 10.1% for 2006. The increase is primarily due to revenue and earnings growth in most product lines offset by a decline in the occupational health business and \$1.7 million in expense related to consolidating offices.

Multifamily Services

2008 Compared to 2007

Service revenue was \$73.3 million for 2008, an increase of \$1.0 million compared to service revenue of \$72.3 million in the same period of 2007. The 1.5% growth from existing businesses is driven by expanded market share and an increase in products and services.

Salaries and benefits expenses decreased \$1.1 million. Salaries and benefits were 34.9% of service revenue for 2008 compared to 36.9% of service revenue in the same period of 2007. The decrease is related to a decrease in employees offset by \$0.4 million in severance costs.

Facilities and telecommunication expense decreased \$0.3 million. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were 4.7% and 5.2% of service revenue in 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Other operating expenses decreased \$0.8 million. Other operating expenses were 14.6% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 15.9% in 2007. The decrease is due to management's focus to reduce costs.

Depreciation and amortization increased \$0.9 million. Depreciation and amortization was 7.8% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 6.8% in the same period of 2007. The increase is related to asset additions and the rollout of new software projects.

Income from operations was \$21.1 million for 2008 compared to income from operations of \$18.6 million in the same period of 2007. The operating margin percentage increased from 25.8% to 28.8% due to increased revenue from the renter's insurance program and cost containment.

2007 Compared to 2006

Total service revenue was \$72.3 million in 2007, an increase of \$3.5 million compared to 2006. The increase is primarily due the segment's growth from existing businesses of approximately 5%. The increase is related to increase in criminal searches and commissions on renters' insurance.

Salaries and benefits increased \$0.5 million. Salaries and benefits were 36.9% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 38.1% in 2006. The increase is primarily related to customary annual salary increases offset by strategic reductions in employees.

Facilities and telecommunication expense was flat in comparing 2007 to 2006. Facilities and telecommunication expense was 5.2% and 5.4% of service revenue in 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Other operating expenses decreased \$1.1 million. As a percentage of service revenue, other operating expenses were 15.9% and 18.3% in 2007 and 2006, respectively. The decrease is related to reduced costs of leased equipment, software and marketing expense.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.4 million. Depreciation and amortization was 6.8% and 6.6% of service revenue for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase is related to an increase in developed software projects.

Operating income increased by \$3.5 million. Operating margin is 25.8% in 2007 compared to 22.0% in 2006. The increase in operating income and margin is primarily due to the containment of costs coupled with the revenue growth.

Investigative and Litigation Support Services

2008 Compared to 2007

Service revenue was \$81.7 million for 2008, a decrease of \$5.0 million compared to service revenue of \$86.7 million in 2007.

Salaries and benefits decreased by \$1.3 million. Salaries and benefits were 39.5% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 38.7% in 2007. The expense decrease is mainly due a decrease in compensation related to revenue and profitability.

Facilities and telecommunication expenses increased \$0.5 million. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were 3.5% of service revenue in 2008 and 2.7% in the same period of 2007. The increase is related to geographic expansion and new business development efforts in this segment.

Other operating expenses increased by \$1.9 million. Other operating expenses were 12.8% of service revenue in 2008 and 9.9% for the same period of 2007. The increase is related to geographic expansion and new business development efforts in this segment.

Depreciation and amortization was flat comparing 2008 to 2007. Depreciation and amortization was 3.9% of service revenue in 2008 compared to 3.4% in 2007.

The operating margin percentage was 38.0% and 42.7% for 2008 and 2007, respectively. Income from operations was \$31.1 million for 2008 compared to \$37.1 million for the same period of 2007. The decrease in margin is primarily due to the revenue decrease on the higher margin electronic discovery business.

2007 Compared to 2006

Total service revenue was \$86.7 million in 2007, an increase of \$41.7 million compared to 2006 service revenue of \$45.0 million. The increase is primarily due to the continued growth in the segment's electronic discovery business of the Litigation Support Services division.

Salaries and benefits increased by \$13.4 million. Salaries and benefits were 38.7% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 44.9% in 2006. The increase in expense is due to increases in incentive compensation and commissions as a result of the revenue growth.

Facilities and telecommunications increased \$0.7 million. Facilities and telecommunications were 2.7% of service revenue in 2007 compared 3.7% in the prior year. The increase is primarily due to the growth in the Litigation Support Services division.

Other operating expenses increased by \$2.6 million and were 9.9% of service revenue in 2007 compared to 13.3% in 2006. The increase is primarily due to increased international travel and the growth in the Litigation Support Services division.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.3 million. The increase is the result of the increase in capital equipment related to growth.

Income from operations was \$37.1 million in 2007 compared to \$12.3 million in 2006. The increase is primarily due to increased revenues at the higher margin electronic discovery business.

Corporate

2008 Compared to 2007

Corporate expenses represent primarily compensation and benefits for senior management, administrative staff, technology personnel and their related expenses in addition to an administrative fee paid to First American. The Corporate expenses were \$36.6 million in 2008 compared to expenses of \$45.6 million in 2007. The decrease is primarily related to the \$8.0 million of severance costs recorded for the former CEO in 2007.

2007 Compared to 2006

Corporate costs and expenses primarily represent compensation and benefits for senior management, administrative staff, technology personnel and their related expenses in addition to an administrative fee paid to First American. Additional costs were incurred for the increased level of professional fees for data security and increased staffing in the technology, accounting, human resources, and legal departments to support corporate growth. The corporate expenses were \$45.6 million in 2007, an increase of \$8.2 million compared to 2006. The 2007 expenses were impacted by the \$8.0 million of severance costs related to the termination of the former CEO's employment.

Consolidated Results

2008 Compared to 2007

Consolidated service revenue for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$727.3 million, a decrease of \$42.9 million compared to service revenue of \$770.2 million in the same period in 2007. Service revenue at existing businesses decreased \$62.2 million, offset by an increase of \$19.3 million due to acquisitions. The decrease in service revenue is directly related to the downturn in domestic and international hiring, the decline in the mortgage industry, weakness in the credit markets, and overall economic slowdown.

Salaries and benefits decreased \$21.9 million. Salaries and benefits were 33.3% of service revenue for 2008 and 34.3% for 2007. The decrease is primarily due to strategic reductions in employees, office consolidations and the departure of our former CEO in 2007. In connection with the former CEO's Transition Agreement, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$8.0 million in 2007, reflecting the value of the cash severance payment of \$4.4 million and the value of the previously unvested restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. This is offset by the increase related to customary annual salary increases, acquisitions and additional employees added to support international expansion.

Facilities and telecommunication increased by \$0.8 million compared to 2007. Facilities and telecommunication expenses were 4.5% of service revenue in 2008 and 4.1% in 2007.

Other operating expenses decreased by \$7.5 million compared to the same period in 2007. Other operating expenses were 11.9% and 12.2% of service revenue in 2008 and 2007, respectively. The decrease is due to a decrease in temporary labor, leased equipment, marketing, and office expenses related to the overall initiative to reduce costs. This is offset by an increase in shared services allocations and acquisitions.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$2.9 million. Depreciation and amortization expense was 5.9% and 5.2% of service revenue in 2008 and 2007, respectively. The expense increase is primarily due to fixed asset additions and the rollout of internally developed software.

Impairment loss increased \$21.5 million compared to 2007 primarily due to an impairment loss of \$19.7 recorded in the Data Services segment. Approximately \$0.9 million was recorded related to asset write downs and \$1.6 million related to identifiable intangible assets write downs for office consolidations.

The consolidated operating margin was 9.9% for the 2008, compared to 15.7% for 2007. Excluding restructuring costs of \$9.7 million and \$19.7 million impairment loss for goodwill recorded million in 2008, the consolidated operating margin was 13.9%.

Income from operations was \$71.8 million for 2008 compared to \$121.1 million for the same period in 2007. Results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2008 include restructuring costs of \$9.7 million and a \$19.7 million impairment loss for goodwill. Results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2007 include restructuring costs of \$1.7 million and \$8.0 in severance costs related to the departure of our CEO in March 2007. The decrease of \$49.3 million is comprised of decreases in operating income of \$13.2 million in Lender Services, \$27.0 million in Data Services, \$2.2 million in Dealer Services, \$12.4 million in Employer Services, and \$6.0 million in Investigative and Litigation Support Services, offset by increases in operating income of \$2.5 million at Multifamily Services and a decrease of Corporate expenses of \$9.0 million.

2007 Compared to 2006

Consolidated service revenue for the year ended December 31, 2007 was \$770.2 million, an increase of \$44.9 million compared to service revenue of \$725.3 million in 2006. Acquisitions accounted for \$25.8 million of the increase and revenue from existing businesses increased 2.7% for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Salaries and benefits were 34.3% of service revenue for 2007 and 31.0% for 2006. The increase is related to additional employees added through acquisitions and company expansion. In addition, the 2007 expenses were impacted by the \$8.0 million of severance costs related to the termination of the former CEO's employment and approximately \$12.8 million in expense was recorded for share-based compensation in 2007 compared to \$10.1 million in 2006.

Facilities and telecommunication expense increased by \$2.9 million compared to the same period in 2006. Facilities and telecommunication expense was 4.1% of service revenue for 2007 and 4.0% in the same period of 2006. The increase is primarily related to acquisitions, relocation expenses and international expansion.

Other operating expenses increased by \$7.7 million compared to 2006. Other operating expenses were 12.2% of service revenue for year ended December 31, 2007 and 11.9% compared to the same period for 2006. The increase is due to acquisitions, and increased marketing, software, international travel, legal and professional expenses.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$4.3 million due to an overall increase in amortization of intangible assets as a result of acquisitions, rollout of software initiatives and capital asset investment.

Income from operations was \$121.1 million for the 2007 compared to \$120.6 million for 2006. The increase of \$0.5 million is comprised of an increase in operating income of \$9.3 million at the Employer Services segment, \$24.8 million at the Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment and \$3.5 million at the Multifamily Services segment, offset by a decrease in operating income of \$21.2 million at the Lender Services segment, \$6.4 million at the Data Services segment, \$1.3 million at the Dealer Services segment and an increase of Corporate expenses of \$8.2 million.

The consolidated operating margin was 15.7% for the year ended December 31, 2007, compared to 16.6% for the same period in 2006. The decrease in margin is primarily due to the decline in revenue and margins in the Lender Services and Data Services segments, offset by the increased revenue and margins in the Investigative and Litigation Services segment.

Critical Accounting Estimates

First Advantage believes the following are the more critical accounting estimates that impact its financial statements. In connection with the preparation of our financial statements, management is required to make assumptions and estimates about future events, and apply judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and the related disclosures. Management's assumptions, estimates and judgments are based on historical experience, current trends and other factors that management believes to be relevant at the

time the consolidated financial statements are prepared. Although First Advantage believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, future events and their effects cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could differ from our assumptions and estimates, and such differences could be material.

The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Item 8, *Financial Statement and Supplementary Data*, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

First Advantage's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon its audited consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Company's operating results for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 include results for the acquired entities from the date of acquisition.

The elimination of intra-segment revenue and cost of service revenue is included in Corporate. These transactions are recorded at cost.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of reports and leads is recognized at the time of delivery, as the Company has no significant ongoing obligation after delivery. Revenue from investigative and litigation support services is recognized as services are performed. In accordance with GAAP, the Company includes reimbursed government fees in revenue and in cost of service.

Revenue via the eAdvertising network of the Data Services segment is recognized when transactions are completed as evidenced by qualifying actions by end users of the publishers and /or advertiser on the proprietary eAdvertising network. Revenue as a result of list management services is recognized when transactions are completed as evidenced by qualifying actions of end users. In most instances, the qualifying action that completes the earnings process is the submission of an on-line form that generates a sales lead via the internet.

Membership fees, billed monthly to member's accounts, are recognized in the month the fee is earned. A portion of the membership revenue received is paid in the form of a commission to clients and is reflected in cost of service revenue. Revenue earned from providing services to third party issuers of membership based consumer products is recognized at the time the service is provided, generally on a monthly basis.

Software maintenance revenues are recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance period. Custom programming and professional consulting service revenue is recognized using the percentage-of-completion method pursuant to Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 45 "Long-Term Construction-Type Contracts." To the extent that interim amounts billed to clients exceed revenue earned, deferred income is recorded. Other revenue is recognized upon completion of the contractual obligation, which is typically evidenced by delivery of the product or performance of the service.

Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables

The allowance for all probable uncollectible receivables is based on a combination of historical data, cash payment trends, specific customer issues, writeoff trends, general economic conditions and other factors. These factors are continuously monitored by management to arrive at an estimate for the amount of accounts receivable that may ultimately be uncollectible. In circumstances where First Advantage is aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations, First Advantage records a specific allowance for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount it reasonably believes will be collected. This analysis requires making significant estimates, and changes in facts and circumstances could result in material changes in the allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Capitalized Software Development Costs

First Advantage capitalizes costs associated with developing software for internal use, which costs primarily include salaries of developers. Direct costs incurred in the development of software are capitalized once the preliminary project stage is completed, management has committed to funding the project and completion and use of the software for its intended purpose are probable. First Advantage ceases capitalization of development costs once the software has been substantially completed at the date of conversion and is ready for its intended use. The estimation of useful lives requires a significant amount of judgment related to matters, specifically, future changes in technology. The Company believes there have not been any events or circumstances that warrant revised estimates of useful lives.

Database Development Costs

Database development costs represent expenditures associated with First Advantage's databases of information for customer usage. The costs are capitalized from the time technological feasibility is established until the information is ready for use. The estimation of useful lives requires a significant amount of judgment related to matters such as future changes in technology, legal issues related to allowable uses of data and other matters. The Company believes there have not been any events or circumstances that warrant revised estimates of useful lives.

Impairment of Intangible and Long-Lived Assets

First Advantage carries intangible and long-lived assets at cost less accumulated amortization (where applicable). Accounting standards require that assets be written down if they become impaired. Intangible and long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable. At such time that an impairment in value of an intangible or long-lived asset is identified, the impairment will be measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined by employing an expected present value technique, which utilizes multiple cash flow scenarios that reflect the range of possible outcomes and an appropriate discount rate. The use of comparative market multiples (the market approach) compares the reporting unit to other comparable companies based on valuation multiples to arrive at a fair value. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," the Company completed a goodwill impairment test, for the year ending December 31, 2008, for all reporting units. The Company's policy is to perform an annual impairment test for each reporting unit in the fourth quarter or sooner if circumstances indicate a possible impairment.

The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and residual valuation multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss. *See Note 5—Goodwill and Intangible Assets for additional information regarding the impairment loss.* Due to significant volatility in the current markets, the Company's operations may be negatively impacted in the future to the extent that exposure to impairment losses may be increased.

These types of analyses contain uncertainties because they require management to make assumptions and to apply judgments to estimate industry economic factors and the profitability of future business strategies. However, if actual results are not consistent with the Company's estimates and assumptions, we may be exposed to an additional impairment loss that could be material.

Purchase Accounting

First Advantage completed one acquisition in 2008, two acquisitions in 2007 and eleven acquisitions in 2006. The purchase method of accounting requires companies to assign values to assets and liabilities acquired based upon their fair values. In most instances, there is not a readily defined or listed market price for individual assets and liabilities acquired in connection with a business, including intangible assets. The determination of fair value for assets and liabilities in many instances requires a high degree of estimation. The valuation of intangibles assets, in particular, is very subjective. First Advantage generally uses internal cash flow models. The use of different valuation techniques and assumptions can change the amounts and useful lives assigned to the assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill and other intangible assets and related amortization expense. The Company does not anticipate that revisions to the amounts allocated to acquired assets and liabilities, if any, will be significant to the Company's financial statements.

Share-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123R (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment," which is a revision of SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and supersedes Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and its related implementation guidance. The Statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in sharebased payment transactions. SFAS No. 123R requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). The cost is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award. The Company adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective method. Under this method, results of prior periods are not restated. Share-based compensation expense was \$9.1 million (\$6.0 million after tax or \$0.10 per basic and diluted share) \$12.8 million (\$8.3 million after tax or \$0.15 per basic and diluted share) and \$10.1 million (\$7.4 million after tax or \$0.13 per basic and diluted share) for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Option-pricing models and generally accepted valuation techniques require management to make assumptions and to apply judgment to determine the fair value of our awards. These assumptions and judgments include estimating the future volatility of the Company's stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock options exercise behaviors. Management does not believe there is a reasonable likelihood there will be a material change in the future estimates or assumptions we use to determine share-based compensation expense. However, if actual results are not consistent with our estimates or assumptions, share-based compensation expense reported in our financial statements may not be representative of the actual economic cost of the share-base compensation.

Income Taxes

We estimate our income tax provision in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate, a process that includes estimating exposures related to examinations by taxing authorities. We must also make judgments regarding the ability to realize the deferred tax assets. The carrying value of our net deferred tax assets is based on our belief that it is more likely than not that we will generate sufficient future taxable income in certain jurisdictions to realize these deferred tax assets. A valuation allowance has been established for deferred tax assets that we do not believe meet the "more likely than not" criteria established by SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Our judgments regarding future taxable income may change due to changes in market conditions changes in tax laws or other factors. If our assumptions and consequently our estimates change in the future, the valuation allowances we have established may be increased or decreased, resulting in a respective increase or decrease in income tax expense.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

The Company's principal sources of capital include, but are not limited to, existing cash balances, operating cash flows and borrowing under its Secured Credit Facility (see Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company's short-term and long-term liquidity depends primarily upon its level of net income, working capital management (accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses), capital expenditures and bank borrowings. The Company believes that, based on current forecasts and anticipated market conditions, sufficient operating cash flow will be generated to meet all operating needs, to make planned capital expenditures, scheduled debt payments, and tax obligations for the next twelve months. Any material variance of operating results could require us to seek other funding alternatives including raising additional capital, which may be difficult in the current economic conditions.

In 2008, 2007 and 2006, First Advantage sought to acquire other businesses as part of its growth strategy. The Company will continue to evaluate acquisitions in order to achieve economies of scale, expand market share and enter new markets.

While uncertainties within the Company's industry exist, management is not aware of any trends or events likely to have a material adverse effect on liquidity or the accompanying financial statements. Management expects continued weakness in the real estate and mortgage markets to continue impacting the Company's Lender Services segment and the lead generation, transportation and specialty credit businesses in the Data Services segment. In addition, the effect of the issues in the real estate and related credit markets and other macroeconomic matters has resulted in higher unemployment rates negatively impacting the volumes in the Employer Services and Dealer Services segments. Given this outlook, management is focusing on expense reductions, operating efficiencies, and increasing market share throughout the Company.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Company's primary source of liquidity is cash flow from operations and amounts available under credit lines the Company has established with a bank syndication. As of December 31, 2008, cash and cash equivalents were \$52.4 million.

Cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations was \$65.5 million; \$139.4 million; and \$90.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

Cash provided from operating activities of continuing operations decreased by \$73.8 million from 2007 to 2008. The decrease was derived from 2008 income from continuing operations of \$39.1 million compared to \$126.1 million in 2007. Share-based compensation decreased by \$3.7 million, 2007 included the \$97.4 million gain on the sale of DealerTrack shares, and minority interest expense decreased \$7.2 million, offset by the \$21.8 million impairment loss for goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$2.9 million and an increase in bad debt expense of \$0.4 million, The primary changes in operating assets and liabilities were due to a decrease in income tax liabilities related to the investment gain, accrued compensation and amounts due to affiliates, offset by an increase in accounts receivable collections and an increase accrued liabilities.

Cash provided from operating activities of continuing operations increased by \$49.0 million from 2006 to 2007. The increase was derived from 2007 income from continuing operations of \$126.1 million compared to \$66.3 million in 2006. Depreciation and amortization increased by \$4.3 million, bad debt expense increased by \$2.9 million and share-based compensation increased by \$2.6 million, offset by a \$97.4 million gain on the sale of DealerTrack shares. The primary changes in operating assets and liabilities were due to an increase in income tax liabilities related to the investment gain, an increase in accrued compensation and an increase in accounts receivable collections offset by payments to affiliates and payments made for accrued liabilities.



Cash used in investing activities of continuing operations was \$94.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 and cash provided from investing activities was \$55.5 million for same period in 2007. Cash used in investing activities of continuing operations was \$61.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2006. In 2008, cash in the amount of \$59.4 million was used for acquisitions compared to \$33.9 million in 2007 and \$34.6 million in 2006. Purchases of property and equipment were \$30.9 million in 2008 compared to \$35.2 million in 2007 and \$26.8 million in 2006. Database development costs were \$4.3 million in 2008 compared to \$33.6 million in 2007 and \$3.6 million in 2007 and \$26.8 million in 2007 sale of DealerTrack shares as discussed in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements were \$128.1 million. The proceeds were used to pay down the Company's debt.

Cash provided by financing activities of continuing operations was \$3.1 million in 2008 compared to cash used in financing activities of \$167.9 million and \$25.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Proceeds from bank financing were \$101.1 million, \$50.2 million and \$71.5 million for the years ended 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. First American contributed \$2.4 million and \$3.9 million in 2008 and 2007, respectively to LeadClick Holdings LLC (70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American), a consolidated subsidiary of First Advantage, which acquired LeadClick Media, Inc. Repayment of debt was \$103.9 million in 2008, \$222.0 million in 2007, and \$97.0 million in 2006.

Certain acquisitions have success consideration payments or earn-out provisions included in the purchase agreements. At December 31, 2008, the Company estimates that approximately \$23.6 million in additional consideration will be paid in the next twelve months in connection with these acquisitions. The payments will be in the form of cash and/or stock. The actual amount of the consideration is dependent upon the future operating results of the respective acquisitions. The Company will record the fair value of the success consideration issued as an additional cost of the respective acquired entities at such time as the contingency is resolved and the additional consideration is distributable. The additional cost will be recorded to goodwill.

Debt and Capital

At December 31, 2008, the Company had available lines of credit of \$205.5 million.

On September 29, 2005, the Company executed a revolving credit agreement, with a bank syndication (the "Credit Agreement"). Borrowings available under the Credit Agreement total up to \$225 million. The Credit Agreement includes a \$10 million sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit and up to a \$5 million swing loan facility. The credit facility maturity date is September 28, 2010. The Credit Agreement is collateralized by the stock and accounts receivable of the Company's subsidiaries.

The interest rate is based on one of two options consisting of 1) the higher of Federal Funds Rate plus ¹/2% and Bank of America's announced "Prime Rate" or 2) a "LIBOR based rate". The "LIBOR based rate" is based on LIBOR plus a margin that can range from 1.125% to 1.75% (based on progressive levels of leverage). First Advantage management must elect the LIBOR based option up to three days prior to its utilization.

The agreement contains usual and customary negative covenants for transactions of this type including but not limited to those regarding liens, investments, creation of indebtedness and fundamental changes, as well as financial covenants of consolidated leverage ratio and minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio.

The agreement contains usual and customary provisions regarding acceleration. In the event of a default by the Company under the credit facility, the lenders will have no further obligation to make loans or issue letters of credit and in some cases may, at the option of a majority of the lenders, declare all amounts owed by the Company immediately due and payable and require the Company to provide collateral, and in some cases any amounts owed by the Company under the credit facility will automatically become immediately due and payable. There was \$15.0 million outstanding at December 31, 2008.

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company was in compliance with the financial covenants of its loan agreement, except for the Consolidated to Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the quarter ended December 31, 2008. The Company was not in default under the credit agreement in that compliance with this covenant was waived by the required members of the loan syndicate for the quarter ended December 31, 2008.

First Advantage filed an amended Registration Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the issuance of up to 5,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, from time to time as full or partial consideration for the acquisition of businesses, assets or securities of other business entities. The Registration Statement was declared effective on January 9, 2006. As of December 31, 2008, 1,338,631 shares were issued.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

First Advantage leases certain office facilities, automobiles and equipment under operating leases, which, for the most part, are renewable. The majority of these leases also provide that First Advantage will pay insurance and applicable taxes.

The following is a schedule of long-term contractual commitments as of December 31, 2008 over the periods in which they are expected to be paid.

(in thousands)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Thereafter	Total
Minimum contract purchase commitments	\$ 1,922	\$ 861	\$ 262	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 72	\$ 3,149
Operating leases	14,164	10,695	8,265	6,608	6,751	14,465	60,948
Debt and capital leases	9,891	22,514	424	_	_		32,829
Interest payments related to debt (1)	861	341	4	—		—	1,206
Total ⁽²⁾	\$ 26,838	\$ 34,411	\$ 8,955	\$ 6,624	\$ 6,767	\$ 14,537	\$ 98,132

(1) Estimated interest payments are calculated assuming current interest rates over minimum maturity periods specified in debt agreements.

(2) Excludes FIN 48 tax liability of \$4.2 million due to uncertainty of payment period.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company considered the provision of Financial Reporting Release No. 48 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies for Derivative Financial Instruments and Derivative Commodity Instruments, and Disclosure of Quantitative and Qualitative Information about Market Risk Inherent In Derivative Financial Instruments, Other Financial Instruments and Derivative Commodity Instruments." The Company's total liabilities as of December 31, 2008 consist primarily of notes payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Company's fixed rate debt consists primarily of uncollateralized term notes. In addition, the Company has \$27.6 million of variable rate debt outstanding. Based on the Company's current outstanding debt, a 1% increase in interest rates would result in an immaterial change in expense and net income.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

The majority of the Company's revenue, expense and capital expenditure activities are transacted in U.S. dollars. However, the Company does transact business in other currencies. The Company's international operations represent an aggregate of approximately 12% of its consolidated service revenues from continuing operations during the year ended December 31, 2008, and approximately 7% of consolidated total assets at December 31, 2008.

The Company is required to translate, or express in U.S. dollars, the assets and liabilities of its foreign subsidiaries that are denominated or measured in foreign currencies at the applicable year-end rate of exchange on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company records the resulting translation adjustment, and gains and losses resulting from the translation of intercompany balances of a long-term investment nature, as components of its shareholders' equity. Other immaterial foreign currency transaction gains and losses are recorded in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income. Approximately \$0.9 million in translation losses and \$0.3 million in translation gains were recorded for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, a 10% fluctuation in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and our foreign currencies would result in an immaterial change in revenues and net income.

Report of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of First Advantage Corporation:

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the index appearing under item 15(a)(1) present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Advantage Corporation and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule appearing under item 15(a)(2) presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedule, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, on the financial statement schedule and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Tampa, Florida February 26, 2009

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands)	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,361	\$ 76,060
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,345 and \$7,003 in 2008 and 2007, respectively)	121,531	148,875
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	9,032	10,782
Deferred income tax asset	22,719	26,023
Assets of discontinued operations (Note 4)	<u> </u>	12,052
Total current assets	205,643	273,792
Property and equipment, net	81,807	76,308
Goodwill	731,369	694,519
Customer lists, net	53,813	63,483
Other intangible assets, net	17,245	23,011
Database development costs, net	11,837	11,105
Marketable equity securities	30,365	85,476
Other assets	3,684	4,239
Total assets	\$ 1,135,763	\$ 1,231,933
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 38,404	\$ 44,998
Accrued compensation	32,423	42,199
Accrued liabilities	11,379	12,846
Deferred income	7,381	7,948
Income tax payable	2,609	51,721
Due to affiliates	714	6,750
Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases	9,891	18,282
Liabilities of discontinued operations (Note 4)	—	4,989
Total current liabilities	102,801	189,733
Long-term debt and capital leases, net of current portion	22,938	14,404
Deferred income tax liability	67,676	90,785
Other liabilities	5,300	5,000
Total liabilities	198,715	299,922
Minority interest	44,198	48,421
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value; 1,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding	_	
Class A common stock, \$.001 par value; 125,000 shares authorized; 11,772 and 11,368 shares issued and outstanding as		
of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively	12	11
Class B common stock, \$.001 par value; 75,000 shares authorized; 47,727 shares issued and outstanding as of		
December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively	48	48
Additional paid-in capital	502,600	488,683
Retained earnings	390,602	355,745
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(412)	39,103
Total stockholders' equity	892,850	883,590
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,135,763	\$ 1,231,933
Total naunities and stocknowers equity	φ 1,130,705	φ 1,201,900

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

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ncome from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest 70,169 212,830 117,44 Provision for income taxes 37,079 85,531 47,85 ncome from continuing operations before minority interest 33,090 127,299 66,30 Winority interest in (losses) earnings in subsidiaries (6,008) 1,177 3,33 ncome from continuing operations 39,098 126,122 66,33 Joss from discontinued operations, net of tax (973) (152) (14 Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax: (973) 138,107 Vet income 34,857 138,107 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: (6,527) 3,531 29 Ourrelized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912 Comprehensive (loss) income § (4,658) \$17,6550 \$ 6,64 Basic income per share: (0.02) Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discon	Equity in earnings of investee	—		2,299
Provision for income taxes 37,079 85,531 47,87 ncome from continuing operations before minority interest 33,090 127,299 69,66 Minority interest in (losses) earnings in subsidiaries (6,008) 1,177 3,31 ncome from continuing operations, net of tax (973) (152) (14 Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (3,268) 12,137 Vet income 34,857 138,107 66,10 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax (6,527) 3,531 29 Unrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,948) 34,912 Comprehensive (loss) income \$ (4,658) \$176,550 \$ 66,66 Basic income per share:	Gain on investment		97,380	6,993
ncome from continuing operations before minority interest 33,090 127,299 69,61 Minority interest in (losses) earnings in subsidiaries (6,008) 1,177 3,33 ncome from continuing operations 39,098 126,122 66,33 .oss from discontinued operations, net of tax (973) (152) (4 Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax: (32,988) 121,137 - Net income 34,857 138,107 66,10 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: (6,527) 3,531 29 Foreign currency translation adjustments (6,527) 3,531 29 Comprehensive (loss) income \$ (4,658) \$ 176,550 \$ 66,44 Stack income per share: (0.02) - - Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) - - (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) - - (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) - - (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) - - (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net	Income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest			117,485
Minority interest in (losses) earnings in subsidiaries (6,008) 1,177 3,31 ncome from continuing operations, net of tax (973) (152) (14 Loss gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (3,268) 12,137 Vet income 34,857 138,107 66,102 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: (32,988) 34,912 Foreign currency translation adjustments (6,527) 3,531 29 Ourrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912 Comprehensive (loss) income \$ 176,550 \$ 66,64 Basic income per share: (0,02) Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0,02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0,02) (Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0,02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0,02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0,02) Diluted income per share: -	Provision for income taxes	37,079	85,531	47,870
ncome from continuing operations 39,098 126,122 66,302 .oss from discontinued operations, net of tax (973) (152) (14 Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (3,268) 12,137 Net income 34,857 138,107 66,162 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: (6,527) 3,531 29 Unrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912 Comprehensive (loss) income § (4,658) \$176,550 \$ 66,64 Basic income per share:	Income from continuing operations before minority interest	33,090	127,299	69,615
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (973) (152) (14 Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (3,268) 12,137	Minority interest in (losses) earnings in subsidiaries	(6,008)	1,177	3,314
Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (3,268) 12,137 Net income 34,857 138,107 66,10 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:	Income from continuing operations	39,098	126,122	66,301
Net income 34,857 138,107 66,167 Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: (6,527) 3,531 29 Unrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912	Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(973)	(152)	(140
Dther comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax: 6,527 3,531 29 Unrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912	(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	(3,268)	12,137	
Foreign currency translation adjustments (6,527) 3,531 29 Unrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912 Comprehensive (loss) income \$ (4,658) \$ 176,550 \$ 66,46 Basic income per share:	Net income	34,857	138,107	66,161
Unrealized (loss) gain on investment (32,988) 34,912	Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:			
Comprehensive (loss) income \$ (4,658) \$ 176,550 \$ 66,44 Basic income per share: Income from continuing operations \$ 0.66 \$ 2.14 \$ 1.1 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02)				299
Basic income per share:Income from continuing operations\$ 0.66\$ 2.14\$ 1.1Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax(0.02)(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax(0.05)0.21-Net income\$ 0.59\$ 2.35\$ 1.1Diluted income per share:Income from continuing operations0.66\$ 2.13\$ 1.1Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxOutled income per share:Income from continuing operations\$ 0.66\$ 2.13\$ 1.1Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax(0.02)(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax(0.05)0.21-Net income\$ 0.59\$ 2.34\$ 1.1Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic59,39258,87157,50	Unrealized (loss) gain on investment	(32,988)	34,912	
Income from continuing operations \$ 0.66 \$ 2.14 \$ 1.1 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.35 \$ 1.1 Diluted income per share: Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) Oiluted income per share: Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50	Comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (4,658)	\$176,550	\$ 66,460
Income from continuing operations \$ 0.66 \$ 2.14 \$ 1.1 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.35 \$ 1.1 Diluted income per share: Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) Oiluted income per share: Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50	Basic income per share:			
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.35 \$ 1.1 Diluted income per share: Income from continuing operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50		\$ 0.66	\$ 2.14	\$ 1.15
Net income\$0.59\$2.35\$1.1Diluted income per share:Income from continuing operations\$0.66\$2.13\$1.1Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax(0.02)(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax(0.05)0.21Net income\$0.59\$2.34\$1.1Weighted-average common shares outstanding:Basic59,39258,87157,50		(0.02)	—	_
Diluted income per share: Income from continuing operations \$ 0.66 \$ 2.13 \$ 1.1 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50		(0.05)	0.21	_
Diluted income per share: Income from continuing operations \$ 0.66 \$ 2.13 \$ 1.1 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50	Net income	\$ 0.59	\$ 2.35	\$ 1.15
Income from continuing operations \$ 0.66 \$ 2.13 \$ 1.1 Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (0.02) (Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax (0.05) 0.21 Net income \$ 0.59 \$ 2.34 \$ 1.1 Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,500	Diluted income per share:			
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax(0.02)(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax(0.05)0.21Net income\$ 0.59\$ 2.34\$ 1.1Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic59,39258,87157,50		\$ 0.66	\$ 213	\$ 1.14
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax(0.05)0.21-Net income\$0.59\$2.34\$1.1Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic59,39258,87157,50			÷ 2.15	φ <u>1,1</u>
Net income\$ 0.59\$ 2.34\$ 1.1Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic59,39258,87157,50			0.21	_
Weighted-average common shares outstanding: Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50				\$ 1.14
Basic 59,392 58,871 57,50		÷ 0.33	φ <u>2.0</u> 4	Ψ <u>1,1</u>
		E0 202	E0 071	E7 500
Diaco 55,455 53,121 50,07				
	Diluco	55,455	33,121	50,079

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands)	Common Stock Shares	St	nmon tock 10unt	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Con	cumulated Other nprehensive ss) Income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2006	55,765	\$	56	\$430,026	\$152,405	\$	361	\$582,848
Net income for 2006			—	_	66,161			66,161
Class A Shares issued in connection with acquisitions	552			13,103				13,103
Class A Shares issued in connection with warrants, share-based								
compensation, and benefit plans	212		_	4,106	—		_	4,106
Class B Shares issued in connection with CIG acquisition	1,650		2	(2)				
Settlement with First American for CIG liabilities prior to merger	—		—	(1,129)	—		—	(1,129)
Tax expense related to stock options	—			(12)	—			(12)
Share-based compensation	—		—	9,565	—		—	9,565
Foreign currency translation	—			—	—		299	299
Balance at December 31, 2006	58,179	\$	58	\$455,657	\$218,566	\$	660	\$674,941
Net income for 2007					138,107			138,107
Class A Shares issued in connection with acquisitions	444		—	10,912	_			10,912
Cumulative effect of the adoption of FIN 48					(928)			(928)
Class A Shares issued in connection with warrants, share-based								
compensation, and benefit plans	472		1	11,141	—		_	11,142
Tax benefit related to stock options	—			204	—			204
Share-based compensation	—		—	10,769	—		—	10,769
Foreign currency translation	_		—	—			3,531	3,531
Unrealized gain on investment, net of tax			_				34,912	34,912
Balance at December 31, 2007	59,095	\$	59	\$488,683	\$355,745	\$	39,103	\$883,590
Net income for 2008					34,857			34,857
Class A Shares issued in connection with share-based compensation	404		1	7,531				7,532
Tax expense related to stock options	_		—	(204)				(204)
Share-based compensation	_			6,615				6,615
Foreign currency translation	_		—	—			(6,527)	(6,527)
Exercise put on a warrant	—			(25)	—			(25)
Unrealized loss on investment, net of tax			—				(32,988)	(32,988)
Balance at December 31, 2008	59,499	\$	60	\$502,600	\$390,602	\$	(412)	\$892,850

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands)	2008	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$ 34,857	¢ 100 107	\$ 66,161
Net income Loss from discontinued operations	. ,	\$ 138,107	\$ 00,101 (140)
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations	(973) (3,268)	(152) 12,137	(140)
			<u> </u>
Income from continuing operations	\$ 39,098	\$ 126,122	\$ 66,301
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	42 502	20 720	
Depreciation and amortization Impairment loss	42,593 21,750	39,720 204	35,584
Bad debt expense			 E 402
Share-based compensation	8,826	8,422	5,492
Minority interests in net (losses) earnings of subsidiaries	9,115	12,775	10,136 3,314
	(6,008)	1,177	
Equity in earnings of investee Deferred income tax	2 620	(2,939)	(2,299)
Gain on investment	2,629	(4,996)	6,188
	_	(97,380)	(6,993)
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:	10.074	(20.101)	(20.011)
Accounts receivable	18,934	(20,191)	(29,811)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,666	(988)	(2,896)
Other assets	1,802	(2,685)	843
Accounts payable	(6,430)	450	933
Accrued liabilities	(2,239)	(8,271)	(4,939)
Deferred income	(567)	1,129	523
Due to affiliates	(6,036)	1,951	7,532
Income tax accounts	(50,207)	70,012	(6,118)
Accrued compensation and other liabilities	(9,384)	14,853	6,555
Net cash provided by operating activities—continuing operations	65,542	139,365	90,345
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities—discontinued operations	754	(4,769)	2,971
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Database development costs	(4,348)	(3,616)	(3,560)
Purchases of property and equipment	(30,930)	(35,221)	(26,798)
Proceeds from sale of investment	—	128,064	—
Cash paid for acquisitions	(59,372)	(33,908)	(34,642)
Cash balance of companies acquired	331	136	3,745
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities—continuing operations	(94,319)	55,455	(61,255)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities—discontinued operations	1,721	22,805	(2,873)
Cash flows from financing activities:		<u>`</u>	,
Proceeds from long-term debt	101,143	50,222	71,516
Repayment of long-term debt	(103,882)	(222,020)	(96,963)
Cash contributions from First American to LeadClick Holdings, LLC	2,402	3,881	(50,505)
Proceeds from Class A Shares issued in connection with stock option plan and employee stock purchase plan	4,719	3,760	2,463
Distribution to minority interest shareholders	(1,127)	(3,930)	(2,613)
Tax (expense) benefit related to stock options	(204)	204	(12)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities—continuing operations	3,051	(167,883)	(25,609)
Effect of exchange rates on cash	(988)	65	(18)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(24,239)	45,038	3,561
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	76,060	31,107	27,644
Change in cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations	540	(85)	(98)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 52,361	\$ 76,060	\$ 31,107

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands)	2008	2007	2006
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 2,544	\$11,311	\$13,238
Cash received for income tax refund	\$ 3,515	\$ —	\$ —
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 84,813	\$30,004	\$47,841
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Class A Shares issued in connection with acquisitions	\$	\$10,912	\$13,103
Notes and deferred payments in connection with acquisitions	\$ 3,026	\$ 3,932	\$ 9,039
Class A Shares issued for compensation	\$ 2,788	\$ 7,383	\$ 1,643
Unrealized (loss) gain on investment	\$(32,988)	\$34,912	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

1. Organization and Nature of Business

First Advantage Corporation (the "Company" or "First Advantage") is a global risk mitigation and business solutions provider and operates in six primary business segments: Lender Services, Data Services, Dealer Services, Employer Services, Multifamily Services, and Investigative and Litigation Support Services.

The Lender Services segment provides consumer credit reporting solutions for mortgage and home equity needs.

The Data Services segment includes business lines that provide transportation credit reporting, motor vehicle record reporting, criminal records reselling, specialty finance credit reporting, consumer credit reporting and lead generation services.

The Dealer Services segment serves the automotive dealer marketplace by delivering consolidated consumer credit reports and automotive lead development services.

The Employer Services segment includes employment background screening, hiring management solutions, occupational health services, tax incentive services and payroll and human resource management.

The Multifamily Services segment includes resident screening services, property management software and renters' insurance services.

The Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment supports businesses and law firms nationwide with their computer forensics, electronic discovery, data recovery, due diligence reporting and corporate and litigation investigative needs.

In March 2006, the Company issued 1,650,455 shares of its Class B common stock to FADV Holdings LLC, a subsidiary of First American. The issuance of the Class B common stock was in accordance with the master transfer agreement with First American for the purchase of its Credit Information Group ("CIG") Business, which included the purchase of First American's minority interest in DealerTrack Holdings, Inc. ("DealerTrack"). The master transfer agreement required the Company to issue additional shares of Class B common stock to First American in the event that DealerTrack consummated an initial public offering of its stock before the second anniversary of the closing of the CIG acquisition and the value of the minority interest in DealerTrack exceeded \$50 million. The initial public offering was completed by DealerTrack on December 16, 2005. The master transfer agreement required the Company to issue the number of shares equal to the quotient of (x) 50% of the amount by which the value of the DealerTrack interest exceeds \$50 million (based on the average closing price per share of DealerTrack's stock over the 60 business day period beginning on the fifth business day after the completion of its initial public offering), divided by (y) \$20.50.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Company's operating results for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 include results for acquired entities from their respective dates of acquisition.

Certain amounts for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 presentation.

Recent market conditions and economic events have had an overall negative impact on the Company's operations and related financial results. As a result of acquisitions, the Company has goodwill of approximately

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

\$731.4 million at December 31, 2008. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142 "Goodwill and other Intangible Assets" and consistent with prior years, the Company's policy is to perform an annual impairment test for each reporting unit in the fourth quarter or sooner if circumstances indicate a possible impairment. The valuation of goodwill requires assumptions and estimates of many critical factors including revenue growth, cash flows, market multiples and discount rates. Forecasts of future operations are based, in part, on operating results and management's expectations as to future market conditions. Many of the factors used in assessing fair value are outside the control of management including future economic and market conditions. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then its goodwill is not considered impaired. In the event that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, then further testing must be performed to determine if the carrying value of goodwill exceeds the fair value of goodwill. The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and lower residual valuation multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss. *See Note* 5 – *Goodwill and Intangible Assets for additional information regarding the impairment loss*. Bue to significant volatility in the current markets, the Company's operations may be negatively impacted in the future to the extent that exposure to impairment losses may be increased.

As part of the Company's streamlining initiative, in the second quarter of 2008, First Advantage sold First Advantage Investigative Services ("FAIS"), which was included in our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment, and Credit Management Solutions Inc. ("CMSI"), which was included in our Dealer Services segment. The 2008 results of these businesses' operations are reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income as discontinued operations. The results of these businesses' operations in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 classification.

In October 2007, the Company completed the sale of its US Search business. US Search was included in our Data Services segment. With the growth of First Advantage, a consumer-driven people locator service no longer fit into the Company's core business strategy. The 2007 results of this business' operations are reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income as discontinued operations. The results of this business' operations in 2006 have been reclassified to conform to the 2007 classification.

In October 2007, the Company sold approximately 2,875,000 shares of DealerTrack Holdings, Inc. ("DealerTrack") common stock. The sale resulted in a pretax investment gain of approximately \$97.4 million or \$58.4 million after tax and \$0.99 per diluted share. The Company discontinued using the equity method of accounting for its remaining investment in DealerTrack, which is accounted for on the cost method. After the sale, First Advantage continues to own approximately 2,553,000 shares of DealerTrack common stock, which is approximately 6% of the outstanding shares.

On March 1, 2007, John Long submitted his resignation as the Chief Executive Officer and as a director of the Company, effective as of March 30, 2007. In connection with his resignation from the Company, Mr. Long and First Advantage entered into a Transition Agreement dated as of March 2, 2007. The Transition Agreement provides that Mr. Long receive cash severance of \$4.4 million; \$2.2 million was paid in March 2007 and the remaining payment of \$2.2 million was paid in March 2008. Mr. Long received an acceleration of his unvested options and two restricted stock awards, effective March 30, 2007. An additional restricted stock award made to Mr. Long will vest during the term of restrictive covenants set forth in the Transition Agreement. Restricted stock units, previously granted to Mr. Long, will continue to vest according to the terms of First Advantage's 2003 Incentive Compensation Plan. Based on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, the Transition Agreement was approved by First Advantage's board of directors on March 1, 2007. In connection

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

with the Transition Agreement, First Advantage recorded compensation expense of \$8.0 million in the first quarter of 2007, reflecting the value of the cash severance payment of \$4.4 million and the value of the previously unvested restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options. The \$8.0 million of compensation expense reduced net income for the year ended December 31, 2007 by \$4.7 million or \$0.08 per diluted share.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements for the three years ended December 31, 2008 include the accounts of the Company and all majority owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates and assumptions used.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments at December 31, 2008 and 2007, which includes cash and cash equivalents, marketable equity securities and accounts receivable, approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The Company's marketable equity securities are classified as available for sale securities. Unrealized holding gains and losses for available for sale securities are excluded from earnings and reported, net of taxes, as accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income. The Company considers its variable rate debt to be representative of current market rates and, accordingly, estimates that the recorded amounts approximate fair market value. Fair value estimates of its fixed rate debt were determined using discounted cash flow methods with a discount rate of 3.25% and 7.25%, which are the estimated rates that similar instruments could be negotiated at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes, are summarized as follows:

	Decembe	r 31, 2008	December	31, 2007
(in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,361	\$ 52,361	\$ 76,060	\$ 76,060
Accounts receivable	121,531	121,531	148,875	148,875
Marketable equity securities	30,365	30,365	85,476	85,476
Long-term debt and capital leases	(32,829)	(32,699)	(32,686)	(32,464)

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers cash equivalents to be all short-term investments that have an initial maturity of 90 days or less.

Marketable Equity Securities

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurments". In accordance with SFAS No. 157, we value our marketable equity securities at fair value. Our marketable securities are valued

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

using quoted market prices (Level 1). FSP No. 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157," delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities until January 1, 2009.

Equity securities consist of the investment in DealerTrack common stock. The Company classifies the investment in DealerTrack as available for sale. Any temporary change in the value based on the stock price at the end of the period is recorded as an unrealized gain or loss in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are due from companies in a broad range of industries located throughout the United States and abroad. Credit is extended based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, and generally, collateral is not required.

The allowance for all probable uncollectible receivables is based on a combination of historical data, cash payment trends, specific customer issues, writeoff trends, general economic conditions and other factors. These factors are continuously monitored by management to arrive at the estimate for the amount of accounts receivable that may be ultimately uncollectible. In circumstances where the Company is aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations, the Company records a specific allowance for doubtful accounts against amounts due, to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount it reasonably believes will be collected. Management believes that the allowance at December 31, 2008 and 2007 is reasonably stated.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Property and equipment includes computer software acquired and developed for internal use. Software development costs are capitalized from the time technological feasibility is established until the software is ready for use.

The Company follows Statement of Position ("SOP") 98-1, "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use." SOP 98-1 requires the Company to capitalize interest costs incurred and certain payroll-related costs of employees directly associated with developing software in addition to incremental payments to third parties. The Company capitalized interest of approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.9 million in the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Depreciation on leasehold improvements is computed on the straight-line method over the shorter of the life of the asset, or the lease term, ranging from 3 to 13 years. Depreciation on data processing equipment and furniture and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 10 years. Capitalized software costs are amortized using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 3 to 7 years.

Database Development Costs

Database development costs represent the cost to develop the proprietary databases of information for customer usage. The costs are capitalized from the time technological feasibility is established until the information is ready for use. These costs are amortized using the straight-line method over estimated useful life of 7 to 10 years.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Goodwill, Customer Lists and Other Identifiable Intangible Assets

Customer lists are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 4 to 20 years. Other identifiable intangibles, which include covenants not to compete and trade names, are amortized straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 2 to 20 years. The Company regularly evaluates the amortization period assigned to each intangible asset to ensure that there have not been any events or circumstances that warrant revised estimates of useful lives. The annual test for impairment was performed in the fourth quarter of 2008 by management, and no impairment of customer lists and other identifiable intangible assets was recorded.

Under SFAS No.142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," the impairment testing process includes two steps. The first step ("Step 1") compares the fair value of each reporting unit to its book value. The fair value of each reporting unit is determined by using discounted cash flow analysis and market approach valuations. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its book value, the goodwill is not considered impaired and no additional analysis is required. However, if the book value is greater than the fair value, a second step ("Step 2") must be completed to determine if the fair value of the goodwill exceeds the book value of the goodwill.

Step 2 involves calculating an implied fair value of goodwill for each reporting unit for which the first step indicated impairment. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in a manner similar to the amount of goodwill calculated in a business combination, by measuring the excess of the estimated fair value of the reporting unit, as determined in the first step, over the aggregate estimated fair values of the individual assets, liabilities and identifiable intangibles as if the reporting unit was being acquired in a business combination. If the implied fair value of goodwill exceeds the carrying value of goodwill assigned to the reporting unit, there is no impairment. If the carrying value of goodwill assigned to a reporting unit exceeds the implied fair value of the goodwill, an impairment loss is recorded for the excess. An impairment loss cannot exceed the carrying value of goodwill assigned to a reporting unit, and the loss establishes a new basis in the goodwill. Subsequent reversal of goodwill impairment losses is not permitted.

The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and residual multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss. *See Note* 5 – *Goodwill and Intangible Assets for additional information regarding the impairment loss*.

Purchase Accounting

The purchase method of accounting requires companies to assign values to assets and liabilities acquired based upon their fair values. In most instances there is not a readily defined or listed market price for individual assets and liabilities acquired in connection with a business, including intangible assets. The determination of fair value for assets and liabilities in many instances requires a high degree of estimation. The valuation of intangible assets, in particular is very subjective. The Company generally uses internal cash flow models and in certain instances third party valuations in estimating fair values. The use of different valuation techniques and assumptions could change the amounts and useful lives assigned to the assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets and related amortization expense. The Company does not anticipate that revisions to the amounts allocated to the acquired assets and liabilities, if any, will be significant to the Company's financial statements.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Income Taxes

Taxes are based on income for financial reporting purposes and include deferred taxes applicable to temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amount and the tax basis of certain of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets

With respect to long-lived assets to be held and used, an asset (or group of assets) will be considered impaired when the expected undiscounted cash flows from use and/or disposition are less than the asset's carrying value. The amount of any impairment loss will be based on the difference between the carrying and fair value of the asset. The determination of fair values considers quoted market prices, if available, and prices for similar assets and the results of other valuation techniques. *See Note* 5 – *Goodwill and Intangible Assets for additional information regarding the impairment loss.*

For assets to be sold, an asset (or group of assets) that meets the criteria established by SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment of Disposal of Long Lived Assets" for classification of assets held for sale will be carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

As part of the Company's streamlining initiative, in the second quarter of 2008, First Advantage sold FAIS and CMSI. In October 2007, the Company completed the sale of its US Search business. See Note 4 – Discontinued Operations for additional information regarding the sales.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of reports and leads is recognized at the time of delivery, as the Company has no significant ongoing obligation after delivery. Revenue from investigative services is recognized as services are performed. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Company includes reimbursed government fees in revenue and in cost of service.

Revenue via the eAdvertising network of the Data Services segment is recognized when transactions are completed as evidenced by qualifying actions by end users of the publishers and/or advertiser on the proprietary eAdvertising network. Revenue as a result of list management services is recognized when transactions are completed as evidenced by qualifying actions of end users. In most instances, the qualifying action that completes the earnings process is the submission of an on-line form that generates a sales lead via the internet.

Membership fees, billed monthly to member's accounts, are recognized in the month the fee is earned. A portion of the membership revenue received is paid in the form of a commission to clients and is reflected in cost of service revenue. Revenue earned from providing services to third party issuers of membership based consumer products is recognized at the time the service is provided, generally on a monthly basis.

Software maintenance revenues are recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance period. Custom programming and professional consulting service revenue is recognized using the percentage-of-completion method pursuant to Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 45 "Long-Term Construction-Type Contracts." To the extent that interim amounts billed to clients exceed revenue earned, deferred income is recorded. Other revenue is recognized upon completion of the contractual obligation, which is typically evidenced by delivery of the product or performance of the service.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Comprehensive (Loss) Income

SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", governs the financial statement presentation of changes in stockholders' equity resulting from nonowner sources. Comprehensive income includes all changes in equity except those resulting from investments by owners and distribution to owners. Specifically, foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains on investment are recorded in other comprehensive (loss) income.

Share-Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123R (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment," which is a revision of SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and supersedes Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and its related implementation guidance. The Statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in sharebased payment transactions. SFAS No. 123R requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). The cost is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award. The Company adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective method. Under this method, results of prior periods are not restated.

Commencing with the first quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company began transitioning from the Black-Scholes options model to a lattice model to estimate the fair value of new employee stock options on the date of grant. The Company believes the lattice option pricing model provides a more refined estimate of the fair value of our employee stock options. The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model for all grants prior to January 1, 2006. For option grants in January 2006 and thereafter, the fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of the grant using the lattice option pricing model. The option pricing models incorporate the following. There were no options granted in the year ended December 31, 2008.

	At Decem	ber 31,
	2007 (Lattice)	2006 <u>(Lattice)</u>
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate ⁽¹⁾		4.56-
	4.61%	4.81%
Expected volatility (2)	30%	30%
Expected life ⁽³⁾	5.25	5.00

The risk-free rate for the periods within the contractual term of the options is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant.
 The expected volatility is a measure of the amount by which a stock price has fluctuated or is expected to fluctuate based primarily on the Company's

historical data. The expected life is the period of time, on average, that participants are expected to hold their options before exercise based primarily on the

⁽³⁾ The expected life is the period of time, on average, that participants are expected to hold their options before exercise based primarily on the Company's historical data.

As share-based compensation expense recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 is based on awards ultimately expected to vest, it has been reduced for forfeitures.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

In the first quarter of 2008, the Company changed from granting stock options as the primary means of share-based compensation to granting restricted stock units ("RSU"). The fair value of any RSU grant is based on the market value of the Company's shares on the date of the grant and is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period. RSUs generally vest over three years at a rate of 33.3% for the first two years and 33.4% for last year. *See Note 15* – *Stock Option Plans for additional information related to options and restricted stock.*

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141R (revised 2007) "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141(R)"). This replaces SFAS 141, "Business Combinations," and requires an acquirer to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, including those arising from contractual contingencies, any contingent consideration, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date, with limited exceptions specified in the statement. SFAS 141(R) also requires the acquirer in a business combination achieved in stages (sometimes referred to as a step acquisition) to recognize the identifiable assets and liabilities, as well as the noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, at the full amounts of their fair values (or other amounts determined in accordance with SFAS 141(R)). In addition, SFAS 141(R)'s requirement to measure the noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at fair value will result in recognizing the goodwill attributable to the noncontrolling interest in addition to that attributable to the acquirer. SFAS 141(R) amends SFAS 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," to require the acquirer to recognize changes in the amount of its deferred tax benefits that are recognizable because of a business combination either in income from continuing operations in the period of the combination or directly in contributed capital, depending on the circumstances. SFAS 141(R) is effective at the beginning of a company's first fiscal year after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 141(R) will change our accounting treatment for business combinations on a prospective basis beginning in the first quarter of 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements" ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 160 amends Accounting Research Bulletin 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements," to establish accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. It also clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements. SFAS 160 also changes the way the consolidated income statement is presented by requiring consolidated net income to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest. It also requires disclosure, on the face of the consolidated statement of income, of the amounts of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest. SFAS 160 is effective at the beginning of a company's first fiscal year after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 160 will change our balance sheet and income statement presentation for noncontrolling interest.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" ("SFAS 162"). This statement identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that are presented in accordance with GAAP. With the issuance of this statement, the FASB concluded that the GAAP hierarchy should be directed toward the entity and not its auditor, and reside in the accounting literature established by the FASB as opposed to the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." This statement is effective 60 days following the Securities and Exchange Commission's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." We have evaluated the new statement and have determined that it will not have a significant impact on the determination or reporting of our financial results.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

3. Acquisitions

During 2008, the Company acquired one business for approximately \$16.3 million cash. The acquisition was in the Employer Services segment. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is based upon estimates of the assets and liabilities acquired in accordance with SFAS No.141, "Business Combinations." In addition, the Company paid consideration of approximately \$43.1 million in cash and \$3.0 million in debt related to earnout provisions from prior year acquisitions and an additional purchase of a portion of the minority interest in LeadClick.

The aggregate purchase price of the acquisition and the earnouts completed during 2008 is as follows:

(in thousands)	
Cash	\$ 59,372
Notes payable	3,026
	\$ 62,398

The cash paid includes \$2.4 million contributed by First American to LeadClick Holding Company, LLC (70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American), a consolidated subsidiary of First Advantage, to fund their portion of the acquisition cost.

The preliminary allocation of the aggregate purchase price of these acquisitions and the earnouts are as follows:

(in thousands)	
Goodwill	\$ 59,417
Identifiable intangible assets	2,308
Net assets acquired	673
	\$ 62,398

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, by operating segment, for the year ended December 31, 2008 are as follows:

(in thousands)	Balance at December 31, 2007	Acquisitions	Impairment loss	Adjustments to net assets acquired	Balance at December 31, 2008
Lender Services	\$ 51,088	\$ 894	\$ —	\$ (468)	\$ 51,514
Data Services	230,115	8,008	(19,734)	510	218,899
Dealer Services	55,155	—	—	515	55,670
Employer Services	245,316	30,406	—	(3,261)	272,461
Multifamily Services	49,100	—	—	74	49,174
Investigative and Litigation Support Services	63,745	20,109	—	(203)	83,651
Consolidated	\$ 694,519	\$ 59,417	\$ (19,734)	\$ (2,833)	\$ 731,369

The adjustments to net assets acquired represent post acquisition adjustments for those companies not acquired in the period.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

In applying the purchase method of accounting, management undertook a comprehensive review of the acquired entity to ensure that all identifiable assets and liabilities are properly recorded at their fair value. The acquisition of this company was based on management's consideration of past and expected future performance as well as the potential strategic fit with the long-term goals of First Advantage. The expected long-term growth, market position and expected synergies to be generated by inclusion of this company are the primary factors which gave rise to an acquisition price which resulted in the recognition of goodwill.

In determining fair value, the Company utilizes a variety of valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis. All excess purchase price is appropriately recorded as goodwill. The useful lives for all assets recorded in purchase accounting are based on market conditions, contractual terms and other appropriate factors.

In connection with the 2005 acquisition of LeadClick, the Company and First American are obligated to purchase the remaining 25% interest in LeadClick ratably over the following three years unless the period is extended by mutual agreement of the parties. During 2008, the Company acquired 8.5% interest for \$8.0 million. During 2007, the Company acquired 8.5% interest for \$12.6 million.

Certain acquisitions have success consideration payments or earn-out provisions included in the purchase agreements. At December 31, 2008, the Company estimates that approximately \$23.6 million in additional consideration will be paid in the next twelve months in connection with these acquisitions. The payments will be in the form of cash and/or stock. The actual amount of the consideration is dependent upon the future operating results of the respective acquisitions. The Company will record the fair value of the additional consideration issued as an additional cost of the respective acquired entities at such time as the contingency is resolved and the additional consideration is distributable. The additional cost will be recorded to goodwill.

4. Discontinued Operations

As discussed in Note 2, in the second quarter of 2008, First Advantage sold FAIS, which was included in our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment, and CMSI, which was included in our Dealer Services segment. The 2008 results of these businesses' operations are reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income as discontinued operations. The results of these businesses' operations in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 classification.

In October 2007, the Company completed the sale of its consumer business, US Search. US Search was included in our Data Services segment. With the growth of First Advantage, a consumer-driven people locator service no longer fit into the Company's core business strategy. The 2007 results of this business' operations are reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income as discontinued operations. The results of this business' operations in 2006 have been reclassified to conform to the 2007 classification.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

The following amounts have been segregated from continuing operations and are reflected as discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2008	2007	2006
Total revenue	\$ 7,671	\$41,176	\$43,952
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	\$ (1,651)	\$ (280)	\$ (237)
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations before income taxes	(5,504)	20,440	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(2,914)	8,175	(97)
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (4,241)	\$11,985	\$ (140)
(Loss) earnings per share:			
Basic	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.21	\$ —
Diluted	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.21	\$ —
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	59,392	58,871	57,502
Diluted	59,499	59,121	58,079

At December 31, 2007, the Company classified certain assets and liabilities associated with the discontinued operations as assets of discontinued operations and liabilities of discontinued operations in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in accordance with the guidance in the SFAS 144, "Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets."

(in thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	540
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$410		2,765
Prepaid expenses and other assets		309
Property and equipment, net		4,641
Goodwill		1,225
Customer lists, net		2,552
Other intangible assets, net		4
Other assets		16
Total assets of discontinued operations	1	2,052
Accounts payable		585
Accrued compensation		2,145
Accrued liabilities		239
Deferred income		1,526
Other long term liabilities		494
Total liabilities of discontinued operations		4,989
Total net assets of businesses held for sale	\$	7,063

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The Company's reporting units for purposes of allocating goodwill and testing for impairment are the following: (i) lender services; (ii) data services (specialty finance lending, transportation, consumer credit, lead

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

generation); (iii) dealer services; (iv) employer services; (v) multifamily services; and (vi) investigative and litigation services.

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," the Company's management completed the 2008 goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter for all reporting units. The goodwill impairment analysis is performed on an annual basis and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The recoverability of goodwill is measured at the reporting unit level, by comparing the reporting unit's carrying amount, including goodwill, to the fair market value of the reporting unit. The Company determines the fair market value of our reporting units based on projected discounted future results and the use of comparative market multiples where available. The use of comparative market multiples (the market approach) compares the reporting unit to other comparable companies based on valuation multiples to arrive at a fair value. The use of projected discounted future results (discounted cash flow approach) is based on assumptions that are consistent with our estimates of future growth and the strategic plan used to manage the underlying business. Factors requiring significant judgment include assumptions related to future growth rates, discount factors, cash flow and market capitalization analysis, amongst other considerations. Changes in economic and operating conditions that occur after the annual impairment analysis or an interim impairment analysis, and that impact these assumptions, may result in a future goodwill impairment loss.

The Company's annual evaluation in 2008 resulted in an impairment loss of \$19.7 million (\$19.5 million net of tax) in the Data Services segment based primarily upon diminished earnings and cash flow expectations for the lead generation reporting unit and lower residual valuation multiples existing in the present market conditions. The lead generation reporting unit is 70% owned by First Advantage and 30% owned by First American; therefore, the Company recorded a reduction of minority interest expense of \$5.7 million related to the impairment loss.

Given the current economic environment and the uncertainties regarding the impact on the Company's business, there can be no assurance that the Company's estimates and assumptions regarding the duration of the ongoing economic downturn, or the period or strength of recovery, made for purposes of the Company's goodwill impairment testing during the year ended December 31, 2008 will prove to be accurate predictions of the future. If the Company's assumptions regarding forecasted revenue or margin growth rates of certain reporting units are not achieved, the Company may be required to record additional goodwill impairment losses in future periods, whether in connection with the Company's next annual impairment testing in the fourth quarter of 2009 or prior to that, if any such change constitutes a triggering event in other than the quarter in which the annual goodwill impairment test is performed. It is not possible at this time to determine if any such future impairment loss would result or, if it does, whether such charge would be material.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007
Goodwill	\$731,369	\$694,519
Customer lists	\$ 95,446	\$ 93,712
Less accumulated amortization	(41,633)	(30,229)
Customer lists, net	\$ 53,813	\$ 63,483
Other identifiable intangible assets:		
Noncompete agreements	11,783	14,717
Trade names	21,631	21,620
	33,414	36,337
Less accumulated amortization	(16,169)	(13,326)
Other identifiable intangible assets, net	\$ 17,245	\$ 23,011

An impairment loss of \$1.3 million was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2008 in the Dealer Services segment. The charge is related to the writeoff of the net book value of the automotive lead generation business' identifiable intangible assets and customer list. The impairment loss was incurred due to the challenging credit market and the negative impact to the automotive lead generation business.

Goodwill of approximately \$0.8 million in 2008 and \$1.7 million in 2007 was disposed of as part of the sale of CMSI and FAIS, and US Search, respectively.

Amortization expense of customer lists and other identifiable intangible assets was approximately \$15.9 million, \$16.0 million and \$15.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Amortization expense relating to customer lists and other identifiable intangible asset balances as of December 31, 2008 is expected to be as follows over the next five years:

(in thousands)	
Year ending December 31,	
2009	\$14,592
2010	13,881
2011	11,278
2012	10,202
2013	8,797
Thereafter	12,308
	\$71,058

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

The change in the carrying amount of identifiable intangible assets is as follows for the year ended December 31, 2008:

(in thousands)	Other Intangible <u>Assets</u>	Customer Lists
Balance, at December 31, 2007	\$ 23,011	\$ 63,483
Acquisitions	_	2,082
Adjustments	216	29
Impairment loss	(1,120)	(461)
Amortization	(4,862)	(11,320)
Balance, at December 31, 2008	\$17,245	\$ 53,813

6. Property and Equipment

As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, property and equipment is as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007
Furniture and equipment	\$ 18,504	\$ 18,628
Data processing equipment	30,635	28,322
Capitalized software	133,972	115,480
Leasehold improvements	11,520	11,552
	194,631	173,982
Less accumulated depreciation	(112,824)	(97,674)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 81,807	\$ 76,308

Depreciation and amortization expense was approximately \$23.6 million, \$21.0 million and \$16.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

7. Database Development Costs

Database development costs for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007
Eviction data	\$ 15,290	\$ 18,349
Criminal data	5,225	4,333
Sub-prime credit data	2,016	1,912
Less accumulated amortization	(10,694)	(13,489)
Database development costs	\$ 11,837	\$ 11,105

Amortization expense relating to database development costs was approximately \$3.1 million, \$2.9 million and \$2.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

8. Investment in Marketable Equity Securities

During March 2003, the Company exchanged its equity interest in a subsidiary of CMSI, a division of the CIG Business, for a 21% equity interest in DealerTrack, a leading provider of transformational business processes for the auto finance industry. The transaction was accounted for at fair value. The investment in DealerTrack was accounted for using the equity method. An investor using the equity method initially records an investment at cost. Subsequently, the carrying amount of the investment is increased to reflect the investor's share of income of the investee and is reduced to reflect the investor's share of losses of the investee or dividends received from the investee. The cost of the investment exceeded the Company's ownership interest in the equity of DealerTrack by approximately \$28.6 million at the date of acquisition and the excess purchase price was accounted for as goodwill.

In March 2006, the Company issued approximately 1.7 million shares of its Class B common stock to FADV Holdings LLC, a subsidiary of First American. The issuance of the Class B common stock was in accordance with the master transfer agreement with First American for the purchase of its Credit Information Group, which included the purchase of First American's minority interest in DealerTrack. The master transfer agreement required the Company to issue additional shares of Class B common stock to First American in the event that DealerTrack consummated an initial public offering of its stock before the second anniversary of the closing of the CIG Business acquisition and the value of the minority interest in DealerTrack exceeded \$50 million. The initial public offering ("IPO") was completed by DealerTrack on December 16, 2005. The master transfer agreement required the Company to issue the number of shares equal to the quotient of (x) 50% of the amount by which the value of the DealerTrack interest exceeds \$50 million (based on the average closing price per share of DealerTrack's stock over the 60 business day period beginning on the fifth business day after the completion of its initial public offering), divided by (y) \$20.50.

In October 2006, DealerTrack completed a follow-on offering of its stock. As a result of the offering, the Company recognized a pretax investment gain of approximately \$7.0 million. The sale of the stock was at a price per share in excess of its carrying value. As a result of the issuance of the shares, the Company's ownership interest in DealerTrack decreased from approximately 16% to 14%.

In October 2007, the Company sold 2,875,000 shares of DealerTrack common stock. The sale resulted in a gain, before income taxes, of approximately \$97.4 million or \$0.99 per diluted share. After the sale, First Advantage owns approximately 2,553,000 shares of DealerTrack common stock, which is approximately 6% of the outstanding shares. As a result, the Company discontinued using the equity method of accounting for its remaining investment in DealerTrack. The investment is classified as marketable equity securities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2008 and 2007. The unrealized loss of \$55.1 million (\$33.0 million net of tax) and unrealized gain of \$58.2 million (\$34.9 million net of tax) for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively were recorded in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, as a component of stockholders' equity. As of February 25, 2009, the market value of the DealerTrack stock has decreased to approximately \$27.1 million.

9. Debt

On September 29, 2005, the Company executed a revolving credit agreement, with a bank syndication (the "Credit Agreement"). Borrowings available under the Credit Agreement total up to \$225 million. The Credit Agreement includes a \$10 million sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit and up to a \$5 million swing loan facility. The credit facility maturity date is September 28, 2010.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

The interest rate is based on one of two options consisting of 1) the higher of Federal Funds Rate plus ¹/2% and Bank of America's announced "Prime Rate" or 2) a "LIBOR based rate". The "LIBOR based rate" is based on LIBOR plus a margin that can range from 1.125% to 1.75% (based on progressive levels of leverage). First Advantage management must elect one of the term based LIBOR options up to three days prior to its utilization.

The Credit Agreement contains usual and customary negative covenants for transactions of this type including but not limited to those regarding liens, investments, creation of indebtedness and fundamental changes, as well as financial covenants of consolidated leverage ratio and minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio.

The Credit Agreement contains usual and customary provisions regarding acceleration. In the event of a default by the Company under the credit facility, the lenders will have no further obligation to make loans or issue letters of credit and in some cases may, at the option of a majority of the lenders, declare all amounts owed by the Company immediately due and payable and require the Company to provide collateral, and in some cases any amounts owed by the Company under the credit facility will automatically become immediately due and payable. The Credit Agreement is collateralized by the stock and accounts receivable of the Company's subsidiaries.

At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company was in compliance with the financial covenants of its loan agreement, except for the Consolidated to Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the quarter ended December 31, 2008. The Company was not in default under the credit agreement in that compliance with this covenant was waived by the required members of the loan syndicate for the quarter ended December 31, 2008.

Long-term debt consists of the following at December 31:

(in thousands)	2008	2007
Acquisition notes:		
Weighted average interest rate of 3.7% and 6.3% at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, with maturities		
through 2011	\$ 16,697	\$ 32,520
Bank notes:		
\$225 million Secured Credit Facility, interest at 30-day LIBOR plus 1.13% (2.08% at December 31, 2008)		
matures September 2010	15,000	_
Capital leases and other debt:		
Various interest rates with maturities through 2011	1,132	166
Total long-term debt and capital leases	32,829	32,686
Less current portion of long-term debt and capital leases	9,891	18,282
Long-term debt and capital leases, net of current portion	\$ 22,938	\$ 14,404

Aggregate maturities of long-term borrowings over the next three years are as follows:

(in thousands)	
Year ending December 31,	
2009	\$ 9,891
2010	22,514
2011	424
Total	\$32,829

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

10. Income Taxes

For income tax purposes, the domestic and foreign components of income from continuing operations before income taxes, including minority interest were as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007	2006
Domestic	\$ 75,586	\$ 206,430	\$ 111,935
Foreign	591	5,223	2,236
Total	\$ 76,177	\$ 211,653	\$ 114,171

The provision (benefit) for income taxes from continuing operations is summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007	2006
Current:			
Federal	\$28,077	\$71,574	\$36,366
State	4,728	14,927	2,893
Foreign	1,644	2,575	1,065
	34,449	89,076	40,324
Deferred:			
Federal	2,821	(3,060)	6,427
State	956	(20)	1,343
Foreign	(1,147)	(465)	(224)
	2,630	(3,545)	7,546
Total current and deferred	\$37,079	\$85,531	\$47,870

Income taxes for continuing operations differ from the amounts computed by applying the federal income tax rate of 35.0%. A reconciliation of the difference is as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007	2006
Taxes calculated at federal rate	\$ 26,655	\$74,079	\$ 39,877
State taxes, net of federal benefit	3,772	9,689	2,753
Impairment of non-deductible goodwill	6,778		
Other items, net	(126)	1,763	5,240
	\$ 37,079	\$85,531	\$ 47,870

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

The primary components of temporary differences that give rise to the Company's net deferred tax liability are as follows:

(in thousands)	2008	2007
Deferred tax assets:		
Federal net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 6,983	\$ 7,717
State net operating loss carryforwards	4,263	4,546
Foreign net operating loss carryforwards	853	
State tax	4,429	6,394
Bad debt reserves	3,514	2,978
Employee benefits	17,350	15,532
Accrued expenses and loss reserves	2,727	2,055
Other	226	298
Less: valuation allowance	(4,242)	(3,690)
	36,103	35,830
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciable and amortizable assets	72,225	66,533
Marketable equity securities	5,682	29,241
Other	3,153	4,818
	81,060	100,592
Net deferred tax liability	\$44,957	\$ 64,762

As of December 31, 2008, the Company estimates that federal and state net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$20.0 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, will be available to reduce future taxable income after taking into account various federal and state limitations on the utilization of such net operating loss carry forwards.

The Company evaluates the realizability of its deferred tax assets by assessing the valuation allowance and by adjusting the amount of such allowance if necessary. The factors used to assess the likelihood of realization are the Company's forecast of future taxable income and available tax planning strategies that could be implemented to realize the net deferred tax assets. Based upon a sustained pattern of historical taxable income, projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the net operating losses will be deductible, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize the benefits of a portion of the net operating loss carry forwards. The valuation allowance consists of the estimated tax effect of the unutilized net operating loss carry forward.

As of December 31, 2008, United States taxes were not provided on income of our foreign subsidiaries, as we have invested or expect to invest the undistributed earnings indefinitely. Income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest for foreign subsidiaries was \$0.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. If in the future this income is repatriated to the United States, or if we determine that the earnings will be remitted in the foreseeable future, additional tax provisions may be required.

The Company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, various state jurisdictions, and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal examinations by tax authorities for years before 2005, and state and local, and non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities before 2003. In February 2008, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") initiated an examination

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

of First Advantage's consolidated 2005 federal income tax return which the Company does not anticipate will result in material adjustments. In 2007, the IRS initiated an examination of the separately filed 2005 federal income tax return of Leadclick Media, Inc. The IRS completed this examination with no material adjustments to the financial statements.

As of December 31, 2008, the Company has a \$4.2 million total liability recorded for unrecognized tax benefits as well as a \$0.3 million total liability for income tax related interest. As of December 31, 2007, the Company recorded unrecognized tax benefits related liabilities for interest and penalties of \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate is \$1.9 million. The majority of the unrecognized tax benefits that would affect the effective tax rate and associated interest, relates to foreign operations. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. The Company does not currently anticipate that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease by the end of 2009.

	Federal		Total Uncertain Tax
	and State	International	Liabilities and Benefits
Balance, at December 31, 2006	\$ 770	\$ —	\$ 770
Increase in current period balances	143	1,065	1,208
Decrease in current period balances	(324)		(324)
Balance, at December 31, 2007	\$ 589	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,654
Increase in current period balances	2,810	201	3,011
Decrease in current period balances	(335)	—	(335)
Reductions due to expired statutes of limitations	(150)		(150)
Balance, at December 31, 2008	\$ 2,914	\$ 1,266	\$ 4,180

11. Employee Benefits

Effective January 1, 2004, the Company created the First Advantage Corporation 401(k) Plan (the "Savings Plan"). All employees of the Company who participated in the First American Corporation 401(k) Savings Plan (the "First American Plan") were transferred into the Savings Plan. A total of 2.0 million shares of First Advantage Class A common stock are reserved for issuance in connection with the Company's Savings Plan. The Savings Plan allows for employee-elective contributions up to the maximum deductible amount as determined by the Internal Revenue Code. In previous years, the Company made contributions to the Savings Plan based on profitability, as well as contributions of the participants. Beginning for the 2006 plan year, the Company is matching dollar for dollar up to three percent of the employees' eligible pay. The Company's expense related to the Savings Plan amounted to approximately \$3.9 million, \$4.1 million, and \$3.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 respectively.

Certain employees of the Company are eligible to participate in First American's defined benefit pension plan. The Company expensed payments to the pension plan of approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. There was no pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2008. The actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits and net assets available for benefits to the Company's employees under this plan is not readily available.

In August 2003, the Company's board of directors approved the First Advantage Corporation 2003 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Stock Purchase Plan"). The Stock Purchase Plan, which is intended to qualify under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code, allows eligible employees to purchase First Advantage

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Class A common stock through payroll deductions for 85% of the fair market value of the First Advantage Class A common stock. Participation in the plan is voluntary. Eligible employees may participate by authorizing payroll deductions of up to 15% of their base pay for each payroll period. At the end of each one-month offering period, each participant will receive an amount of First Advantage Class A common stock equal to the sum of that participant's payroll deductions during such period divided by 85% of the fair market value of the common stock at the end of the period. No employee may participate in the plan if such employee owns or would own after the purchase of shares under the plan, 5% or more of the voting power of all classes of First Advantage stock. Shares of First Advantage Class A common stock are reserved for issuance under the plan. A total of 55,660, 62,044 and 63,608 shares were issued in connection with the plan during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

12. Related Parties

First American provides certain legal, financial, technology, administrative and managerial support services to the Company. A service agreement was entered into on January 1, 2004. Under the terms of the agreement, human resources systems and payroll systems and support, network services and financial systems are provided at an annual cost of approximately \$0.3 million. The initial term of the agreement is for one year, and self renews every six months. In addition, certain other services including corporate insurance, personal property leasing, software licensing and maintenance, and company car programs are provided at actual cost. The Company incurred approximately \$8.5 million, \$9.5 million, and \$9.5 million in operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

First American and certain affiliates provided sales and marketing, legal, financial, technology, leased facilities, leased equipment and other administrative services to the CIG Business. As part of the acquisition of the CIG Business, an amended and restated services agreement was entered into on September 14, 2005. Under the terms of the new agreement, human resources systems and payroll systems and support, network services and financial systems are provided at an annual cost of approximately \$4.5 million. The amounts allocated to the CIG Business prior to September 14, 2005 were based on management's assumptions (primarily usage, time incurred and number of employees) as to the proportion of the services used by the CIG Business in relation to the actual costs incurred by First American and affiliates in providing the services. The Company incurred approximately \$4.5 million in service fees for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The initial term of the agreement was for one year, and self renews every six months.

The Company also entered into an agreement with First American to lease the Company's headquarters' office space in Poway, California. The lease was for an initial lease term of five years to commence on the closing date with a one-time option to renew the term for an additional five years. The rent payable under the lease is approximately \$169,000 a month and the Company is obligated to pay all costs and expenses related to the property, including operating expenses, maintenance and taxes. The Company incurred approximately \$2.0 million in rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Effective January 1, 2003, the Company and a subsidiary of First American entered into an agreement whereby the Company will act as an agent in selling renters insurance. The Company receives a commission of 12% of the insurance premiums and 20% of the profits (as defined in the agreement) of the insurance premiums written. Commissions earned in 2008, 2007 and 2006 were approximately \$2.5 million, \$1.9 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

The Company performs employment screening, credit reporting and hiring management services for First American. Total revenue from First American was approximately \$4.1 million, \$3.0 million and \$2.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

First American Real Estate Solutions, LLC ("FARES"), a joint venture between First American and Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ("Experian"), owns 50% of a joint venture that provides mortgage credit reports and operations support to a nationwide mortgage lender. FARES records the 50% share of the earnings of the joint venture using the equity method of accounting. In connection with the 2005 acquisition of the CIG Business, FARES entered into an outsourcing agreement where the Company continues to provide these services to the nationwide mortgage lender. These joint venture related earnings are included in service revenue in the accompanying combined statements of income and totaled \$5.3 million, \$4.8 million, and \$5.2 million, for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Effective January 1, 2008, the Company entered into two agreements (Computer License agreement and a Service Agreement) with Rels Reporting Services, which replaced the original agreements that had provided for charging merge fees on credit reports issued and the reimbursement of the majority of operating costs. These new agreements incorporate a transaction fee and a fixed fee for services, and minimize the reimbursement of operating costs. This management fee is included in service revenue and was \$9.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, respectively and are included in service revenue in the accompanying combined statement of income. The residual reimbursement for operating costs were \$0.4 million, \$0.5 million, and \$2.7 million, for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The reimbursement of operating costs is reflected as a reduction in operating expenses in the accompanying financial statements.

First American CoreLogic ("FACL") and First Advantage's Lender Services segment have partnered to provide a major national lender consumer data from the FACL databases in a Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA") compliant method. First Advantage purchases of data from FACL totaled \$1.9 million and \$0.2 million in 2008 and 2007 respectively. The Company did not purchase any data in 2006.

Experian owns approximately 6% of a combination of First Advantage's Class A and Class B common shares and is considered a related party. The cost of credit reports purchased by the Company from Experian was \$24.9 million, \$28.8 million, and \$30.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The Company sells background and lead generation services to Experian. Total revenue from these sales was \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

The Company leases certain office facilities, automobiles and equipment under operating leases, which, for the most part, are renewable. The majority of these leases also provide that the Company will pay insurance and taxes. Rent expense under operating leases was approximately \$21.7 million, \$23.3 million and \$22.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Future minimum rental payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2008, are as follows:

(in thousands)	
Year ending December 31,	
2009	\$14,164
2010	10,695
2011	8,265
2012	6,608
2013	6,751
Thereafter	14,465 \$ 60,948
	\$60,948

Litigation

The Company is involved in litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business. The Company does not believe that the outcome of any pending or threatened litigation will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or operating results.

14. Earnings Per Share

Pursuant to the provisions of SFAS No.128 "Earnings Per Share", basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding during the period. Dilutive common stock equivalents represent shares issuable upon assumed exercise of stock options and warrants. Options and warrants totaling 3,310,547; 2,872,378 and 1,531,733 in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively, were excluded from the weighted average diluted shares outstanding, as they were antidilutive.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

A reconciliation of earnings per share and weighted-average shares outstanding is as follows:

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2008	2007	2006
Income from continuing operations	\$39,098	\$126,122	\$66,301
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(973)	(152)	(140)
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	(3,268)	12,137	
Net income—numerator for basic and full diluted earnings per share	\$34,857	\$138,107	\$66,161
Denominator:			
Weighted-average shares for basic earnings per share	59,392	58,871	57,502
Effect of restricted stock	97	101	47
Effect of contingent shares related to DealerTrack	—	—	367
Effect of dilutive securities—employee stock options and warrants	10	149	163
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	59,499	59,121	58,079
Earnings per share			
Basic:			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.66	\$ 2.14	\$ 1.15
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.02)	—	
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.05)	0.21	
Net income	\$ 0.59	\$ 2.35	\$ 1.15
Diluted:			
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.66	\$ 2.13	\$ 1.14
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.02)		
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.05)	0.21	_
Net income	\$ 0.59	\$ 2.34	\$ 1.14

15. Stock Option Plans

Incentive Compensation Plan

The Company's board of directors and stockholders have adopted the 2003 First Advantage Incentive Compensation Plan. The plan is intended to promote the long-term success of the Company and increase stockholder value by attracting, motivating, and retaining key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates, and by motivating consultants who provide significant services to the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates. To achieve this purpose, the plan allows the granting of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, performance unit awards, performance share awards and cash-based awards to eligible persons.

Subject to adjustment for certain changes in the Company's capitalization, a total of 7.0 million shares of First Advantage Class A common stock are available for issuance under the plan. The plan is administered by the compensation committee of the board of directors of the Company.

Upon the occurrence of a change of control transaction (as defined in the plan), generally all awards under the plan accelerate, all restrictions are lifted and all performance goals are achieved, subject to certain limitations. The committee may provide that any award, the payment of which was deferred under the plan, will be paid or distributed as of, or promptly following, a change of control transaction. The committee may also provide that

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

any awards subject to any such acceleration, payment, adjustment or conversion cannot be exercised after, or will terminate as of, a change of control transaction.

Options vest over three years at a rate of 33.4% for the first year and 33.3% for each of the two following years. The option grant expires ten years after the grant date. As of January 1, 2006, the Company accounts for these share-based grants in accordance with SFAS No. 123R, which requires that the cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions, be recognized in the financial statements. Share-based compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was \$9.1 million (\$6.0 million after tax or \$0.10 per basic and diluted share), \$12.8 million (\$8.3 million after tax or \$0.15 per basic and diluted share), respectively. Prior to adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the Company applied APB Opinion No. 25 to account for its share-based awards. Under the provisions of APB Opinion No. 25, the company was not required to recognize compensation expense for the cost of stock options or shares issued under the Company's Stock Purchase Plan.

As of December 31, 2008, \$2.6 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to non-vested options is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.79 years. There were no share-based compensation costs capitalized as of December 31, 2008.

In the first quarter of 2008, the Company changed from granting stock options as the primary means of share-based compensation to granting restricted stock units ("RSU"). The fair value of any RSU grant is based on the market value of the Company's shares on the date of the grant and is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period. RSUs generally vest over three years at a rate of 33.3% for the first two years and 33.4% for last year.

As of December 31, 2008, \$13.1 million of total unrecognized compensation costs related to non-vested restricted stock awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.75 years.

Warrants and Options to Purchase Class A Common Stock, Assumed in the Merger

The Company agreed to assume the obligations of US Search contained in all warrants to purchase common stock of US Search outstanding on the closing date of the merger. Pursuant to the merger agreement and the terms of the warrants, the holders of the warrants are entitled to receive upon exercise thereof 0.04 of a share of First Advantage Class A common stock for each share of US Search common stock that such warrant holder would have been entitled to receive pursuant to the warrant prior to the closing of the merger. The Company had outstanding warrants to purchase up to 41,462 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$12.05 per share as of December 31, 2008.

All outstanding stock options, stock appreciation rights, limited stock appreciation rights and stock purchase rights of US Search were assumed by the Company and converted automatically into options to purchase shares of First Advantage Class A common stock calculated in accordance with the exchange ratio, rounded down to the nearest whole share. The exercise price is equal to the exercise price per share of US Search common stock divided by the exchange ratio, rounded down to the nearest whole cent. The outstanding stock options, stock appreciation rights, limited stock appreciation rights and stock purchase rights of US Search otherwise continue to be exercisable and vest subject to the terms and conditions applicable to them before the mergers. However, all outstanding stock options issued to US Search employees and directors pursuant to the US Search Amended and Restated 1998 Stock Incentive Plan and all outstanding stock options issued to US Search's non-employee directors pursuant to the US SEARCH.com 1999 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan accelerated and became fully vested upon the occurrence of the mergers. As of December 31, 2008, the Company had outstanding options (previously issued by US Search) to purchase up to 43,944 shares of its common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$7.03 to \$225.00 per share.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Stock option activity under the Company's stock plan since December 31, 2007 is summarized as follows:

(in thousands, except weighted average price)	Number of Shares	A	/eighted werage rcise Price	Ir	gregate itrinsic Value
Options outstanding at December 31, 2007	4,615	\$	22.60	\$	47
Options granted		\$			
Options exercised	(223)	\$	17.72		
Options canceled	(900)	\$	21.88		
Options outstanding at December 31, 2008	3,492	\$	23.09	\$	28
Options exercisable, end of the year	2,881	\$	22.65	\$	28

In 2007, approximately 157,000 options were exercised at an average price of \$16.53, approximately 253,000 options were forfeited at an average price of \$23.84, and approximately 824,000 options were granted at an average price of \$25.47.

In 2006, approximately 75,000 options were exercised at an average price of \$16.16, approximately 174,000 options were forfeited at an average price of \$23.44, and approximately 947,000 options were granted at an average price of \$24.46.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$0.9 million \$1.3 million and \$0.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

A total of 8,408 shares were issued in conjunction with the exercise of warrants at an average price of \$13.26 in 2007. A total of 1,482 shares were issued in conjunction with the exercise of warrants at an average price of \$26.10 in 2006.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2008:

(in thousands, except weighted average price and life)		Options Outstanding			Option	ıs Exercisa	able
		Weighted Avg Remaining Contractual	Weighted Average				eighted verage
Range of Exercise Prices	Shares	Life in Years	Exer	cise Price	Shares	Exer	cise Price
\$ 7.00 - \$ 12.50	9	2.7	\$	11.13	9	\$	11.13
\$12.51 - \$ 25.00	2,319	5.3	\$	20.85	2,054	\$	20.55
\$25.01 - \$ 50.00	1,153	6.7	\$	27.08	807	\$	27.23
\$50.01 - \$242.25	11	1.5	\$	87.63	11	\$	87.63
	3,492				2,881		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Restricted stock activity since December 31, 2007 is summarized as follows:

(in thousands, except weighted average fair value prices)	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Nonvested restricted stock outstanding at December 31, 2007	336	\$ 26.10
Restricted stock granted	492	\$ 19.61
Restricted stock forfeited	(69)	\$ 22.38
Restricted stock vested	(127)	\$ 25.70
Nonvested restricted stock outstanding at December 31, 2008	632	\$ 21.53

In 2007, approximately 297,000 RSUs were granted at an average price of \$26.43, approximately 16,000 were forfeited at an average price of \$26.43, and approximately 114,000 were vested at an average price of \$25.14.

In 2006, approximately 136,000 RSUs were granted at an average price of \$26.23 and approximately 19,000 were vested at an average price of \$20.46.

The following table illustrates the share-based compensation expense recognized for the three years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006. Approximately \$3.4 million of the year ended December 31, 2007 share-based compensation expense is related to the former CEO's 2007 transition agreement.

(in thousands)	2008	2007	2006
Stock options	\$4,603	\$ 7,742	\$ 8,638
Restricted stock	4,373	4,826	1,293
Employee stock purchase plan	139	207	205
	\$9,115	\$12,775	\$10,136

16. Segment Information

The Company operates in six primary business segments: Lender Services, Data Services, Dealer Services, Employer Services, Multifamily Services, and Investigative and Litigation Support Services.

The Lender Services segment offers lenders across the country credit reporting solutions for mortgage and home equity needs.

The Data Services segment includes business lines that provide transportation credit reporting, motor vehicle record reporting, criminal records reselling, specialty finance credit reporting, consumer credit reporting services and lead generation services. Revenue for the Data Services segment includes \$5.1 million, \$5.0 million and \$4.7 million of inter-segment sales for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. Approximately \$6.7 million in assets for discontinued operations are excluded from the Data Services segment total in 2006 related to the sale of US Search.

The Dealer Services business segment serves the automotive dealer marketplace by delivering consolidated consumer credit reports, and automotive lead generation services. Revenue for the Dealer Services segment includes \$0.1 million, of inter-segment sales for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. Total assets for

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Dealer Services include approximately \$30.4 million, \$85.5 million and \$38.5 million related to the DealerTrack investment at December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Approximately \$7.3 million and \$8.6 million in assets for discontinued operations are excluded from the Dealer Services segment total in 2007 and 2006, respectively related to the sale of CMSI.

The Employer Services segment includes employment background screening, occupational health services, tax incentive services and hiring solutions. Products and services relating to employment background screening include criminal records searches, employment and education verification, social security number verification and credit reporting. Occupational health services include drug-free workplace programs, physical examinations and employee assistance programs. Hiring solutions include applicant tracking software, recruiting services and outsourced management of payroll and human resource functions. Tax incentive services include services related to the administration of employment-based and location-based tax credit and incentive programs and fleet asset management programs. Revenue for the Employer Services segment includes \$0.6 million, \$0.8 million and \$1.0 million of inter-segment sales for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

The Multifamily Services segment includes resident screening and software services. Resident screening services include criminal background and eviction searches, credit reporting, employment verification and lease performance and payment histories. Revenue for the Multifamily Services segment includes \$0.7 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.4 million of inter-segment sales for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively.

The Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment includes all investigative services. Products and services offered by the Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment includes, computer forensics, electronic discovery, due diligence reports and other high level investigations. Revenue from the Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment includes \$0.3 million of inter-segment sales for the year ended December 31, 2006. Approximately \$4.8 million and \$5.0 million in assets for discontinued operations are excluded from the Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment total in 2007 and 2006, respectively related to the sale of FAIS.

The impairment losses for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are included in the respective segments' depreciation and amortization expense.

The elimination of intra-segment revenue and cost of service revenue is included in Corporate. These transactions are recorded at cost.

International operations included in the Employer Services segment include service revenue of \$43.8 million, \$42.8 million, and \$21.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. Total assets for the foreign background division under the Employer Services segment were \$67.7 million, \$69.3 million and \$40.0 million at December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. International operations included in the Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment include service revenue of \$43.3 million and \$43.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Total international assets for the Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment were \$11.3 million and \$22.2 million at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

Selected financial information for the Company's operations by segment for each of the past three years is as follows:

	Service	Depreciation and	Income (Loss) From Continuing	
(in thousands)	Revenue	Amortization	Operations	Assets
2008				
Lender Services	\$128,930	\$ 4,464	\$ 19,955	\$ 78,017
Data Services	146,798	10,930	6,670	309,101
Dealer Services	88,338	974	12,924	92,279
Employer Services	211,101	13,045	16,708	396,901
Multifamily Services	73,337	5,747	21,146	83,703
Investigative and Litigation Support Services	81,723	3,180	31,051	110,079
Corporate and Eliminations	(2,951)	4,253	(36,634)	65,683
Consolidated	\$727,276	\$ 42,593	\$ 71,820	\$1,135,763
2007				
Lender Services	\$154,399	\$ 6,792	\$ 33,109	\$ 75,389
Data Services	121,788	10,250	33,687	314,928
Dealer Services	104,017	1,098	15,151	151,138
Employer Services	233,824	10,421	29,126	386,096
Multifamily Services	72,276	4,880	18,621	83,318
Investigative and Litigation Support Services	86,720	2,954	37,068	108,033
Corporate and Eliminations	(2,859)	3,325	(45,633)	100,979
Consolidated (excluding Assets for Discontinued Operations)	\$770,165	\$ 39,720	\$ 121,129	\$1,219,881
2006				
Lender Services	\$179,854	\$ 6,755	\$ 54,271	\$ 78,556
Data Services	128,961	10,331	40,114	309,385
Dealer Services	110,746	1,236	16,444	107,967
Employer Services	195,737	8,507	19,832	345,747
Multifamily Services	68,811	4,522	15,128	78,131
Investigative and Litigation Support Services	45,007	2,607	12,256	80,092
Corporate and Eliminations	(3,807)	1,626	(37,418)	69,714
Consolidated (excluding Assets for Discontinued Operations)	\$725,309	\$ 35,584	\$ 120,627	\$1,069,592

17. Unaudited Quarterly Financial Data

The following table sets forth certain unaudited financial data of the Company for the periods as indicated. The Company's operating results for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 include results for the acquired entities from their respective dates of acquisition.

As part of the Company's streamlining initiative, in the second quarter of 2008, First Advantage sold FAIS, which was included in our Investigative and Litigation Support Services segment, and CMSI, which was

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

included in our Dealer Services segment. These businesses are presented in discontinued operations at December 31, 2008. The results of these businesses' operations in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 classification.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—(Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

		For the qua	rters ended	
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	3/31/2008	6/30/2008	9/30/2008	12/31/2008
Total revenue	\$202,279	\$195,545	\$188,297	\$193,842
Gross margin	\$134,538	\$128,936	\$121,144	\$112,678
Income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ 16,266	\$ 13,652	\$ 12,631	\$ (3,451)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(2,977)	(1,264)		
Net income	\$ 13,289	\$ 12,388	\$ 12,631	\$ (3,451)
Per share amounts				
Basic:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.06)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.05)	(0.02)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.06)
Diluted:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.06)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.05)	(0.02)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.06)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	59,159	59,435	59,478	59,492
Diluted	59,234	59,617	59,529	59,546
		For the gua	rtors and ad	
	3/31/2007	For the qua 	rters ended 	12/31/2007
Total revenue	3/31/2007 \$205,261			<u>12/31/2007</u> \$200,314
Total revenue Gross margin		6/30/2007	9/30/2007	
Gross margin	\$205,261	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541	\$200,314 \$139,817
	\$205,261 \$132,348	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111	9/30/2007 \$208,585	\$200,314
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153	6/30/2007 \$210,111 \$138,180 \$18,195	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic:	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts:	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$ 11,153 90 \$ 11,243	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$ 11,153 90 \$ 11,243	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90 \$11,243 \$0.19 	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347 \$ 0.31 	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953 \$0.32 	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32 0.20
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90 \$11,243 \$0.19 	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347 \$ 0.31 	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953 \$0.32 	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32 0.20
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Diluted:	$ \begin{array}{r} \$205,261\\ \$132,348\\ \$11,153\\ 90\\ \$11,243\\ \$11,243\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ 8\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ 8\\$	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347 \$ 0.31 \$ 0.31	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953 \$0.32 	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32 0.20 \$1.52
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Diluted: Income from continuing operations, net of tax	$ \begin{array}{r} \$205,261\\ \$132,348\\ \$11,153\\ 90\\ \$11,243\\ \$11,243\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ 8\\\\ \$0.19\\\\ 8\\$	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347 \$ 0.31 \$ 0.31	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953 \$0.32 	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32 0.20 \$1.52 \$1.31
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Diluted: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90 \$11,243 \$0.19 <u></u> \$0.19 \$0.19	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347 \$ 0.31 \$ 0.31 \$ 0.31 	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953 \$0.32 \$0.32 \$0.32 	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32 0.20 \$1.52 \$1.31 0.20
Gross margin Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Per share amounts: Basic: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from discontinued operations, net of tax Net income Diluted: Income from continuing operations, net of tax Income from continuing operations, net of tax Net income	\$205,261 \$132,348 \$11,153 90 \$11,243 \$0.19 <u></u> \$0.19 \$0.19	6/30/2007 \$ 210,111 \$ 138,180 \$ 18,195 152 \$ 18,347 \$ 0.31 \$ 0.31 \$ 0.31 	9/30/2007 \$208,585 \$140,541 \$18,764 189 \$18,953 \$0.32 \$0.32 \$0.32 	\$200,314 \$139,817 \$78,010 11,554 \$89,564 \$1.32 0.20 \$1.52 \$1.31 0.20

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), after evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the fiscal year covered by this report on Form 10-K, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under such Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

(b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of First Advantage Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting has been designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect transactions and dispositions of assets of the Company; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the Company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework*. Based on that assessment under the framework in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework*, management concluded that, as of December 31, 2008, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered certified public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears herein.

(c) Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

PART III

The information required by Items 10 through 14 of this report is set forth in the sections entitled "Nominees for Election of Directors," "Information about our Board of Directors," "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation," "Report of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors on Executive Compensation," "Executive Officers," "Compensation of Executive Officers and Directors," "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management," "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions," and "Principal Accounting Fees and Services" in the Company's definitive proxy statement, which sections are incorporated in this report by reference. The definitive proxy statement will be filed no later than 120 days after the close of First Advantage's fiscal year end of December 31, 2008.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedule.

nen	1 1.5.	
(a)	1.	The following consolidated financial statements of First Advantage Corporation and its subsidiaries are included in Item 8.
		Report of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm
		Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007
		Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006
		Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006
		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006
		Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

2. Financial Statement Schedule.

SCHEDULE II — VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

(in thousands) Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs & Expenses	Charged to Other Accounts ⁽¹⁾	Deductions	Balance at End of Period
Year ended December 31, 2008					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 7,003	\$ 8,826	\$ —	\$ (7,484)	\$ 8,345
Year ended December 31, 2007					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 6,056	\$ 8,422	\$ (342)	\$ (7,133)	\$ 7,003
Year ended December 31, 2006					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 4,537	\$ 5,492	\$ (423)	\$ (3,550)	\$ 6,056

(1) Allowances established as a result of acquisitions

3. Exhibits—See exhibit index. (Each management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement is identified on the Exhibit Index by and asterisk (*))

Copies of the Company's Form 10-K that are furnished to stockholders of the Company do not include the exhibits listed above. Any stockholder desiring copies of one or more of such exhibits should write to the Secretary of the Company specifying the exhibit or exhibits required.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on this 26th day of February, 2009.

FIRST ADVANTAGE CORPORATION

By: /s/ Anand Nallathambi

Anand Nallathambi Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Date: February 26, 2009	By:	/s/ Anand Nallathambi
		Anand Nallathambi Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
Date: February 26, 2009	By:	/s/ John Lamson
		John Lamson Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ PARKER S. KENNEDY Parker S. Kennedy, Chairman
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ J. DAVID CHATHAM J. David Chatham, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ BARRY CONNELLY Barry Connelly, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /s/ JILL KANIN-LOVERS Jill Kanin-Lovers, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /s/ FRANK MCMAHON Frank McMahon, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ DONALD NICKELSON Donald Nickelson, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ DONALD ROBERT Donald Robert, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ DAVID WALKER David Walker, Director
Date: February 26, 2009	By: /S/ D. VAN SKILLING D. Van Skilling, Director
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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Description
2	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated December 13, 2002, by and among the Company, The First American Corporation, US SEARCH.com Inc. and Stockholm Seven Merger Corp. (incorporated by reference to Annex A to the prospectus forming a part of the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
2.1	Amended and Restated Master Transfer Agreement among The First American Corporation, First American Real Estate Services, Inc., First American Real Estate Solutions, LLC, FADV Holdings LLC, and First Advantage Corporation, dated as of June 22, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
2.2	Contribution Agreement among The First American Corporation, First American Real Estate Services, Inc., FADV Holdings LLC, and First Advantage Corporation, dated as of September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
2.3	Contribution Agreement among First American Real Estate Solutions, LLC, FADV Holdings LLC, and First Advantage Corporation, dated as of September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.3 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
2.4	Stock Purchase Agreement Among First Advantage Corporation, Leadclick Holding Company, LLC, Robert Afshar and RaaBoom LLC, dated November 7, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on November 8, 2005 (No. 051185511))
3.1	First Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of First Advantage Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the First Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of First Advantage Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
3.3	Bylaws of First Advantage Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
3.4	Bylaws of First Advantage Corporation, as Amended and Restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on February 20, 2007 (No. 07636597))
4.1	Form of certificate representing shares of the Registrant's Class A common stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
4.2	Form of certificate representing shares of the Registrant's Class B common stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
10.1	First Advantage Corporation 2003 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.19 to the amendment to the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on April 4, 2003 (No. 333-102565))*
10.2	First Advantage Corporation 2003 Incentive Compensation Plan, Amended and Restated as of September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 8, 2005 (No. 051185511))*
10.3	First Advantage Corporation 2003 Incentive Compensation Plan, Amended and Restated as of March 22, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Appendix B to the annual proxy on Form Definitive 14A filed by the Company on March 27, 2007(No. 07720763))*

Exhibit	Description
10.4	Form of Indemnification Agreement, dated May 9, 2005, between First Advantage Corporation and each member of its board of directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on August 15, 2005 (No. 051025447))
10.5	First Advantage Corporation "Flexible Long-Term Incentive Program" (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the current report on Form 8- K filed by the Company on February 7, 2006 (No. 06586097))*
10.6	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on February 7, 2006 (No. 06586097))
10.7	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on February 7, 2006 (No. 06586097))
10.8	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the current report on Form 8-K filed by the Company on February 7, 2006 (No. 06586097))
10.9	First Advantage Corporation 2003 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.20 to the amendment to the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on April 24, 2003 (No. 333-102565))*
10.10	Stockholders Agreement, dated as of December 13, 2002, by and among the Company, The First American Corporation and Pequot Private Equity Fund II, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Annex D to the prospectus forming a part of the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
10.11	Amendment No 1. to Stockholders Agreement, dated as of March 31, 2006 ,by and the Company, The First American Corporation and Pequot Private Equity Fund II, L.P (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on May 9, 2006 (No. 06821038))
10.12	Amendment No. 2 to Stockholders Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2006, by and among the Company, The First American Corporation and Pequot Private Equity Fund II, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 1, 2007 (No. 07661889))
10.13	Form of Standstill Agreement by and between the Company and The First American Corporation (incorporated by reference to Annex E to the prospectus forming a part of the registration statement on Form S-4 filed by the Company on January 17, 2003 (No. 333-102565))
10.14	Amended and Restated Services Agreement, dated January 1, 2004, between the Company and The First American Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 11, 2004 (No. 000-50285))
10.15	Service Agreement for End-User, effective December 31, 2003, by and between First Advantage Enterprise Screening Corporation and The First American Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 11, 2004 (No. 000-50285))
10.16	Agency/Company Agreement, effective January 1, 2003, between First American Property & Casualty Insurance Company and Multifamily Community Insurance Agency, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 11, 2004 (No. 000-50285))
10.17	Profit Share Program letter, dated January 1, 2003, from First American Property & Casualty Insurance Company to Multifamily Community Insurance Agency, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 11, 2004 (No. 000-50285))
10.18	Office Lease by and between First American Title Insurance Company and First Advantage Corporation, dated September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))

Exhibit	Description
10.19	Credit Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2005, among First Advantage Corporation as the Borrower, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Swing Line Lender and L/C Issuer, LaSalle Bank National Association, as Syndication Agent, Wachovia Bank, National Association and Suntrust Bank, as Co-Documentation Agents and the Other Lenders Party Hereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.20	Pledge Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Bank of American, N.A., as administrative and collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.21	Security Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Bank of America, N.A., as administrative and collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.22	Subsidiary Guaranty Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Bank of America, N.A., as administrative and collateral agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.23	Note, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of LaSalle Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.24	Note, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Wachovia Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.25	Note, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Suntrust Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.26	Note, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of U.S. Bank National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.27	Note, dated as of September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Commerzbank AG, New York and Grand Cayman Branches (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.28	Note, dated September 28, 2005, made by First Advantage Corporation in favor of Regions Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.29	Lease Agreement, dated January 17, 2005 between First Advantage Corporation and 100 Carillon, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 10, 2005 (No. 001-31666))
10.30	Amended and Restated Services Agreement between The First American Corporation and First Advantage Corporation, dates as of September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.31	Outsourcing Agreement between First American Real Estate Solutions, LLC and First Advantage Corporation, dated as of September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))

Exhibit	Description
10.32	Equipment Sublease by and between FADV Holdings LLC and First Advantage Corporation made and entered into as of September 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the current report on Form 8-K filed on September 16, 2005 (No. 051087660))
10.33	The Registration Rights Agreement dated September 14, 2005, by and among First Advantage Corporation and Experian Information Solutions, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the current report on Form 8-K filed on September 16, 2005 (No. 051087660))
10.34	Amendment to Registration Agreement, dated November 1, 2005 between First Advantage Corporation and Experian Information Solutions, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on November 11, 2005 (No. 05784563))
10.35	Reimbursement Agreement entered into October 11, 2005 between The First American Corporation and First Advantage Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.36 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 16, 2006 (No. 06691781))
10.36	LeadClick Holding Company, LLC Operating Agreement by and between First American Real Estate Information Services, Inc. and First Advantage Corporation, dated November 7, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.37 to the annual report on Form 10-K filed by the Company on March 16, 2006 (No. 06691781))
10.37	Transition Agreement, dated March 2, 2007, by and between John Long and First Advantage Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on May 3, 2007 (No. 07814714))
10.38	Dealer Track Holdings, Inc. Underwriting Agreement, dated October 18, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on October 31, 2007 (No. 071201254))
10.39	Training Grant Services Agreement among The First American Corporation and First Advantage Tax Consulting Services, Inc., dated April 28, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on October 31, 2007 (No. 07120154))
10.40	Data License and Information Services Agreement between Teletrack, Inc. and First American CoreLogic, dated as of January 11, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on May 1, 2008, (No. 08793163))
10.41	Service Agreement among First Advantage Screening Corporation and The First American Corporation, dated as of January 11, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on May 1, 2008, (No. 08793163)).
10.42	License Agreement among First Advantage Credco, LLC and the First American CoreLogic, Inc., dated as of March 11, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on May 1, 2008, (No. 08793163)).
10.43	Flood Zone Determination Wholesale Service Provider Agreement among First Advantage Credco, LLC and First American Flood Hazard Certification LLC, dated as of March 1, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on May 1, 2008, (No. 08793163)).
10.44	Master License Agreement between First American CoreLogic, Inc. and First Advantage Credco, LLC, effective May 7, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on July 31, 2008, (No. 08980513))
10.45	Data Furnisher Agreement by and between First Advantage Credco, LLC and First American CoreLogic, Inc., dated May 7, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on July 31, 2008, (No. 08980513))
10.46	Service Agreement by and between First Advantage Credco, LLC and Rels Reporting Services, LLC, effective January 1, 2008 and executed June 13, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on July 31, 2008, (No. 08980513))

Exhibit	Description
10.47	Computer Systems and Software Lease and License Agreement by and between First Advantage Credco, LLC and Rels Reporting Services, LLC, effective January 1, 2008, and executed June 13, 2008. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed by the Company on July 31, 2008, (No. 08980513))
10.48	Educational Background Checking Services Agreement by and between First Advantage Corporation and Docufide, Inc. effective October 3, 2008 and executed October 8, 2008.
21	Subsidiaries of the Company
23	Consent of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm
31.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
32.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

Copies of the Company's Form 10-K that are furnished to stockholders of the Company do not include the exhibits listed above. Any stockholder desiring copies of one or more of such exhibits should write to the Secretary of the Company specifying the exhibit or exhibits required.

Docu**fide**"

John Reese, President/CEO 310.309-3722 x629 john.reese@docufide.com

October 3, 2008

Mr. Todd Mavis, EVP - Operations First Advantage Corporation 12395 First American Way Poway, CA 92064

Dear Todd:

We at Docufide are excited to begin to cultivate our partnership with First Advantage Corporation ("FADV") through the initial program we have identified and to concurrently move forward towards: (i) a second program in which FADV will be a sponsor of Docufide's Diploma Audit services, and (ii) creation of a Joint Venture with the parties anticipating the execution of a more detailed agreement memorializing that relationship targeted to be completed within the next one hundred eighty (180) days. The proposal provided below is intended to address the stated needs and objectives of both organizations for the initial period of the business relationship.

With regard to the Diploma Audit services, Docufide and FADV agree to continue to work towards an Agreement under which FADV will be the exclusive employment-related commercial sponsor for these services in a mutually agreed upon state, providing high school students with a transcript audit report against their state's and/or state university system's performance standards. It is currently anticipated that this transcript audit report will contain mutually agreed upon FADV sponsorship co-branding, integrated content, and a marketing opt-in to be included in the student registration for this report, with FADV receiving rights to opted in registration data for their marketing programs which are not to include college recruiting. It is anticipated that FADV will pay an initial one-time fee of \$200,000 to cover the cost of development of the registration site with opt-in statement, and report with mutually agreed-to FADV sponsorship co-branding and integrated content, as well as the development of the applicable standards for graduation and state college admission for the chosen state. The one-time development fee to provide these services in other states will depend on the state(s) selected and will be agreed upon by the parties on a case by case basis with the understanding that a typical cost may be approximately \$100,000. Additional fees, likely to consist of a revenue share on leads FADV is able to monetize from these services and a content and branding fee for each Diploma Audit report delivered are to be determined. The terms of this relationship will remain in effect for thirty-six (36) months.

I. Educational Background Checking Services:

Working together, FADV and Docufide will develop and deploy all necessary changes to their current services and the necessary web services to allow for the electronic access, and delivery of transcript data required for educational background verifications from Docufide's Secure Transcript installed base in Indiana ("QuickCheck Technology".) Docufide will provide FADV with a nationwide (US) exclusive right to use QuickCheck Technology for the educational background verifications market for an initial eighteen (18) month period from the date of this Agreement; and within the state of Indiana for an additional eighteen (18) month period for a total of thirty-six (36) months. If Docufide's QuickCheck Technology is not functional within one hundred eighty days (180) days from the effective date of this document then FADV's exclusive right to use the QuickCheck Technology will be extended by three days for every day that it continues to not be functional.

Docufide will begin work on this project as soon as the initial one-time fee of \$300,000 is received from FADV. It is anticipated that the development work associated with providing these services

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1990 S. Bundy Drive, Suite 300 Los Angeles, CA 90025

310.309.3722 (Corporate)

in other states will be nominal and pricing for such development work will be agreed upon by the parties on a state-by-state basis at a later time. This fee will cover the development and operation of the service for the period of thirty-six months (36) months and up to 100,000 verifications. Each additional verification request beyond the first 100,000 requests will be at a cost of \$3.00 per verification. Invoices will be issued by Docufide to FADV on a monthly basis for verifications with no charges incurred by FADV until the first 100,000 verification requests have been performed.

During the initial term of the nationwide access and exclusivity period, Docufide and FADV will negotiate in good faith the price (minimum number of annual verifications or annual fee) required to extend the time period of the nationwide exclusive rights to use QuickCheck Technology.

Docufide will provide for a release of the source code and related materials concerning FADV's access and use of the QuickCheck Technology to an escrow agent for the benefit of FADV upon the occurrence of one of the following events: (a) Docufide becomes insolvent or voluntarily enters into bankruptcy proceedings; or (b) involuntary bankruptcy proceedings are commenced against Docufide and not discharged within ninety (90) days.

Docufide represents and warrants that it has all rights to perform the work described herein and will comply with all applicable laws and regulations and that its work product will not infringe upon the patent, copyright, database right or trademark rights of any third party and will indemnify and hold FADV harmless against any such claims.

II. <u>Publicity:</u>

Sincerely,

While the intent of both parties is to aggressively market the partnership, both parties agree that all public disclosures concerning the partnership initiatives will not be acted upon until the other party has reviewed and approved the requested disclosure. Both parties agree to not unreasonably withhold the requested approval.

John Reese	
A sured to have First A departure Comparation (with wind distribution)	
Agreed to by: First Advantage Corporation (authorized signing authority) Signature:	
Name/Title: Date:	
Agreed to by: Docufide, Inc. (authorized signing authority) Signature: /s/ John Reese	
Name/Title: John Reese/CEO Date:	

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310.309.3722 (Corporate)

EXHIBIT 21

FIRST ADVANTAGE CORPORATION SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
First Advantage Corporation Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries	rereentage	meorportution
Accufacts Pre-Employment Screening, Inc.	100.00	DE
American Driving Records, Inc.*	100.00	CA
Bar None, Inc.	100.00	DE
FA Locate, Inc.		
(fka US Search.com, Inc.)	100.00	DE
FADV CMSI, Inc.*		
(fka Credit Management Solutions, Inc.)	100.00	DE
First Advantage Australasia Pty Ltd*		
(fka Refsure Worldwide Pty Ltd)	100.00	Australia
First Advantage Background Services Corp.*		
(fka Hirecheck, Inc.)	100.00	FL
First Advantage Canada, Inc.		
(fka Infocheck)	100.00	Ontario, Canada
First Advantage Credco, LLC *		
(fka First Advantage CIG, LLC)	100.00	DE
First Advantage Enterprise Screening Corporation	100.00	DE
First Advantage Eurasia Litigation Consulting SPRL/BVBA ¹	100.00	Belgium
First Advantage Europe Ltd		
(fka R.E. Austin Limited)	100.00	UK
First Advantage Litigation Consulting, LLC		
(fka First Advantage Corefacts, LLC)	100.00	VA
First Advantage Litigation Consulting Japan GK	100.00	Japan
First Advantage Membership Services, Inc.		
(fka First American Membership Services, Inc.)	100.00	CA
¹ First Advantage Eurasia Litigation Consulting SPRL/BVBA has a UK Branch (former DataSec office)		

*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.

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Subsidiaries	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
First Advantage Corporation Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries		
First Advantage Occupational Health Services Corp		
(fka Employee Health Programs, Inc.)	100.00	FL
First Advantage Philippines, Inc.	100.00	Philippines
First Advantage Public Records, LLC	100.00	DE
First Advantage Quest Research Corporation*	100.00	Cayman Islands
First Advantage SafeRent, Inc.*	100.00	DE
First Advantage Supply Chain Security, LLC		
(fka Quantitative Risk Solutions LLC		
dba First Advantage Supply Security Division)	100.00	AZ
First Advantage Tax Consulting Services, LLC		
(fka CIC Enterprises, LLC)	100.00	DE
First American Indian Holdings, LLC*	100.00	DE
Jenark Business Systems, Inc.	100.00	MD
LeadClick Holding Company, LLC*		
(30% owned by First American Real Estate Information Services, Inc.)	70.00	DE
National Background Data, LLC	100.00	DE
National Data Registry, LLC	100.00	DE
Omega Insurance Services, Inc.	100.00	FL
PrideRock Holding Company, Inc.	60.00	AL
Realeum, Inc.	100.00	DE
Teletrack, Inc.*	100.00	GA
Teletrack UK Limited	100.00	UK
Verify Limited*	100.00	Mauritius

*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.

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Subsidiaries	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
Second Tier Subsidiaries (First Advantage Corporation is the Ultimate Controlling Parent)		
Subsidiaries of: FADV CMSI, Inc. (fka Credit Management Solutions, Inc.)		
CreditReportsPlus, LLC	100.00	MD
<u>Subsidiaries of First Advantage Australasia Pty Ltd.</u>		
First Advantage Australia Pty Ltd		
(fka Australian Background Pty Ltd)	100.00	Australia
NZ Background (2006) Limited	100.00	New Zealand
Refsure Worldwide Limited [DORMANT]	100.00	New Zealand
Subsidiaries of First Advantage Background Services Corp.		
Decision HR USA, Inc.*	100.00	DE
First Advantage Hiring Management Systems Limited		
(fka Recruiternet (Europe) Ltd)	100.00	UK
First Advantage Talent Management Services, LLC	100.00	DE
Recruiternet (UK) Limited [DORMANT]	100.00	UK

*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.

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Subsidiaries	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
Second Tier Subsidiaries (First Advantage Corporation is the Ultimate Controlling Parent)		
Subsidiaries of First Advantage Credco, LLC:		
First American Credco of Puerto Rico, Inc.	100.00	DE
First Canadian Credco, Inc.	100.00	Ontario, Canada
Subsidiary of First American Indian Holdings, LLC and American Driving Records, Inc.		
First Advantage Offshore Services Private Limited		
(fka ZappApp India Private, Ltd.)	100.00	India
<u>Subsidiaries of: First Advantage Quest Research Corporation (Cayman Islands)</u>		
First Advantage Quest Research Group Ltd*	100.00	British Virgin Islands
First Advantage Japan KK		
(fka Brooke Consulting Limited)	100.00	Japan
First Advantage (Beijing) Co. Ltd.		
(fka First Advantage Quest Research (Beijing) Co. Ltd.)	100.00	Beijing, China
*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.		

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<u>Subsidiaries</u> Second Tier Subsidiaries (First Advantage Corporation is the Ultimate Controlling Parent)	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
Subsidiaries of First Advantage SafeRent, Inc		
Multifamily Community Insurance Agency, Inc.	100.00	MD
Subsidiaries of Leadclick Holding Company, LLC		
Leadclick Media, Inc.		
(Remaining stock owned by Raaboom LLC)	92.00	CA
Subsidiaries of: Verify Limited		
Verify (Mauritius) Limited*	100.00	Mauritius
Verify (Hong Kong) Limited*	100.00	Hong Kong
Verify Screening Sdn Bhd	100.00	Malaysia
*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.		

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<u>Subsidiaries</u> Third Tier Subsidiaries (First Advantage Corporation is the Ultimate Controlling Parent)	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
Subsidiary of First Advantage Quest Research Group Ltd (BVI)		
First Advantage Limited*		
(fka First Advantage Quest Research Limited)	100.00	Hong Kong
First Advantage Pte. Ltd		
(fka First Advantage Quest Research PTE Ltd)	100.00	Singapore
First Advantage Quest Research Limited*	100.00	British Virgin Islands
Subsidiaries of DecisionHR USA, Inc.		
DecisionHR, Inc.	100.00	FL
Decision HR I, Inc.	100.00	FL
DecisionHR II, Inc.	100.00	OK
DecisionHR V, Inc.	100.00	FL
DecisionHR 30, Inc.	100.00	FL
Decision Payroll Services, Inc.	100.00	FL
DecisionHR VII, Inc. (fka DecisionPEO VII, Inc.)	100.00	GA
DecisionHR XIII, Inc. (fka Decision Transmitting Services, Inc)	100.00	FL
DecisionHR VIII, Inc. (fka Staffing Decision, Inc.)	100.00	FL
DecisionHR IX, Inc. (fka TempStaff, Inc.)	100.00	FL
DecisionHR XIV, Inc.	100.00	FL

*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.

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<u>Subsidiaries</u> Third Tier Subsidiaries (First Advantage Corporation is the Ultimate Controlling Parent)	Ownership Percentage	State of Incorporation
<u>Subsidiaries of Verify (Mauritius) Limited</u>		
TP Verify Screening Pvt Limited	100.00	India
Subsidiaries of Verify (HK) Limited		
Verify (Zhuhai) Limited	100.00	China
Fourth Tier Subsidiaries (First Advantage Corporation is the Ultimate Controlling Parent)		
Subsidiaries of First Advantage Limited (Hong Kong) and First Advantage Quest Research Limited (BVI)		
First Advantage Private Limited		
(fka First Advantage Quest Research Private Limited)	100.00	India
*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.		

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Merged Out/Dissolved Subsidiaries:

Company	Merger/Dissolution	Date
Pea Soup Merger Corp.	Merged into First Advantage Litigation Consulting LLC	10/5/06
Proudfoot Reports Incorporated (NY)	Merged into First Advantage Background Services Corp. (FL)	10/12/06
CIG Investments, LLC (DE)	Dissolved	9/13/07
First Advantage Government Services, LLC	Dissolved	9/13/07
(DE)		
US Search.com, Inc.	Assets Sold – Name changed to FA Locate, Inc.	10/12/07
CMSI Credit Services, Inc. (MD)	Dissolved	11/27/07
North American Credco, Inc. (DE)	Merged into First Advantage Credco, LLC	12/31/07
1-800 Bar None, a Financial	Merged into Bar None, Inc.	12/31/07
Corporation (CA)		
Maglio-Accufacts Pre-Employment	Dissolved	2/4/08
Screening, Inc. (DE)		
First Advantage Quest Research	Deregistered	2/7/08
PTY, Ltd. (Australia)		
Teletrack Canada, Inc.	Dissolved	11/10/08

*Denotes companies with subsidiaries.

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Consent of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (Nos. 333-12402, 333-117624, 333-117571, 333-117552), Form S-4 (Nos. 333-130238, 333-106680, 333-102565) and Form S-8 (Nos. 333-128349, 333-105852 and 333-105847) of First Advantage Corporation of our report dated February 26, 2009 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Tampa, Florida February 26, 2009

Chief Executive Officer

I, Anand Nallathambi, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of FIRST ADVANTAGE CORPORATION;

2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 26, 2009

/S/ ANAND NALLATHAMBI

Anand Nallathambi Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

I, John Lamson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of FIRST ADVANTAGE CORPORATION;

2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 26, 2009

/s/ John Lamson

John Lamson Chief Financial Officer

Certification of Chief Executive Officer

In connection with the Form 10-K of First Advantage Corporation (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Anand Nallathambi, chief executive officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: February 26, 2009

/S/ ANAND NALLATHAMBI Anand Nallathambi Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Certification of Chief Financial Officer

In connection with the Form 10-K of First Advantage Corporation (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John Lamson, chief financial officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: February 26, 2009

/S/ JOHN LAMSON

John Lamson Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.